

Appendix A.9.1d

Ground Investigations Reports - Part 4

A.9.1d Ground Investigations Reports - Part 4

AGP23244_01

**REPORT
ON THE
GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATION
AT
GALWAY RACECOURSE,
Co. GALWAY,
FOR
GROUND INVESTIGATION
IRELAND LIMITED.**



**APEX Geophysics Limited
Unit 6, Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford**

19TH APRIL 2024

**T: 0402 21842
E: info@apexgeophysics.ie
W: www.apexgeophysics.com**

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

THE FINDINGS OF THIS REPORT ARE THE RESULT OF A GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY USING NON-INVASIVE SURVEY TECHNIQUES CARRIED OUT AT THE GROUND SURFACE. INTERPRETATIONS CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT ARE DERIVED FROM A KNOWLEDGE OF THE GROUND CONDITIONS, THE GEOPHYSICAL RESPONSES OF GROUND MATERIALS AND THE EXPERIENCE OF THE AUTHOR. APEX GEOPHYSICS LTD. HAS PREPARED THIS REPORT IN LINE WITH BEST CURRENT PRACTICE AND WITH ALL REASONABLE SKILL, CARE AND DILIGENCE IN CONSIDERATION OF THE LIMITS IMPOSED BY THE SURVEY TECHNIQUES USED AND THE RESOURCES DEVOTED TO IT BY AGREEMENT WITH THE CLIENT. THE INTERPRETATIVE BASIS OF THE CONCLUSIONS CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT SHOULD BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN ANY FUTURE USE OF THIS REPORT.

| | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| PROJECT NUMBER | AGP23244 | | |
| AUTHOR | CHECKED | REPORT STATUS | DATE |
| EURGEOL DR. YVONNE O'CONNELL P.GEO, PH.D., M.SC. (GEOPHYSICS) | TONY LOMBARD M.Sc (GEOPHYSICS) | V.01 | 19 TH APRIL 2024 |

CONTENTS

| | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| 1. | EXECUTIVE SUMMARY | 1 |
| 2. | INTRODUCTION | 2 |
| 2.1 | Survey Objectives..... | 2 |
| 2.2 | Site Background | 2 |
| 2.2.1 | Geology | 2 |
| 2.2.2 | Soils | 3 |
| 2.2.3 | Groundwater..... | 4 |
| 2.3 | Historical Data..... | 4 |
| 2.3.1 | Direct Investigation Data | 5 |
| 2.4 | Survey Rationale | 5 |
| 3. | RESULTS | 6 |
| 3.1 | ERT | 6 |
| 3.2 | Seismic refraction profiling | 6 |
| 3.3 | Integrated Interpretation..... | 6 |
| 4. | RECOMMENDATIONS | 8 |
| | REFERENCES..... | 9 |
| | APPENDIX A: DETAILED GEOPHYSICAL METHODOLOGY | 10 |
| | Electrical Resistivity Tomography..... | 10 |
| | Seismic Refraction Profiling..... | 10 |
| | Spatial Relocation..... | 11 |
| | APPENDIX B: EXCAVATABILITY | 12 |
| | APPENDIX C: DRAWINGS..... | 13 |

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

APEX Geophysics Ltd. was requested by Ground Investigations Ireland Limited (GII) to carry out a geophysical survey for a proposed development in the infield of Galway Racecourse, Co. Galway, which will involve earthworks excavation and the drilling of two trial wells.

The purpose of the geophysical investigation was to provide information on the type, thickness and stiffness of the soils, the depth to and type of bedrock, the rock excavatability, the presence of potential karst features and any anomalous features.

The racecourse is located northeast of the city of Galway in Ballybrit, Co. Galway. The c. 3.4 ha site is located inside the racetrack and comprises predominantly greenfield with a hardcore area in the northeast. Site topography rises from 43.2 mOD in the southwest to 52.9 mOD in the north of the site.

The Geological Survey of Ireland (GSI) Quaternary Sediments map for the area indicates till across the site with subcropping/outcropping rock south/southeast of the site. Trial Pits and cable percussive boreholes encountered Made Ground comprising of sandy gravelly silty clay over soft to firm slightly sandy gravelly clay, becoming stiff to very stiff with depth, to refusal at depths from 2.0 to 4.3 m bgl. A well (TW02) was drilled in the northeast of the site and encountered 2 m Made Ground over 20 m of sand without encountering bedrock.

The GSI Geology map indicates Burren Formation limestone across the site. This formation is prone to karstification. Karst features are mapped c. 550 m north of the site and springs are mapped c. 1 km east and west of the site.

The geophysical survey, carried out between the 21st and 23rd February 2024, consisted of 6 ERT and 11 seismic refraction profiles.

The geophysical data have been interpreted as indicating:

1. A thin upper layer (average thickness 0.75 m) of soft to firm sandy gravelly silt/clay or Made Ground,
2. Underlain by firm to stiff sandy gravelly silt/clay soils to an average depth of 4.4 m bgl,
3. Underlain in the west and southwest by very stiff/consolidated sandy gravelly silt/clay with localised pockets of very dense clayey sand/gravel. The trial pits and cable percussive boreholes refused on this layer. This very stiff material varies in thickness from 0.7 to 23 m suggesting the presence of a deep infilled bedrock depression open to the west.
4. Underlain by a layer (with an average thickness of 2 m) of highly to moderately weathered/karstified limestone,
5. Over slightly weathered to fresh limestone.

The combined soil thickness (Layers 1, 2 & 3) varies from 2.5 to 26.3 m thick, with an average thickness of 14.9 m. Soil is thinnest in the northeast and to the southeast. The interpreted base of the soils varies from 18.1 to 48.5 mOD.

Six coreholes are recommended to confirm the findings of the geophysical investigation. All borehole locations should be screened for buried services and hand-dug to check for pipes, cables, etc. prior to boring.

The geophysical interpretation should be reviewed based on the findings of any further direct investigation.

2. INTRODUCTION

APEX Geophysics Ltd. was requested by Ground Investigations Ireland Limited (GII) to carry out a geophysical survey for a proposed development in the infield of Galway Racecourse, Co. Galway, which will involve earthworks excavation and the drilling of two trial wells. The purpose of the geophysical investigation was to provide information on the sub-soil conditions across the site.

2.1 Survey Objectives

The objectives of the investigation were to provide information on the:

- Type, thickness and stiffness of the soils,
- Depth to and type of bedrock,
- Excavatability,
- Presence of potential karst features,
- Presence of anomalous features.

2.2 Site Background

The racecourse is located northeast of the city of Galway in Ballybrit, Co. Galway (Fig. 2.1). The c. 3.4 ha site is located inside the racetrack and comprises predominantly greenfield with an area of hardcore in the northeast (Fig. 2.1). Site topography slopes up from 43.2 mOD in the southwest to 52.9 mOD in the north of the site.



Fig 2.1: Survey area location.

2.2.1 Geology

The Geological Survey of Ireland (GSI) 1:100k Bedrock Geology map for the area (GSI, 2018) indicates that the site is underlain by pale grey clean skeletal limestone of the Burren Formation (Fig. 2.2). Rock outcrops are indicated in the south of the site and outcropping rock was observed in this area during surveying.



Fig. 2.2: GSI 100k Bedrock geology.

The Burren Formation is known to be prone to karstification. Karst may be defined as the whole or partial dissolution of limestone bedrock by the action of water and the subsequent whole or partial infill with soil material. The degree of karstification depends on the quantity of limestone which has been dissolved and subsequently infilled. Karst features are mapped on the GSI karst database c. 550 m north of the site, springs are mapped c. 1 km east and swallow holes, springs and a cave are mapped 1.75 km to the west.

2.2.2 Soils

The GSI Quaternary Sediments map for the area (GSIC, 2019) indicates that the site is in an area of till derived from limestones with karstified bedrock subcropping/outcropping south/southeast of the site (Fig. 2.3).

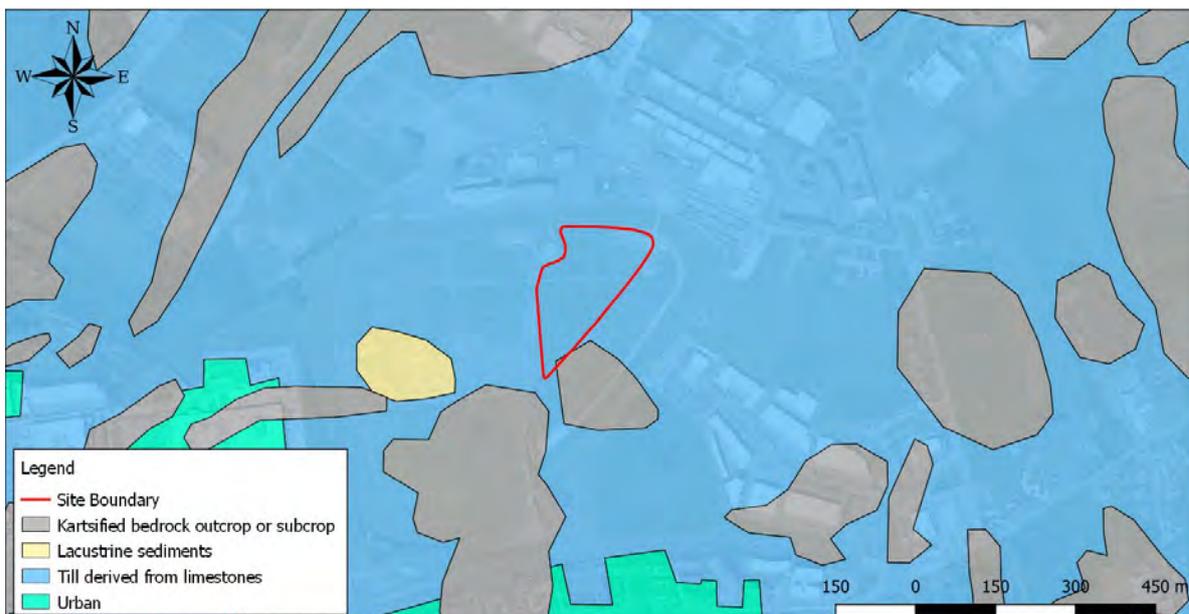


Fig. 2.3: GSI Quaternary sediments.

2.2.3 Groundwater

The groundwater vulnerability rating for the site (GSIb, 2019) is predominantly classified as 'Extreme' with 'Extreme- Rock at or near the surface or karst' in the southeast of the site (Fig. 2.4). The Burren Formation is classified as a 'Regionally Important aquifer – karstified (conduit)' (GSIa, 2019).



Fig. 2.4: Groundwater vulnerability.

2.3 Historical Data

The historical 6 inch sheet for the area shows outcropping rock south/southeast of the site with stony drift northeast of the site (Fig. 2.5).



Fig. 2.5: The GSI historical 6-inch map.

2.3.1 Direct Investigation Data

Three wells (TW01 to TW03) were drilled at the racecourse at the time of surveying. Well TW02 was drilled within the geophysical site extents and encountered 2 m Made Ground over 20 m of sand without encountering bedrock. TW01, drilled 155 m to the east, encountered limestone bedrock from 5–100 m bgl. TW03, drilled 155m southeast of the site encountered limestone bedrock from 5–150 m bgl with minor fissures/water strikes.

Eleven trial Pits (TP01-TP11) were opened and 3 cable percussive boreholes (BH01-BH03) were drilled across the site. They encountered Made Ground comprising of sandy gravelly silty clay over soft to firm slightly sandy gravelly clay, becoming stiff to very stiff with depth, to refusal at depths from 2.0 to 4.3 m bgl.

2.4 Survey Rationale

The proposed geophysical investigation consisted of Electrical Resistivity Tomography (ERT) and Seismic Refraction profiling:

ERT images the resistivity of the materials in the subsurface along a profile to produce a cross-section showing the variation in resistivity with depth, depending on the length of the profile. Each profile is interpreted to determine the material type along the profile at increasing depth, based on the typical resistivities returned for Irish ground materials.

Seismic Refraction Profiling measures the P-wave velocity of refracted seismic waves through the soil and rock material and allows an assessment of the thickness and quality of the materials present to be made. Stiffer and stronger materials usually have higher seismic velocities while soft, loose or fractured materials have lower velocities. This method can profile depth to bedrock and provide information on the quality/strength of the rock.

As with all geophysical methods the results are based on indirect readings of the subsurface properties. The effectiveness of the proposed approach will be affected by variations in the ground properties. By combining a number of techniques, it is possible to provide a higher quality interpretation and reduce any ambiguities which may otherwise exist. Further information on the detailed methodology of each geophysical method employed in this investigation is given in **APPENDIX A: DETAILED METHODOLOGY**.

3. RESULTS

The survey was carried out between the 21st and 23rd February 2024. The geophysical survey locations are shown on Drawing AGP23244_01 (Appendix C).

3.1 ERT

Six resistivity profiles (R1 to R6) were recorded across the site. The results are presented on Drawings AGP23244_R1 to AGP23244_R6. The resistivity values at this site have been interpreted in conjunction with the seismic refraction and ground investigation data as follows:

| Resistivity (Ohm-m) | Interpretation |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 50 - 250 | Sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY |
| 250 - 325 | Clayey SAND/GRAVEL |
| 250-275 | Possible Weathered/karstified LIMESTONE |
| >275 | LIMESTONE |

3.2 Seismic refraction profiling

Eleven seismic refraction profiles (S1 to S11) were recorded across the site. The results are presented on Drawings AGP23244_R1 to AGP23244_R6 Appendix C. The seismic data in conjunction with the ERT and ground investigation data has been interpreted as indicating the following velocity layers:

| Layer | Velocity (m/s) | Velocity (m/s) | Thickness (m) | Interpretation | Estimated Stiffness/ Rock Quality | Estimated Excavatability |
|-------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | 323-445 | 369 | 1.6 – 7.2 (ave. 4.4) | Soil | Soft-Firm/Loose - Medium Dense | Diggable |
| 2 | 564-908 | 702 | | Soil | Firm-Stiff/Medium Dense-Dense | Diggable |
| 3* | 2302-2683 | 2475 | 0.7 – 23.0 (ave. 10.6) | Soil | Very Stiff/Very Dense | Diggable |
| | | | 0.5 - 5.0 (ave. 2.0) | Weathered/Karstified Rock | Fair | Break/Blast |
| 4 | >2750 | | | Slightly Weathered – Fresh Bedrock | Good | Break/Blast |

*Layer 3 velocities are generally typical of slightly weathered rock however here appear to indicate very stiff/very dense soils.

3.3 Integrated Interpretation

The ERT and seismic refraction data have been combined to produce the interpreted cross sections on Drawings AGP23244_R1 to AGP23244_R6. The combined data has been interpreted as follows:

| Layer | Velocity (m/s) | Resistivity (Ohm-m) | Interpretation | Estimated Stiffness/ Rock Quality | Estimated Excavatability |
|-------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | 323-445 | 50-250 | Sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY or Made Ground | Soft-Firm | Diggable |
| 2 | 564-908 | 50 - 250 | Sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY | Firm-Stiff | |
| 3 | 2302-2683 | 50-250 | Sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY | Very Stiff | |
| | | 250 – 325 | Clayey SAND/GRAVEL | Very Dense | |
| 4 | | 250-275 | Possible Highly - Moderately Weathered/ Karstified LIMESTONE | Fair | Break/Blast |
| 5 | 2624-3025 | >275 | Slightly Weathered – Fresh LIMESTONE | Good | Break/Blast |

The geophysical data have been interpreted as indicating:

1. A thin upper layer (average thickness 0.75 m) of soft to firm sandy gravelly silt/clay or Made Ground,
2. Underlain by firm to stiff sandy gravelly silt/clay soils to an average depth of 4.4 m bgl,
3. To the west and southwest of the survey area the geophysical data suggests the presence of a deep infilled bedrock depression open to the west. The soils comprise of very stiff sandy gravelly silt/clay, with very high seismic velocities (average 2475 m/s) that would be typical of slightly weathered rock, indicating that very consolidated material is present. The interpreted thickness of this material varies from 0.7 to 23 m. The trial pits and cable percussive boreholes refused on this layer. Some localised very dense clayey sand/gravel has been interpreted in places (R1, R5 & R6).

Given the high velocity of the very stiff sandy gravelly silt/clay, the contact with weathered/karstified limestone is difficult to define across the site. The bedrock layers have been interpreted as follows:

4. An upper layer (with an average thickness of 2 m) of possible weathered/karstified limestone which the low resistivities (250-275 Ohm-m) suggest would be highly to moderately weathered with some clay infill,
5. Over slightly weathered to fresh limestone. The resistivities are relatively low (275-400 Ohm-m) for the upper 4 m of this limestone layer, possibly suggesting some degree of karstification.

If any rock excavation is planned, the seismic velocities indicate that the limestone would require breaking or blasting.

The interpreted thickness of Layers 1 and 2 combined is plotted on Drawing AGP23244_02 and varies from 1.6 to 7.2 m thick, with an average thickness of 4.4 m.

The interpreted combined soil thickness (Layers 1, 2 & 3) is plotted on Drawing AGP23244_03 and varies from 2.5 to 26.3 m thick, with an average thickness of 14.9 m. Soil is thinnest in the northeast and to the southeast. The interpreted base of the soils is plotted on Drawing AGP23244_04 and varies from 18.1 to 48.5 mOD.

The interpreted combined thickness of the soils and highly to moderately weathered/karstified limestone is plotted on Drawing AGP23244_05 and ranges in thickness from 2.9 to 29.2 m, with an average thickness of 17 m. The interpreted base of the weathered/karstified rock layer is plotted on Drawing AGP23244_06 and varies from 16.1 to 48 mOD.

The 20 m of sand encountered in well TW02 has not been interpreted on the geophysical data but the absence of bedrock to a depth of 22 m bgl has been incorporated in to the contour maps above.

NOTE: *The contours on maps AGP23244_02 to AGP23244_06 include a degree of interpolation and extrapolation between the measured data points and reference to the type, number and location of these points should be made when assessing the significance of these data. In addition, significant anisotropy exists between profiles recorded E-W and N-S resulting in additional edits to the values contained in the drawings.*

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

Rotary cored boreholes are recommended to confirm the findings of the geophysical investigation as follows:

| Comment | Easting | Northing |
|---------|----------|----------|
| PBH1 | 533636.7 | 727908.5 |
| PBH2 | 533713.5 | 727890.8 |
| PBH3 | 533638.6 | 727865.5 |
| PBH4 | 533677.5 | 727857.9 |
| PBH5 | 533697.8 | 727838.2 |
| PBH6 | 533645.6 | 727766.6 |

All borehole locations should be screened for buried services and hand-dug to check for pipes, cables, etc. prior to boring.

In karst environments, changes in surface water drainage or groundwater levels associated with proposed construction activities may re-activate dormant karst features and cause subsidence of the overburden materials. In order to minimize the risk of subsidence all drains should be sealed and surface water disposed of away from the construction area. Prior to construction a surface water management plan is advised.

Foundation design for any structures should take into account the presence of possible cavities in the rock and overburden and foundations capable of spanning voids that may migrate to the surface, should be incorporated into the design. Any cavities exposed during stripping of topsoil or excavation of rock should be backfilled in the appropriate manner for karstified limestone areas as advised by a competent geotechnical engineer.

If any bedrock excavation is proposed, a detailed assessment of excavatability should be carried out combining the results of the geophysical survey, rotary core drilling, strength testing, and trial excavation pits down to formation level using a high-powered excavator of similar rating to that to be used during construction. A more detailed discussion of velocity and excavatability is contained in Appendix B.

The geophysical interpretation should be reviewed based on the findings of any further direct investigation.

REFERENCES

Bell F.G., 1993;

'Engineering Geology', Blackwell Scientific Press.

Geotomo Software, 2011;

'RES2DINV Users Manual', Malaysia.

GSIa, 2019;

Bedrock Aquifer Shapefile. <http://www.gsi.ie/Mapping.htm>

GSI, 2018;

Bedrock Geology 1:100,000 Shapefile. <http://www.gsi.ie/Mapping.htm>

GSIb, 2019;

Groundwater Vulnerability Shapefile. <http://www.gsi.ie/Mapping.htm>

GSIc, 2019;

Quaternary Subsoils Shapefile. <http://www.gsi.ie/Mapping.htm>

GSI Geotechnical Database, Report 2348

Redpath, B.B., 1973;

'Seismic refraction exploration for engineering site investigations', NTIS, U.S. Dept. of Commerce

SeisImager, 2009;

'SeisImager / 2D Manual version 3.3'. OYO Corporation.

Soske, J.L., 1959;

'The blind zone problem in engineering geophysics', Geophysics, 24, pp 359-365.

APPENDIX A: DETAILED GEOPHYSICAL METHODOLOGY

A combination of geophysical techniques was used to provide a high-quality interpretation and reduce any ambiguities, which may otherwise exist.

Electrical Resistivity Tomography

Electrical Resistivity Tomography was carried out to provide information on lateral variations in the overburden material as well as on the underlying overburden and bedrock.

Principles

This surveying technique makes use of the Gradient resistivity array. The 2D-resistivity profiling method records a large number of resistivity readings in order to map lateral and vertical changes in material types. This method involves the use of electrodes connected to a resistivity meter, using computer software to control the process of data collection and storage.

Data Collection

Profiles were recorded using an ABEM LS4 resistivity meter, imaging software, four 21 takeout multicore cables and up to 80 stainless steel electrodes. Saline solution was used at the electrode/ground interface in order to gain a good electrical contact required for the technique to work effectively. The recorded data were processed and viewed immediately after surveying.

Data Processing

The field readings were stored in computer files and inverted using the RES2DINV package (Geotomo Software, 2006) with up to 5 iterations of the measured data carried out for each profile to obtain a 2D-depth model of the resistivities.

The inverted 2D resistivity models and corresponding interpreted geology are displayed on the accompanying drawings alongside the processed seismic sections. Profiles have been contoured using the same contour intervals and colour codes. Distance is indicated along the horizontal axis of the profiles.

Seismic Refraction Profiling

Principles

This method measures the velocity of refracted seismic waves through the overburden and rock material and allows an assessment of the thickness and quality of the materials present to be made. Stiffer and stronger materials usually have higher seismic velocities while soft, loose or fractured materials have lower velocities.

Seismic profiling measures the p-wave velocity (V_p) of refracted seismic waves through the overburden and rock material and allows an assessment of the thickness and quality of the materials present to be made. Stiffer and stronger materials usually have higher V_p velocities while soft, loose or fractured materials have lower V_p velocities. Readings are taken using geophones connected via multi-core cable to a seismograph.

Data Collection

A Geode high resolution 24 channel digital seismograph, 24 10HZ vertical geophones and a 10 kg hammer were used to provide first break information, with a 24 take-out cable. Equipment was carried and operated by a two-person crew.

Readings are taken using geophones connected via multi-core cable to a seismograph. The depth of resolution of soil/bedrock boundaries is determined by the length of the seismic spread, typically the depth of resolution is about one third the length of the profile.(eg. 69m profile ~23m depth, 33m profile ~ 11m depth).

Data Processing

First break picking in digital format was carried out using the SeisImager/2D PICKWIN software program from Geometrics to construct p-wave (Vp) traveltimes plots for each spread. The processing and interpretation uses the ray-tracing and tomographic inversion methods, to acquire depths to boundaries and the P-wave velocities of these layers, using the SeisImager/2D PLOTREFA program. The processed seismic data are displayed in Appendix B.

SeisImager/2D interprets seismic refraction data as a laterally varying layered earth structure. The program includes three methods for data analysis, time-term inversion, the reciprocal method and tomography. The tomography method creates an initial velocity model, then traces rays through the model, comparing the calculated and measured traveltimes. The model is then modified and the process repeated to minimise the difference between the calculated and measured times. The data was processed using this method and was then converted to a layer model for display and interpretation.

Approximate errors for Vp velocities are estimated to be +/- 10%. Errors for the calculated layer thicknesses are of the order of +/-20%. Possible errors due to the "hidden layer" and "velocity inversion" effects may also occur (Soske, 1959).

Spatial Relocation

All the geophysical investigation locations were acquired using a Trimble Geo 7X high-accuracy GNSS handheld system using the settings listed below. This system allows collection of GPS data with c.20mm accuracy.

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Projection: | Irish Transverse Mercator |
| Datum: | Ordnance |
| Coordinate units: | Metres |
| Altitude units: | Metres |
| Survey altitude reference: | MSL |
| Geoid model: | Republic of Ireland |

APPENDIX B: EXCAVATABILITY

The seismic velocity of a rock formation is related to characteristics of the rock mass which include rock hardness and strength, degree of weathering and discontinuities. Usually the velocity is just one of several parameters used in the assessment of excavatability. The excavatability of a rock formation is favoured by the following factors:

- Open fractures, faults and other planes of weakness of any kind
- Weathering
- Brittleness and crystalline nature
- High degree of stratification or lamination
- Large grain size
- Low compressive strength

Weaver (1975) presented a comprehensive rippability rating chart (Fig.1) in which the p-wave velocity value and the relevant geological factors could be entered and assigned appropriate weightings. The total weighted index was found to correlate very well with actual rippability.

Fig.1 Rippability Rating Chart

| Rock class | I | II | III | IV | V |
|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Description | Very good rock | Good rock | Fair rock | Poor rock | Very poor rock |
| Seismic velocity (m/s) | >2150 | 2150-1850 | 1850-1500 | 1500-1200 | 1200-450 |
| Rating | 26 | 24 | 20 | 12 | 5 |
| Rock hardness | Extremely hard rock | Very hard rock | Hard rock | Soft rock | Very soft rock |
| Rating | 10 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Rock weathering | Unweathered | Slightly weathered | Weathered | Highly weathered | Completely weathered |
| Rating | 9 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
| Joint spacing (mm) | >3000 | 3000-1000 | 1000-300 | 300-50 | <50 |
| Rating | 30 | 25 | 20 | 10 | 5 |
| Joint continuity | Non continuous | Slightly continuous | Continuous-no gouge | Continuous-some gouge | Continuous-with gouge |
| Rating | 5 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint gouge | No separation | Slight separation | Separation <1mm | Gouge <5mm | Gouge >5mm |
| Rating | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Strike and dip orientation | Very unfavourable | Unfavourable | Slightly unfavourable | Favourable | Very favourable |
| Rating | 15 | 13 | 10 | 5 | 3 |
| Total rating | 100-90 | 90-70* | 70-50 | 50-25 | <25 |
| Rippability assessment | Blasting | Extremely hard ripping and blasting | Very hard ripping | Hard ripping | Easy ripping |
| Tractor horsepower | | 770/385 | 385/270 | 270/180 | 180 |
| Tractor kilowatts | | 575/290 | 290/200 | 200/135 | 135 |

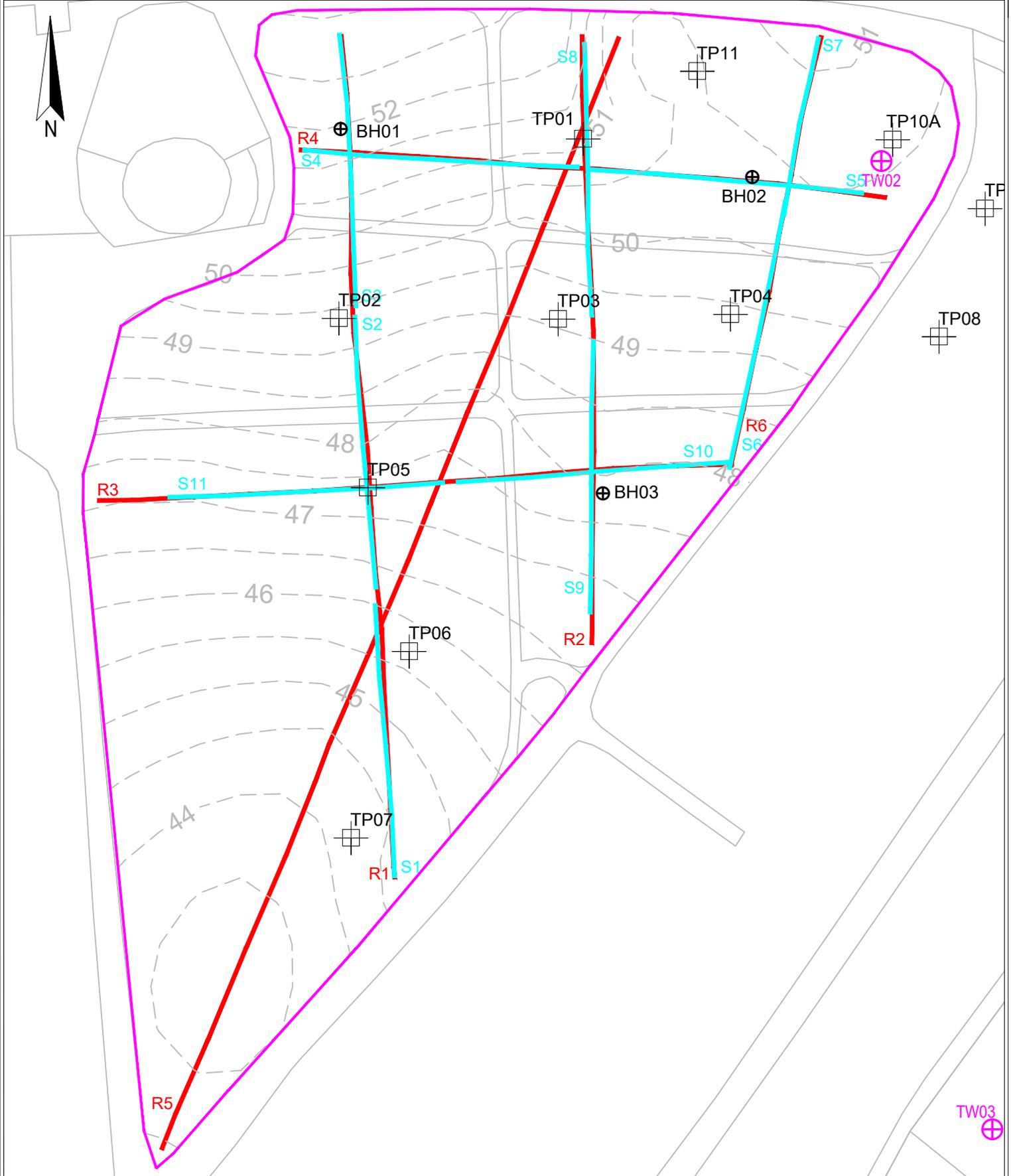
APPENDIX C: DRAWINGS

The information derived from the geophysical investigation is presented in the following drawings:

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------|------|
| AGP23244_01 | Geophysical Locations | 1:1250 | @ A3 |
| AGP23244_02 | Interpreted Thickness of Layers 1 & 2 (m) | 1:1250 | @ A3 |
| AGP23244_03 | Interpreted Soil Thickness - Layers 1, 2 & 3 (m) | 1:1250 | @ A3 |
| AGP23244_04 | Interpreted Base of Soils (mOD) | 1:1250 | @ A3 |
| AGP23244_05 | Interpreted Soil & Weathered Rock Thickness (m) | 1:1250 | @ A3 |
| AGP23244_06 | Interpreted Base of Weathered Rock (mOD) | 1:1250 | @ A3 |
| AGP23244_R1 | Results and Interpretation - ERT R1 | 1:1250 | @ A4 |
| AGP23244_R2 | Results and Interpretation - ERT R2 | 1:1000 | @ A4 |
| AGP23244_R3 | Results and Interpretation - ERT R3 | 1:1000 | @ A4 |
| AGP23244_R4 | Results and Interpretation - ERT R4 | 1:1000 | @ A4 |
| AGP23244_R5 | Results and Interpretation - ERT R5 | 1:1500 | @ A4 |
| AGP23244_R6 | Results and Interpretation - ERT R6 | 1:1000 | @ A4 |

GEOPHYSICAL LOCATIONS

SCALE 1:1250



6 Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford
Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
E info@apexgeophysics.ie
www.apexgeophysics.ie

INDEX MAP:



LEGEND:

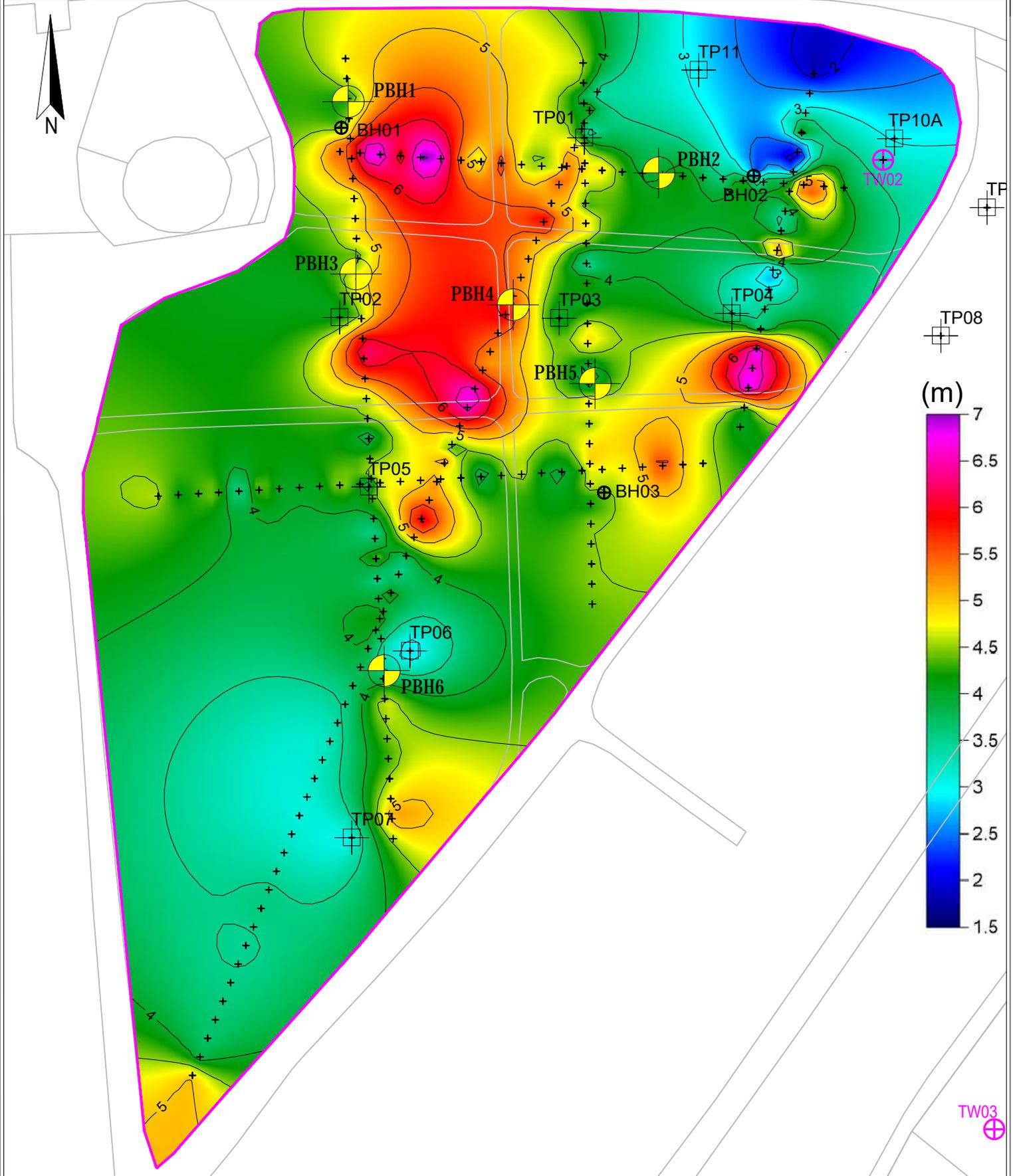
- R1 Electrical Resistivity Tomography
- S1 Seismic refraction profile
- ⊕ BH01 Cable percussive Boreholes
- ⊠ TP01 Trial Pit
- ⊕ TW02 Well

The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with
AGP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway
Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_01 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |

INTERPRETED THICKNESS LAYERS 1 & 2 (m)

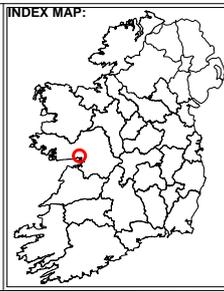
SCALE 1:1250



apex
geophysics

6 Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford
Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
E info@apexgeophysics.ie
www.apexgeophysics.ie



LEGEND:

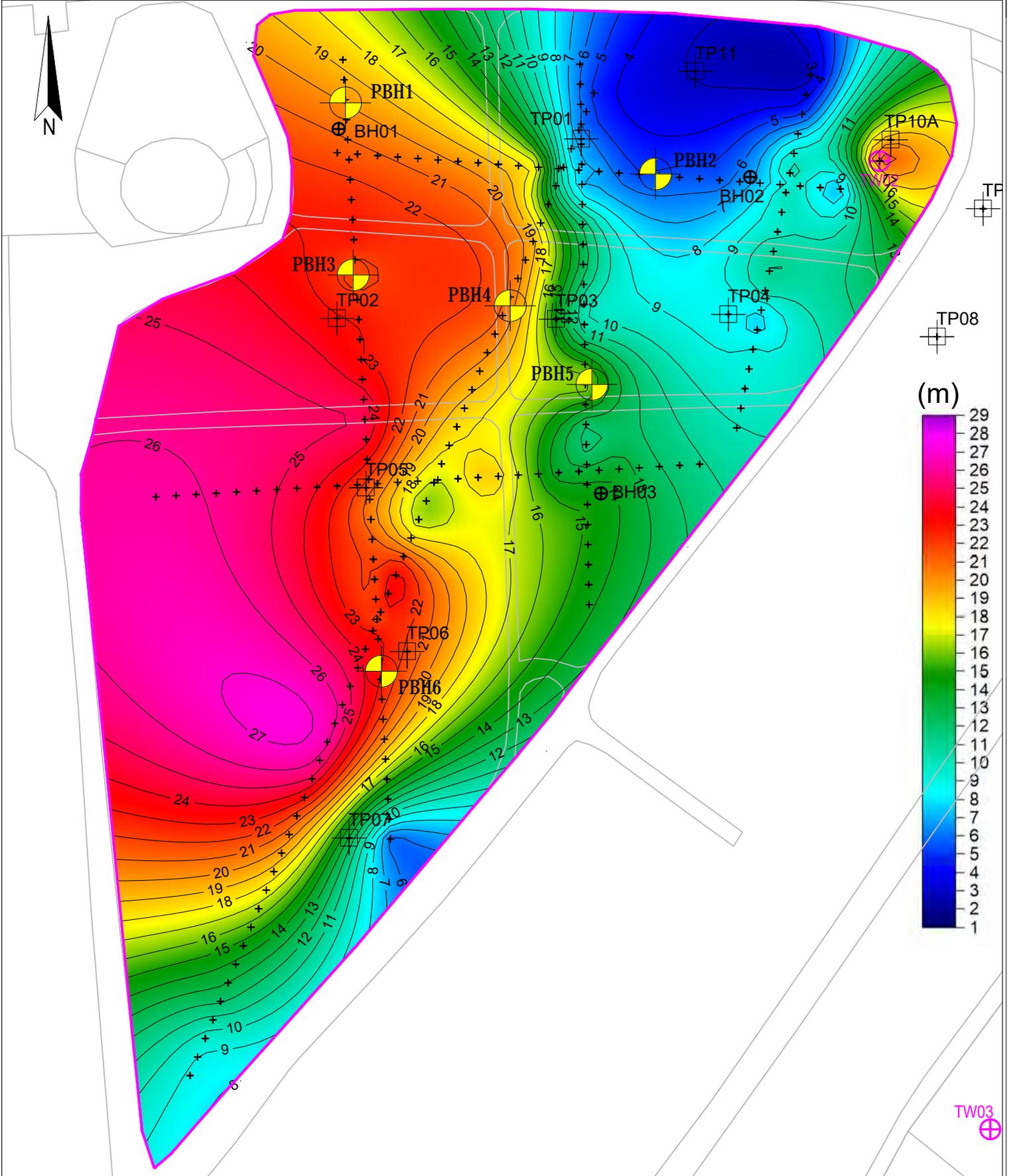
- + Data Point
- ⊕BH01 Cable percussive Boreholes
- ⊕TP01 Trial Pit
- ⊕TW02 Well
- ⊕PBH1 APEX Proposed borehole

The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with AGP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024

| | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO.: | AGP23244_02 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |

INTERPRETED SOIL THICKNESS - Layers 1, 2 & 3 (m)

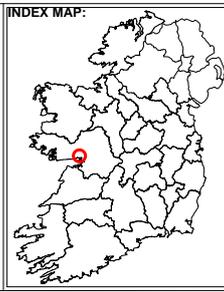
SCALE 1:1250



apex
geophysics

6 Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford
Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
E info@apexgeophysics.ie
www.apexgeophysics.ie



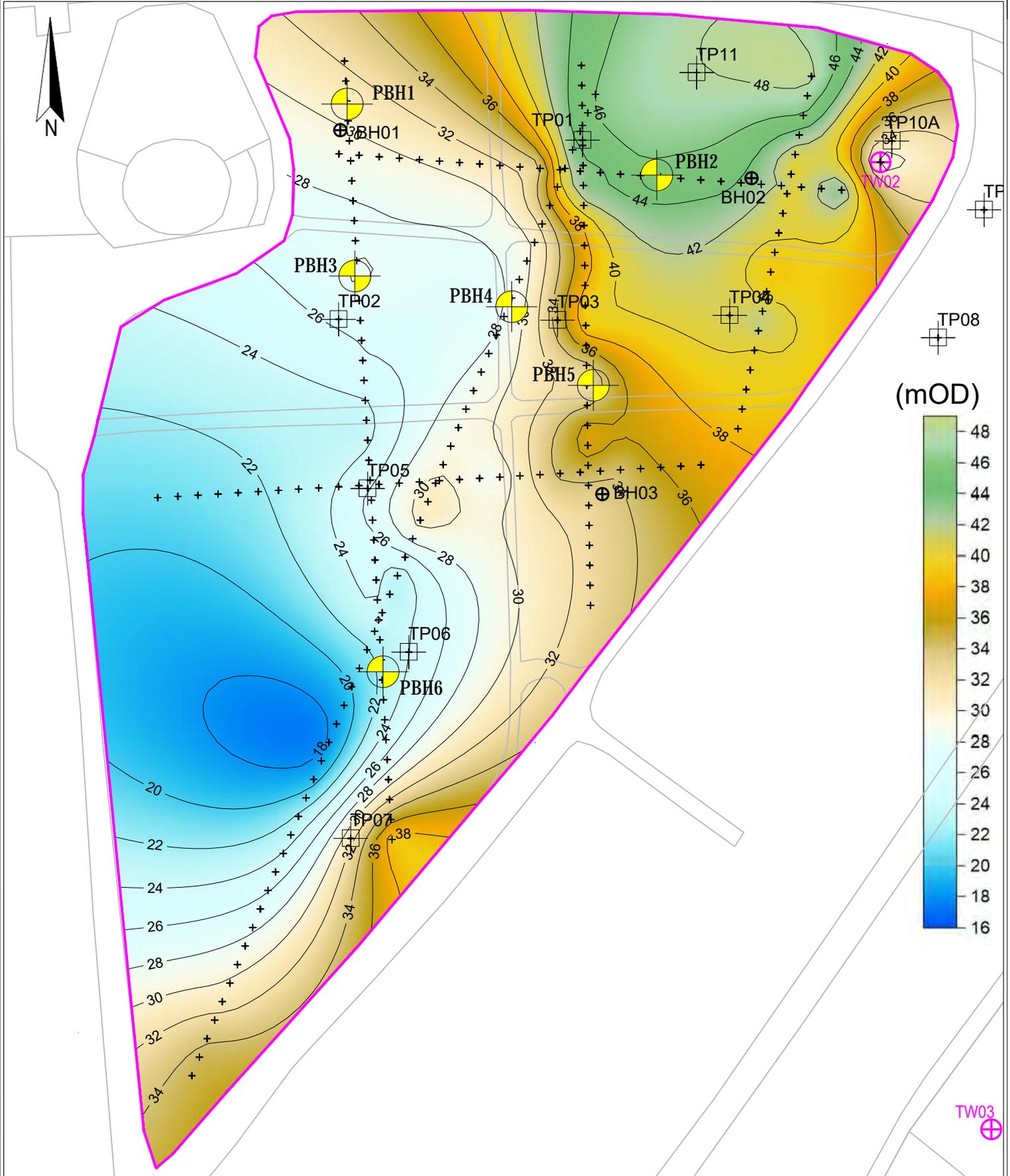
- LEGEND:**
- + Data Point
 - ⊕BH01 Cable percussive Boreholes
 - ⊕TP01 Trial Pit
 - ⊕TW02 Well
 - ⊕PBH1 APEX Proposed borehole

The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with AGP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_03 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |

INTERPRETED BASE OF SOILS (mOD)

SCALE 1:1250



6 Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford
Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
E info@apexgeophysics.ie
www.apexgeophysics.ie

INDEX MAP:



LEGEND:

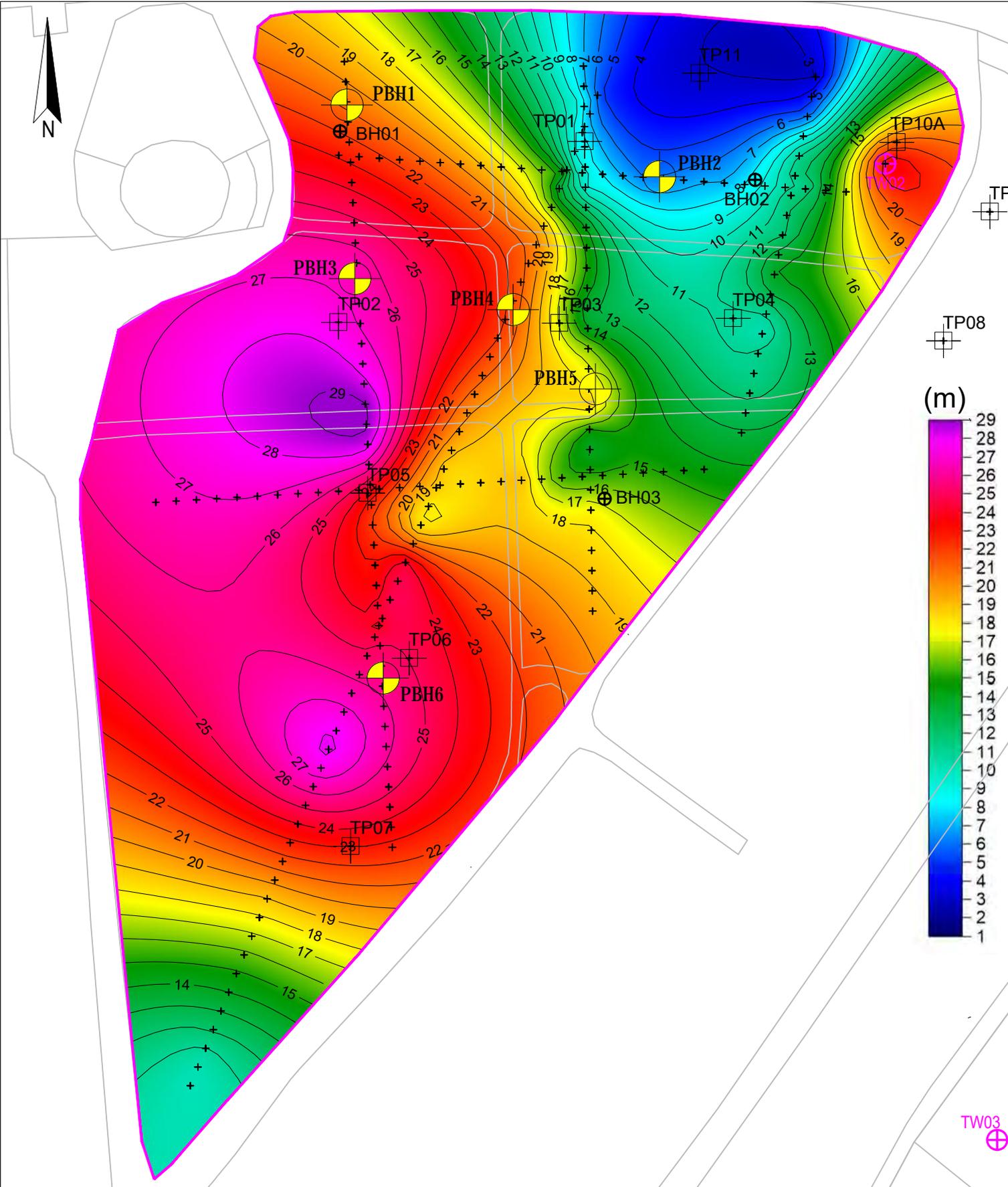
- + Data Point
- ⊕BH01 Cable percussive Boreholes
- ⊠TP01 Trial Pit
- ⊕TW02 Well
- ⊕PBH1 APEX Proposed borehole

The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with
AGP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway
Racecourse, for GIL APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024

| | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO.: | AGP23244_04 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |

INTERPRETED SOIL & WEATHERED ROCK THICKNESS (m)

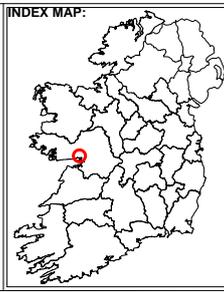
SCALE 1:1250



apex
geophysics

6 Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford
Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
E info@apexgeophysics.ie
www.apexgeophysics.ie



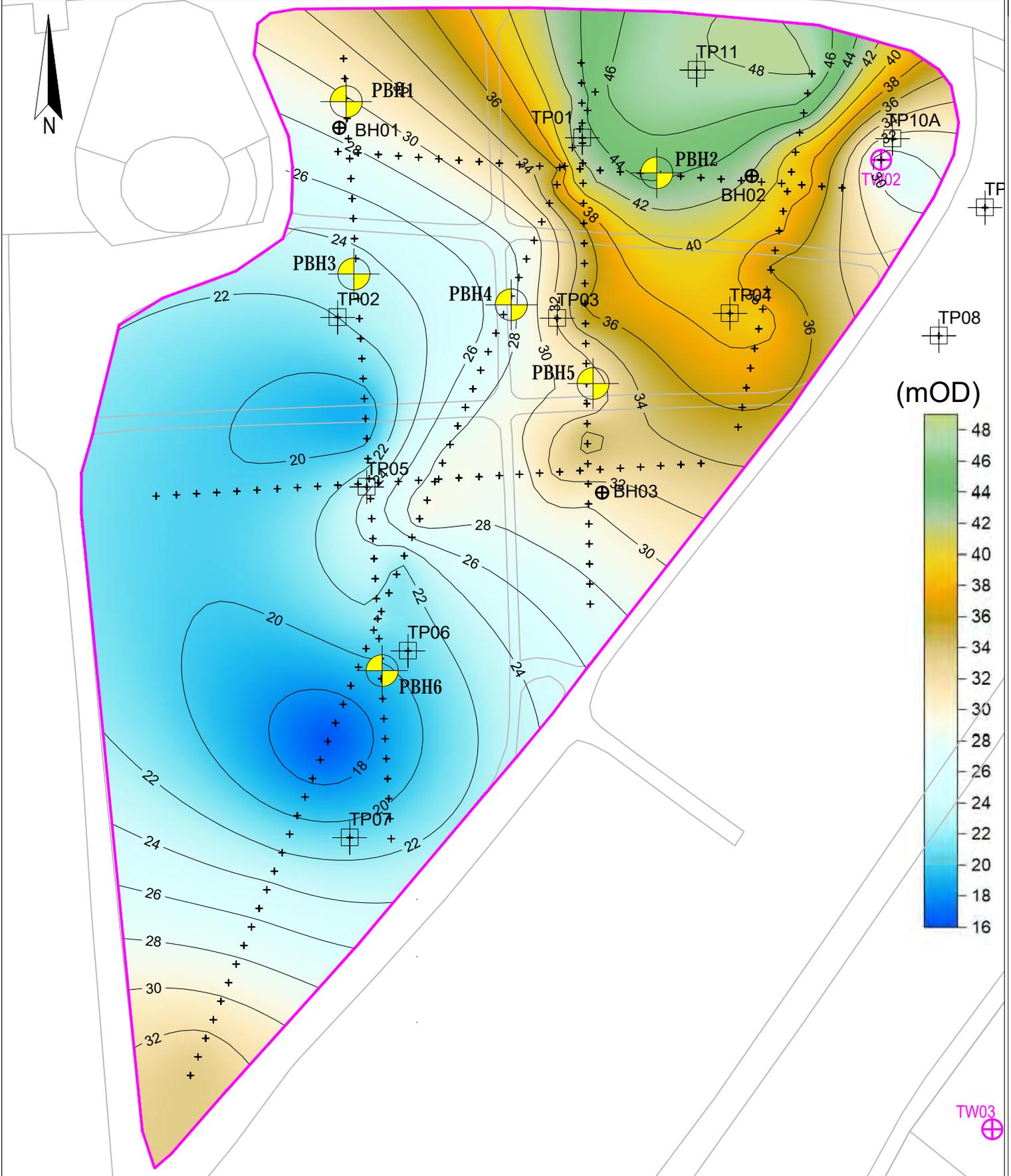
- LEGEND:
- + Data Point
 - ⊕ BH01 Cable percussive Boreholes
 - ⊠ TP01 Trial Pit
 - ⊕ TW02 Well
 - ⊕ PBH1 APEX Proposed borehole

The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with AGP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_05 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |

INTERPRETED BASE OF WEATHERED ROCK (mOD)

SCALE 1:1250



apex
geophysics



6 Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford
Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
E info@apexgeophysics.ie
www.apexgeophysics.ie

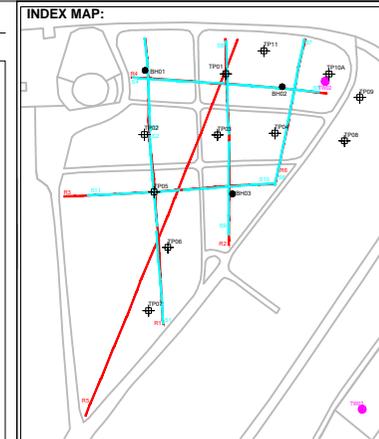
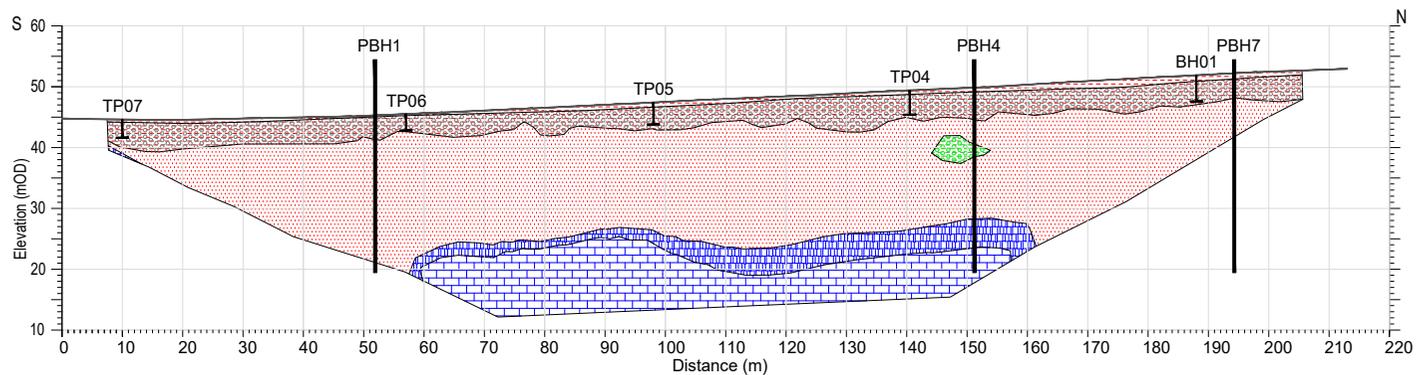
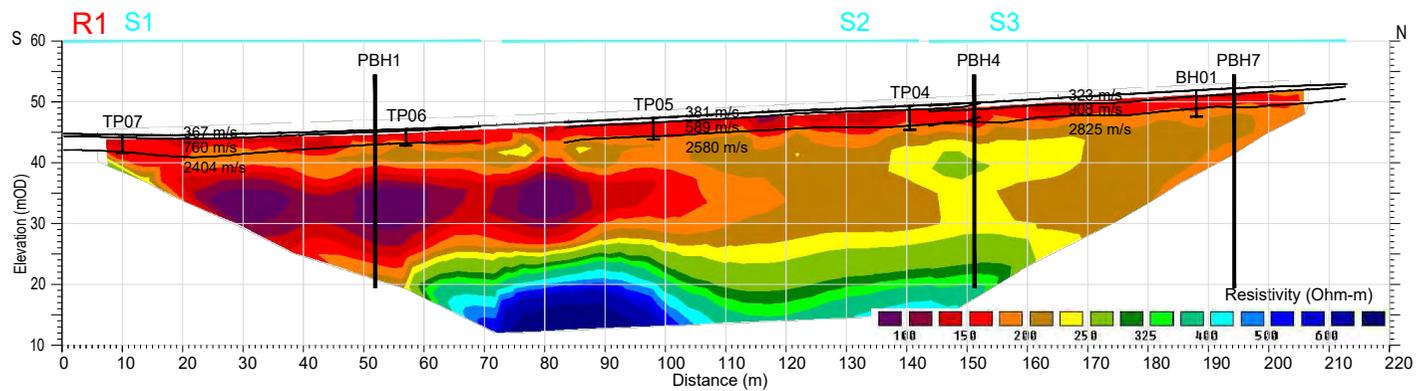


LEGEND:

- + Data Point
- ⊕ BH01 Cable percussive Boreholes
- ⊠ TP01 Trial Pit
- ⊕ TW02 Well
- ⊕ PBH1 APEX Proposed borehole

The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with AGP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GIL APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_06 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |



- LEGEND:**
- Soft-firm sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Firm-stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very dense clayey SAND/GRAVEL
 - Possible Highly- Moderately Weathered/Karstified LIMESTONE
 - Slightly Weathered to fresh LIMESTONE

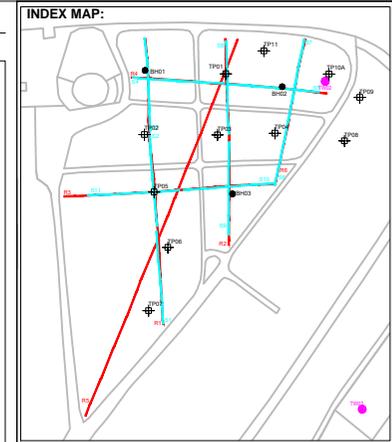
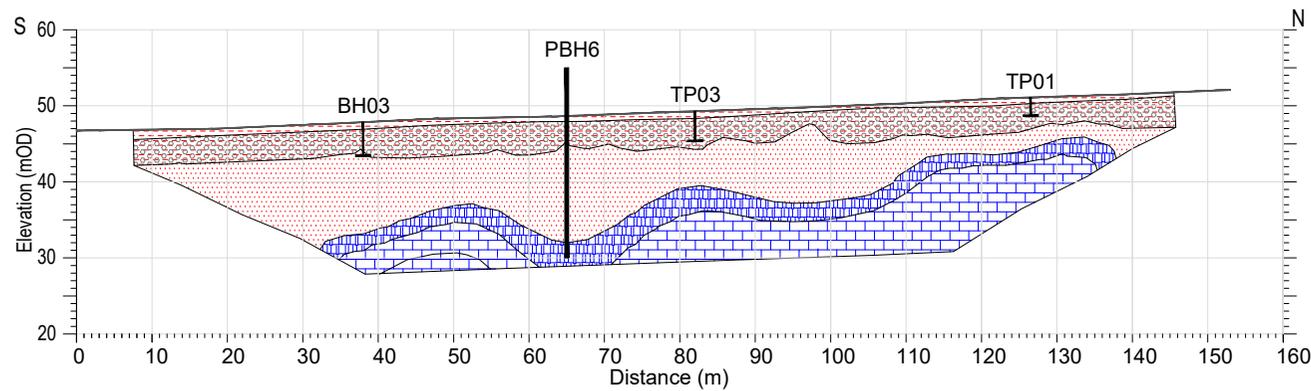
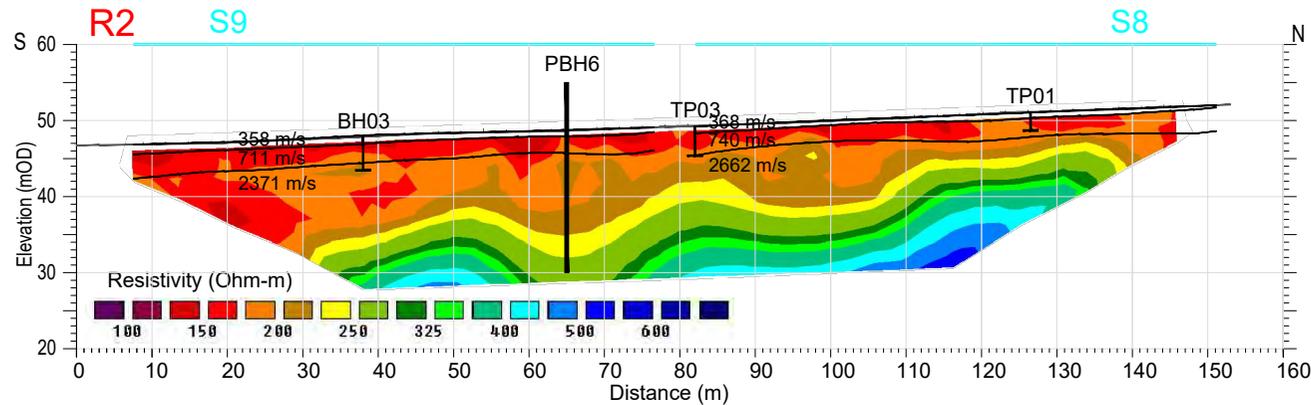
The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with ACP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024



6 Knockmullen Business Park
 Gorey
 Co. Wexford
 Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
 E info@apexgeophysics.ie
 www.apexgeophysics.ie

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_R1 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |



- LEGEND:**
- Soft-firm sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Firm-stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very dense clayey SAND/GRAVEL
 - Possible Highly- Moderately Weathered/Karstified LIMESTONE
 - Slightly Weathered to fresh LIMESTONE

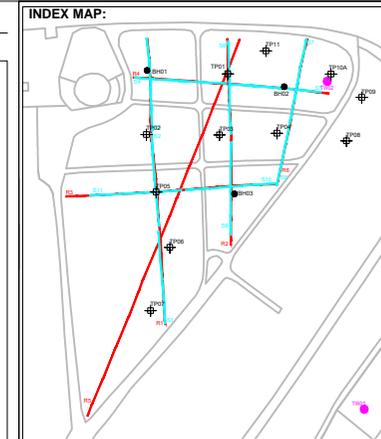
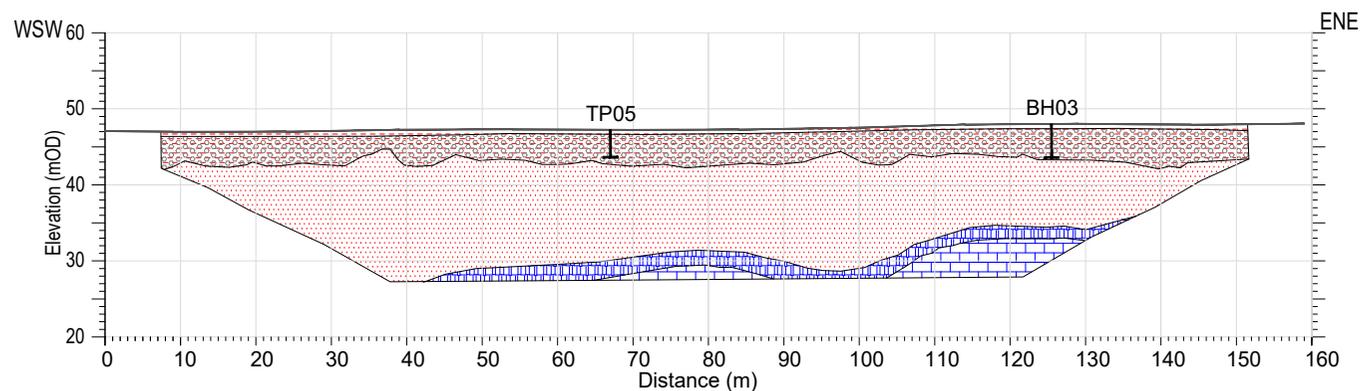
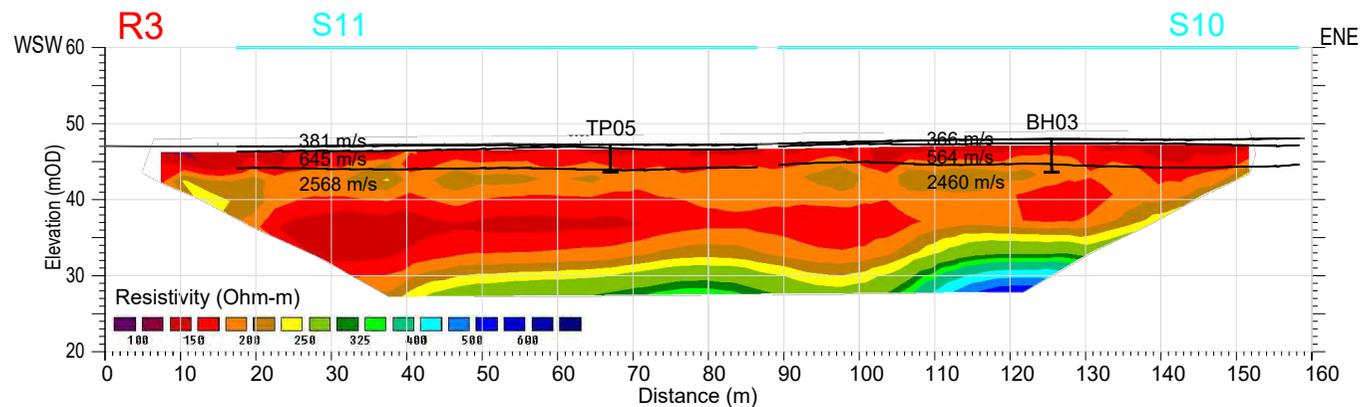
The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with ACP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024



6 Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford
Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
E info@apexgeophysics.ie
www.apexgeophysics.ie

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_R2 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |



- LEGEND:**
- Soft-firm sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Firm-stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very dense clayey SAND/GRAVEL
 - Possible Highly- Moderately Weathered/Karstified LIMESTONE
 - Slightly Weathered to fresh LIMESTONE

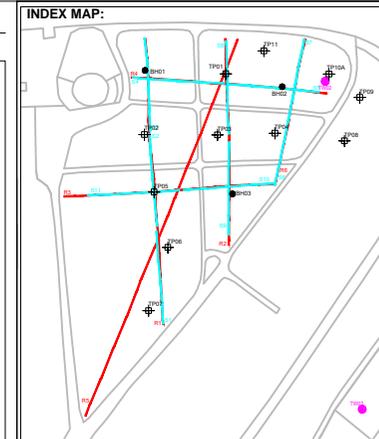
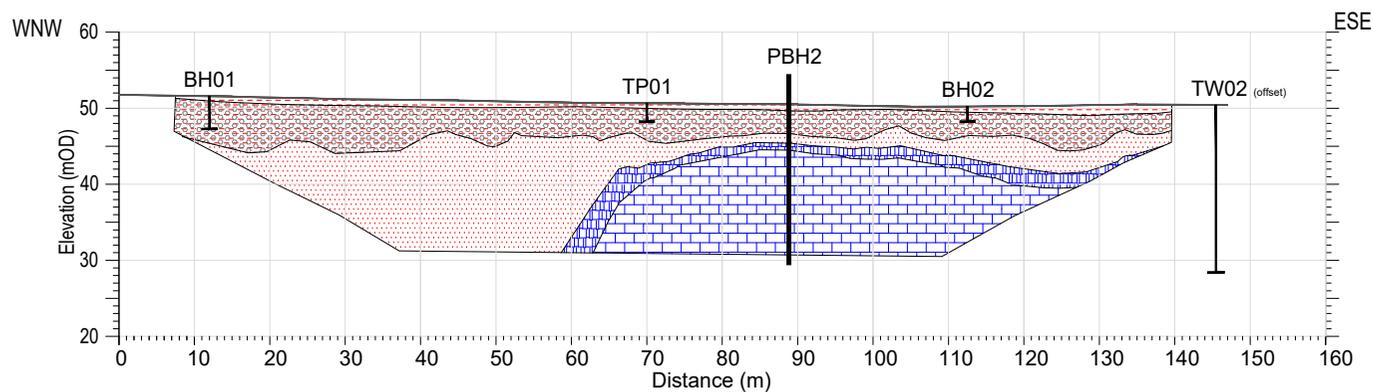
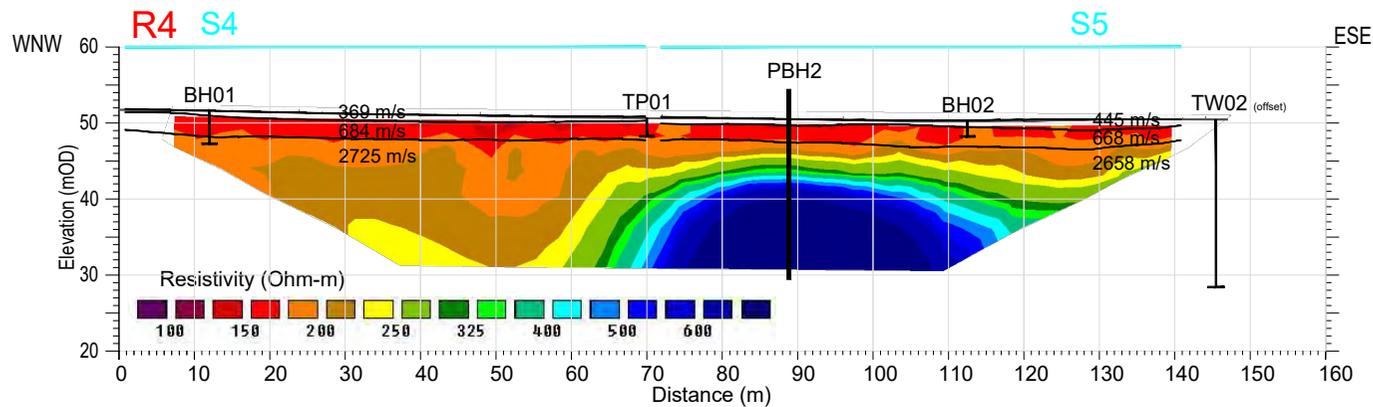
The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with ACP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024



6 Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford
Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
E info@apexgeophysics.ie
www.apexgeophysics.ie

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_R3 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |



- LEGEND:**
- Soft-Firm sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Firm-stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very dense clayey SAND/GRAVEL
 - Possible Highly- Moderately Weathered/Karstified LIMESTONE
 - Slightly Weathered to fresh LIMESTONE

The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with ACP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024



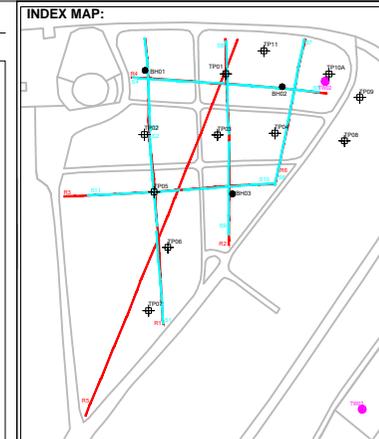
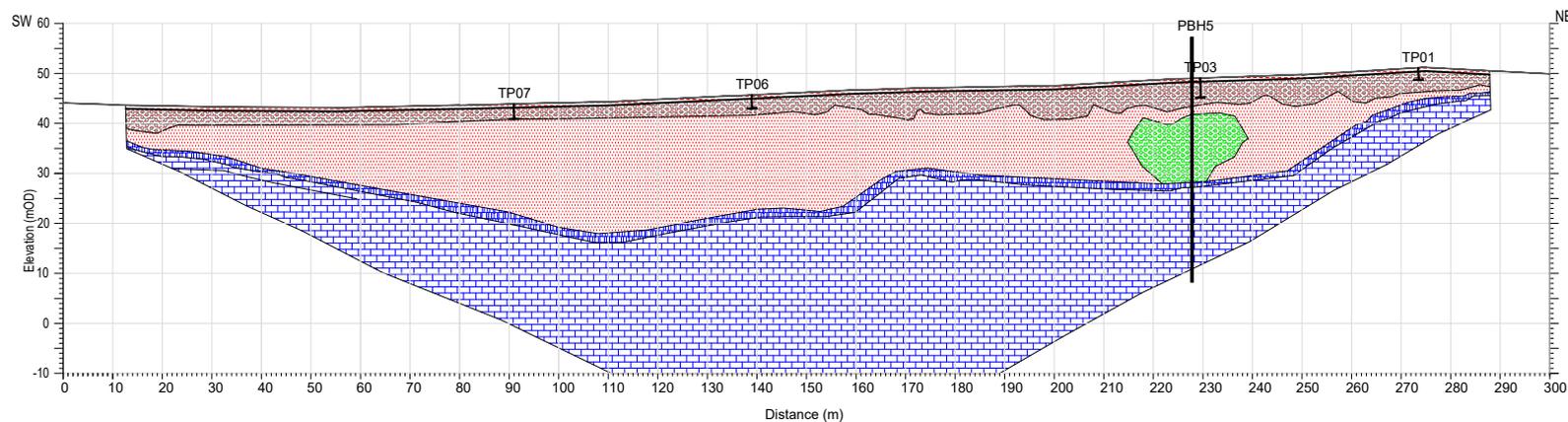
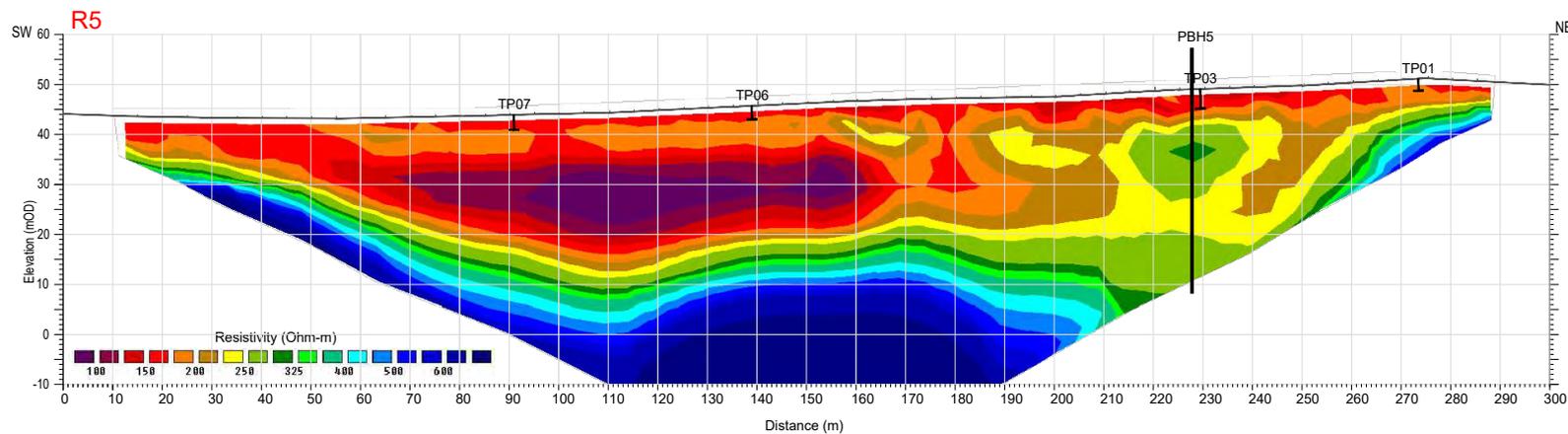
6 Knockmullen Business Park
 Gorey
 Co. Wexford
 Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
 E info@apexgeophysics.ie
 www.apexgeophysics.ie

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_R4 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |

RESULTS & INTERPRETATION - ERT R5

SCALE 1:1500



- LEGEND:**
- Soft-Firm sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Firm-stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very dense clayey SAND/GRAVEL
 - Possible Highly- Moderately Weathered/Karstified LIMESTONE
 - Slightly Weathered to fresh LIMESTONE

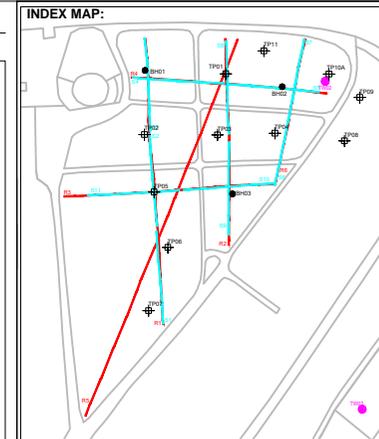
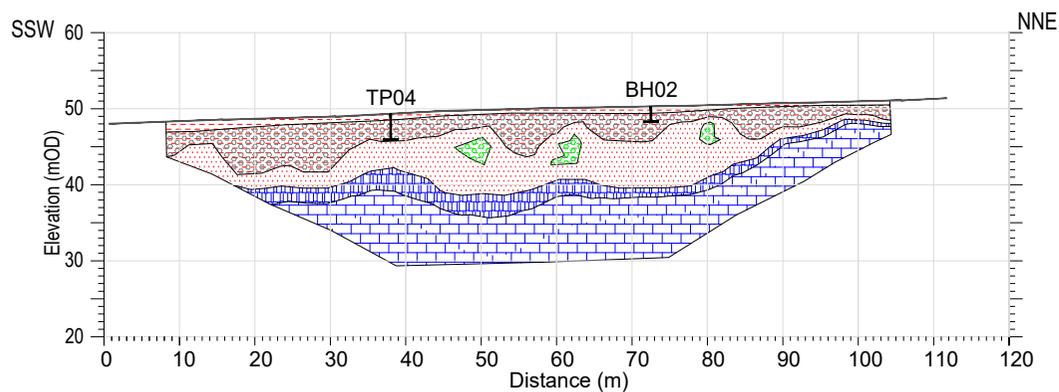
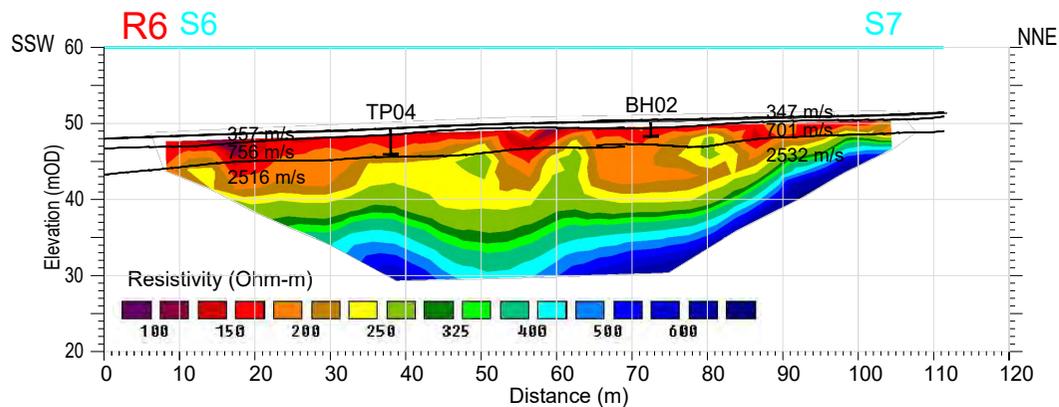
The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with ACP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024



6 Knockmullen Business Park
Gorey
Co. Wexford
Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
E info@apexgeophysics.ie
www.apexgeophysics.ie

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_R5 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |



- LEGEND:
- Soft-Firm sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Firm-stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very stiff sandy gravelly SILT/CLAY
 - Very dense clayey SAND/GRAVEL
 - Possible Highly- Moderately Weathered/Karstified LIMESTONE
 - Slightly Weathered to fresh LIMESTONE

The information displayed here is to be used in conjunction with ACP23244_01 Report on the Geophysical Investigation at Galway Racecourse, for GII, APEX Geophysics Ltd. 19th April 2024



6 Knockmullen Business Park
 Gorey
 Co. Wexford
 Ireland

T +353 (0)402-21842
 E info@apexgeophysics.ie
 www.apexgeophysics.ie

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| PROJECT: | GALWAY RACECOURSE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY | | |
| CLIENT: | GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND LTD | | |
| DRAWING NO: | AGP23244_R6 | | |
| SCALE: | AS INDICATED @ A4 | | |
| DATE: | 19-04-2024 | | |
| Version: | Date: | Drawn By: | Checked: |
| 01 | 19-04-2024 | YOC | TL |
| | | | |
| | | | |



GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND
Geotechnical & Environmental

Catherinestown House,
Hazelhatch Road,
Newcastle,
Co. Dublin.
D22 YD52

Tel: 01 601 5175 / 5176
Email: info@gii.ie
Web: www.gii.ie

Ground Investigations Ireland

Galway Racecourse Geotechnical Investigations, Ballybrit, Co. Galway

Galway County Council

Ground Investigation Report

April 2024

Directors:

Fergal McNamara (MD), Conor Finnerty, Aisling McDonnell, Barry Sexton, Stephen Kealy & Michael Sutton
Ground Investigations Ireland Limited | Registered in Ireland Company Registration No.: 405726



www.gii.ie



GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND
Geotechnical & Environmental

Catherinestown House,
Hazelhatch Road,
Newcastle,
Co. Dublin.
D22 YD52

Tel: 01 601 5175 / 5176
Email: info@gii.ie
Web: www.gii.ie

DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

| | |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Project Title | Galway Racecourse Geotechnical Investigations, Ballybrit, Co. Galway |
| Engineer | ARUP |
| Client | Galway County Council |
| Project No | 13521-01-24 |
| Document Title | Ground Investigation Report |

| Rev. | Status | Author(s) | Reviewed By | Approved By | Office of Origin | Issue Date |
|------|---------|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | |
| A | Interim | A Molloy | S Graydon | S Kealy | Dublin | 25 April 2024 |

Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd. present the results of the fieldworks and laboratory testing in accordance with the specification and related documents provided by or on behalf of the client. The possibility of variation in the ground and/or groundwater conditions between or below exploratory locations or due to the investigation techniques employed must be taken into account when this report and the appendices inform designs or decisions where such variation may be considered relevant. Ground and/or groundwater conditions may vary due to seasonal, man-made or other activities not apparent during the fieldworks and no responsibility can be taken for such variation. The data presented and the recommendations included in this report and associated appendices are intended for the use of the client and the client's geotechnical representative only and any duty of care to others is excluded unless approved in writing.



www.gii.ie



Catherinestown House,
Hazelhatch Road,
Newcastle,
Co. Dublin.
D22 YD52

Tel: 01 601 5175 / 5176
Email: info@gii.ie
Web: www.gii.ie

GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND

Geotechnical & Environmental

CONTENTS

| | | |
|------|----------------------------------------|---|
| 1.0 | Preamble..... | 1 |
| 2.0 | Overview..... | 1 |
| 2.1. | Background..... | 1 |
| 2.2. | Purpose and Scope | 1 |
| 3.0 | Subsurface Exploration | 1 |
| 3.1. | General | 1 |
| 3.2. | Trial Pits..... | 2 |
| 3.1. | Dynamic Probing (DPSH)..... | 2 |
| 3.2. | Cable Percussion Boreholes..... | 2 |
| 3.3. | Water Trial Well Drilling | 3 |
| 3.4. | Geophysical Survey | 3 |
| 3.5. | Surveying | 3 |
| 3.6. | Laboratory Testing (Part-Pending)..... | 4 |
| 4.0 | Ground Conditions..... | 4 |
| 4.1. | General | 4 |
| 4.2. | Groundwater | 5 |

APPENDICES

| | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Appendix 1 | Site Location Plan |
| Appendix 2 | Trial Pit Records |
| Appendix 3 | Dynamic Probe Records |
| Appendix 4 | Borehole Records |
| Appendix 5 | Laboratory Testing (Part-Pending) |
| Appendix 6 | Groundwater Monitoring |



www.gii.ie

1.0 Preamble

On the instructions of ARUP Consulting Engineers, a site investigation was carried out by Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd., between February and March at the site of the proposed redevelopment at Galway Racecourse in Ballybrit, Co. Galway.

2.0 Overview

2.1. Background

It is proposed to redevelop the existing horse stables and associated grounds. As part of the works the associated services, access roads and car parking will also be redeveloped. The proposed construction is envisaged to consist of conventional foundations and pavement make up with some local excavations for services and plant. The site is bounded by Galway Racecourse to the north and west side. The current N6 bounds the site to the south and Briarhill Business Park bounds the site to the east.

2.2. Purpose and Scope

The purpose of the site investigation was to investigate subsurface conditions utilising a variety of investigative methods in accordance with the project specification. The scope of the work undertaken for this project included the following:

- Visit project site to observe existing conditions
- Carry out 12 No. Trial Pits to a maximum depth of 4.0mBGL
- Carry out 8 No. Dynamic Probes to determine soil strength/density characteristics
- Carry out 3 No. Cable Percussion boreholes to a maximum depth of 4.40m BGL
- Carry out 3 No. Trial Wells to a maximum depth of 100m
- Carry out a 2D Resistivity and Seismic Geophysical Survey
- Installation of 3 No. Groundwater monitoring wells
- Geotechnical & Environmental Laboratory testing
- Factual Report

3.0 Subsurface Exploration

3.1. General

During the ground investigation a programme of intrusive investigation specified by the Consulting Engineer was undertaken to determine the sub surface conditions at the proposed site. Regular sampling and in-situ testing was undertaken in the exploratory holes to facilitate the geotechnical descriptions and to enable laboratory testing to be carried out on the soil samples recovered during excavation and drilling.

The procedures used in this site investigation are in accordance with Eurocode 7 Part 2: Ground Investigation and testing (ISEN 1997 – 2:2007) and B.S. 5930:2015.

3.2. Trial Pits

The trial pits were excavated using an 8T tracked excavator at the locations shown in the exploratory hole location plan in Appendix 1. The locations were checked using a CAT scan to minimise the potential for encountering services during the excavation. The trial pits were sampled, logged and photographed by an Engineering Geologist prior to backfilling with arisings. Notes were made of any services, inclusions, pit stability, groundwater encountered and the characteristics of the strata encountered and are presented on the trial pit logs which are provided in Appendix 2 of this Report.

3.1. Dynamic Probing (DPSH)

The dynamic probe tests (DPSH) were carried out at the locations shown in the location plan in Appendix 1 in accordance with B.S. 1377: Part 9 1990. The test consists of mechanically driving a cone with a 63.5kg weight dropping 760mm and recorded in 100mm intervals monitoring the number of blows required. An equivalent Standard Penetration Test (SPT) 'N' value may be calculated based on previous published information however the determination of the appropriate correlate strength should be completed with care and using experience with similar soil types. The dynamic probe logs are provided in Appendix 3 of this Report.

3.2. Cable Percussion Boreholes

The Cable Percussion Boreholes were drilled using a Dando 2000 drilling rig with regular in-situ testing and sampling undertaken to facilitate the production of geotechnical logs and laboratory testing.

The standard method of boring in soil for site investigation is known as the Cable Percussion method. It consists of using a Shell in non cohesive soils and a clay cutter in cohesive soils, both operated on a wire cable. Very hard soils, boulders and other hard obstructions are broken up by chiselling and the fragments removed with the Shell. Where ground conditions made it necessary, the borehole was lined with 200mm diameter steel casing. While the use of the Cable Percussion method of boring gives the maximum data on soil conditions, some mixing of laminated soil is inevitable. For this reason, thin lenses of granular material may not be noticed. Disturbed samples were taken from the boring tools at suitable depths, so that there is a representative sample at the top of each change in stratum and thereafter at regular intervals down the borehole until the next stratum was encountered. The disturbed samples were then sealed and sent to the laboratory where they were visually examined to confirm the description of the relevant strata. Standard Penetration Tests were carried out in the boreholes. The results of these tests, together with the depths at which the tests were taken are shown on the accompanying borehole records. The test consists of a thick wall sampler tube, 50mm external diameter, being driven into the soil by a monkey weighing 63.5kg and with a free drop of 760mm. For gravels and glacial till the driving shoe was replaced by a solid 60° cone. The Standard Penetration Test number referred to as the 'N' value is the number of blows required to drive the tube 300mm, after an initial penetration of 150mm. The number gives a guide to the

consistency of the soil and can also be used to estimate the relative strength/density at the depth of the test and also to estimate the bearing capacity and compressibility of the soil. The cable percussion borehole logs are provided in Appendix 4 of this Report.

3.3. Water Trial Well Drilling

The trial well drilling was carried out by a Knebel truck mounted rig at the locations shown on the location plan in Appendix 1. The trial wells were completed from the ground surface,

The Knebel rig is truck mounted which allows for travel on pavement surfaces avoiding any damage to the surface. The Knebel drilling rig utilises a down the hole hammer system operated using a drilling hammer and a piston powered by compressed air. As the drill string rotates, the drilling hammer strikes down on the rock. The drill bit receives its striking power from a piston inside the hammer that is powered by compressed air.

This action along with the rotational movement of the drill string crushes the rock efficiently. Since the piston strikes directly on the bit, energy transfer takes place down the hole with minimum loss of energy, allowing drilling to greater depths.

The driving medium i.e. compressed air is also the flushing medium. The flushing medium (in some cases, water is also used) is pressed down through the drill pipes, down-the-hole hammer and the drill bit. It is then forced back out of the borehole along with the cuttings through the annular gap between the drill pipe and the borehole.

The Trial Well logs were provided to the consulting engineers on completion of the drilling.

3.4. Geophysical Survey

The geophysical survey consisted of Electrical Resistivity Tomography (ERT) and Seismic Refraction profiling. ERT surveying technique makes use of the Gradient resistivity array. The 2D-resistivity profiling method records a large number of resistivity readings in order to map lateral and vertical changes in material types. This method involves the use of electrodes connected to a resistivity meter, using computer software to control the process of data collection and storage.

Seismic profiling measures the p-wave velocity (V_p) of refracted seismic waves through the overburden and rock material and allows an assessment of the thickness and quality of the materials present to be made. Stiffer and stronger materials usually have higher V_p velocities while soft, loose or fractured materials have lower V_p velocities. Readings are taken using geophones connected via multi-core cable to a seismograph. The Report for the Geophysical survey is included under the cover of a separate report by Apex Geophysics.

3.5. Surveying

The exploratory hole locations have been recorded using a KQ GEO Technologies KQ-M8 System which records the coordinates and elevation of the locations to ITM or Irish National Grid as required by the project specification. The coordinates and elevations are provided on the exploratory hole logs in the appendices of this Report.

3.6. Laboratory Testing (Part-Pending)

Samples were selected from the exploratory holes for a range of geotechnical and environmental testing to assist in the classification of soils and to provide information for the proposed design.

Environmental & Chemical testing as required by the specification, including the ARUP Suite D, E and F testing was carried out by Element Materials Technology Laboratory in the UK.

Geotechnical testing consisting of moisture content, Atterberg limits, Particle Size Distribution (PSD), hydrometer, Moisture Condition Value (MCV), 2.5kg Rammer Compaction and MCV 5-point compaction tests were carried out in NMTL's Geotechnical Laboratory in Carlow.

The results of the laboratory testing are included in Appendix 5 of this Report.

4.0 Ground Conditions

4.1. General

The ground conditions encountered during the investigation are summarised below with reference to insitu and laboratory test results. The full details of the strata encountered during the ground investigation are provided in the exploratory hole logs included in the appendices of this report.

The sequence of strata encountered were consistent across the site and generally comprised;

- Topsoil/Surfacing
- Made Ground
- Possible Made Ground
- Cohesive Deposits

TOPSOIL: Topsoil was encountered in all the exploratory holes and was present to a maximum depth of 0.3m BGL.

MADE GROUND: Made Ground deposits were encountered beneath the Topsoil or from ground level and were present to a maximum depth of 0.90m BGL. These deposits were described generally as *Brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay with fragments of timber, ceramic and glass fragments and low angular to subangular fine to coarse cobble content or a Grey angular to subangular fine to coarse Gravel Fill.*

COHESIVE DEPOSITS: Cohesive deposits were encountered beneath the Made Ground to a maximum depth of 4.40m BGL and were described typically as *brownish greyish slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with medium angular to subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse.* The secondary sand and gravel constituents varied across the site and with depth, with granular lenses occasionally present in the glacial till matrix. The strength of the cohesive deposits typically increased with depth and was firm or firm to stiff below 1.5m BGL in the majority of the exploratory holes. These deposits had some, occasional or frequent cobble and boulder content, where noted on the exploratory hole logs.

4.2. Groundwater

Groundwater strikes are noted on the exploratory hole logs where they occurred. We would point out that these exploratory holes did not remain open for sufficiently long periods of time to establish the hydrogeological regime and groundwater levels would be expected to vary with the time of year, rainfall, nearby construction and other factors. For this reason, standpipes were installed in BH01, BH02 and BH03 to allow the equilibrium groundwater level to be determined. Data loggers were also installed in the boreholes and set to take hourly readings. The groundwater monitoring to date is included in Appendix 6 of this Report.

APPENDIX 1 - Site Location Plan



533600E

533700E

533800E

533900E

534000E



727900N

727800N

727700N



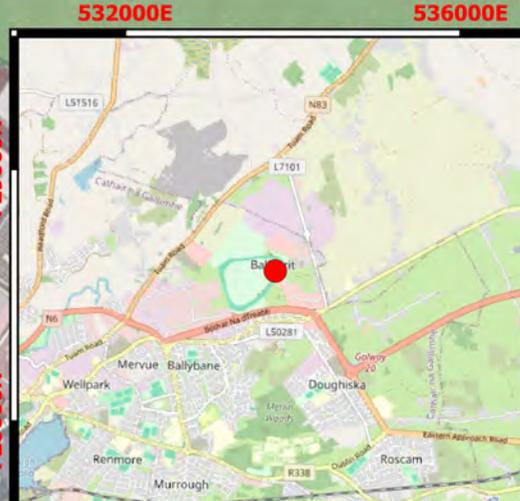
-  Trial Pits and Dynamic Probes
-  Trial Wells
-  Cable Percussion Boreholes
-  Indicative Site Boundary

Client:
ARUP

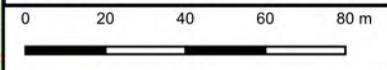
Project Code:
13521-01-24

Project Title:
Galway Racecourse Geotechnical Investigations, Ballybrit, Co. Galway

Drawing Title:
Figure 1 Site Location




GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND
Geotechnical & Environmental
Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd.
Catherinstown House,
Hazelhatch Road,
Newcastle, Co. Dublin
www.gii.ie 01-6015175/5176



Drawn By:
SK

Date:
25/04/2024

533600E

533700E

533800E

533900E

534000E

APPENDIX 2 – Trial Pit Records





| | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.40m x 1.00m x 2.40m | Ground Level (mOD) 51.04 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location (dGPS) 533695.1 E 727899.5 N | Dates 23/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.50 | ES1 | | | 50.76 | 0.28 | TOPSOIL: Brown Clay with rootlets. | | |
| | | | | 50.57 | 0.19 | MADE GROUND: Brown slightly gravelly Clay with fragments of red brick and ceramic. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| | | | | | 0.47 | Soft to firm brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with high subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.30 1.30 1.30 | B1 D1 ES2 | | | | (1.43) | | | |
| 2.00 2.00 | B2 D2 | | | 49.14 | 1.90 | Stiff brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with high subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| | | | | | (0.50) | | | |
| 2.40 | ES3 | | | 48.64 | 2.40 | Complete at 2.40m | | |

| | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Plan | Remarks No groundwater encountered. Trial pit stable. Trial pit terminated due to obstruction at 2.40m BGL, possible bedrock or boulders. PID test carried out at 0.50m BGL. | |
| | | Scale (approx) 1:25 |



| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.90m x 0.80m x 3.90m | Ground Level (mOD) 49.20 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | | Location (dGPS) 533688.9 E 727854.5 N | Dates 22/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.55 | ES1 | | | 48.92 | (0.28) | TOPSOIL: Brown Clay with rootlets and low subangular to subrounded cobble and boulder content. | | |
| | | | | 48.70 | 0.28 (0.22) 0.50 | Possible MADE GROUND: Brown slightly sandy silty gravelly Clay with low subangular to subrounded cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. (Soft to firm). | | |
| 1.10 1.10 | B1 D1 | | | | | Soft brownish grey slightly sandy slightly silty gravelly CLAY with low subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.50 | ES2 | | | | (2.10) | | | |
| | | | | 46.60 | 2.60 (0.40) | Stiff brownish grey slightly sandy slightly silty gravelly CLAY with low subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 3.10 3.10 | B2 D2 | | | 46.20 | 3.00 (0.90) | Very stiff brownish grey gravelly CLAY with medium angular to subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 3.50 | ES3 | | | 45.30 | 3.90 | Complete at 3.90m | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Plan | Remarks No groundwater encountered. Trial pit sidewalls spalling. Obstruction at 3.90m BGL, possible bedrock or boulder. | | |
| | Scale (approx) 1:25 | Logged By AM | Figure No. 13521-01-24.TP03 |



| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.90m x 1.00m x 3.40m | Ground Level (mOD) 49.48 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | | Location (dGPS) 533731.6 E 727855.7 N | Dates 22/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.50 | ES1 | | | 49.20 | (0.28) 0.28 | TOPSOIL: Brown slightly gravelly Clay with rootlets. | | |
| | | | | 48.73 | (0.47) 0.75 | Possible MADE GROUND: Brown slightly sandy silty Clay with low subangular to subrounded cobble content. (Soft to firm). | | |
| 1.20 1.20 | B1 D1 | | | 47.48 | (1.25) 2.00 | Soft to firm brownish grey slightly silty sandy gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | |
| 2.20 2.20 2.20 | B2 D2 ES2 | | | 46.38 | (1.10) 3.10 | Very stiff brownish grey sandy very gravelly CLAY with medium subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 3.20 3.20 3.20 | B3 D3 ES3 | | | | | Complete at 3.40m | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Plan | Remarks No groundwater encountered. Trial pit stable. Obstruction at 3.40m BGL, possible bedrock or boulder. | | |
| | Scale (approx) 1:25 | Logged By AM | Figure No. 13521-01-24.TP04 |



| | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.80m x 0.90m x 3.60m | Ground Level (mOD) 47.27 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location (dGPS) 533641.8 E 727812.4 N | Dates 22/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.40 | ES1 | | | 47.02 | (0.25) | TOPSOIL: Brown slightly gravly Clay with rootlets and fragments of old clay pipe. | | |
| | | | | 46.72 | (0.30) | MADE GROUND: Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly Clay with fragments of red brick. | | |
| 1.10 1.10 | B1 D1 | | | | (1.45) | Very soft brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with low to medium angular to subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.60 | ES2 | | | 45.27 | 2.00 | Firm brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with low to medium subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 2.60 2.60 2.60 | B2 D2 ES3 | | | 44.37 | 2.90 | Stiff brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with low to medium subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| | | | | 43.97 | (0.40) | | | |
| | | | | 43.97 | 3.30 | Very stiff brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with low to medium subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 3.60 3.60 3.60 | B3 D3 ES4 | | Slow ingress(1) at 3.60m. | 43.67 | 3.60 | Complete at 3.60m | | ∇1 |

| | |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Plan | Remarks |
| | Groundwater encountered at 2.60m BGL with slow ingress. Trial pit sidewalls spalling and collapse at 3.60m BGL. Trial pit terminated due to obstruction at 3.60m BGL, possible bedrock or boulders and sidewall collapse. |
| | Scale (approx) |
| | 1:25 |
| | Logged By |
| | AM |
| | Figure No. |
| | 13521-01-24.TP05 |



| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.30m x 0.90m x 2.70m | Ground Level (mOD) 45.53 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | | Location (dGPS) 533652 E 727771.5 N | Dates 23/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.50 | ES1 | | | 45.23 | (0.30) | TOPSOIL: Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly Clay with rootlets. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.00 | B1 D1 | | | 45.08 | 0.30 (0.15) 0.45 | MADE GROUND: Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly Clay with fragments of ceramic. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.50 | ES2 | | | | (1.55) | Very soft brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with low subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 2.40 | B2 D2 ES3 | | | 43.53 | 2.00 | Stiff brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with medium subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 2.40 | | | | 42.83 | (0.70) 2.70 | Complete at 2.70m | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Plan | Remarks No groundwater encountered. Trial pit stable. Trial pit terminated due to obstruction at 2.70m BGL, possible bedrock or boulders. | | |
| | Scale (approx) 1:25 | Logged By AM | Figure No. 13521-01-24.TP06 |



| | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.60m x 0.80m x 3.00m | Ground Level (mOD) 44.11 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location (dGPS) 533637.6 E 727724.9 N | Dates 26/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.50 | ES1 | | | 43.81 | (0.30) | TOPSOIL: Brown slightly gravelly Clay with cermaic fragments and medium angular to subangular cobble content. | | |
| | | | | 43.41 | (0.40) | Possible MADE GROUND: Brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. (Soft to firm). | | |
| 1.00 1.00 | B1 D1 | | | | 0.70 | Soft brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with medium subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.50 | ES2 | | | | (1.20) | | | |
| 2.00 2.00 | B2 D2 | | | 42.21 | 1.90 | Firm brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with medium angular to subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| | | | | 41.91 | (0.30) | | | |
| 2.50 | ES3 | | | | 2.20 | Stiff to very stiff brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with medium angular to subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| | | | | | (0.80) | | | |
| 3.00 3.00 | B3 D3 | | | 41.11 | 3.00 | Complete at 3.00m | | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------|------|----|
| Plan | Remarks No groundwater encountered. Trial pit stable. Obstruction at 3.00m BGL, possible rock or boulder. Trial pit backfilled upon completion. | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>AM</td> <td>13521-01-24.TP07</td> </tr> </table> | Scale (approx) | Logged By | Figure No. | 1:25 | AM |
| Scale (approx) | Logged By | Figure No. | | | | |
| 1:25 | AM | 13521-01-24.TP07 | | | | |



| | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.70m x 1.10m x 2.40m | Ground Level (mOD) 49.42 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location (dGPS) 533783.3 E 727850.1 N | Dates 23/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.45 | ES1 | | | 49.34 | (0.08) 0.08 | MADE GROUND: Grey angular to subangular fine to coarse Gravel Fill. | | |
| | | | | | (0.47) | MADE GROUND: Brown sandy gravelly Clay high subangular cobble content. | | |
| | | | | 48.87 | 0.55 | Firm greyish brown slightly silty slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with medium subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.10 1.10 | B1 D1 | | | | (1.35) | | | |
| 1.40 | ES2 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 47.52 | 1.90 | Soft light greyish brown slightly silty slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with medium subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 2.10 2.10 | B2 D2 | | | | (0.50) | | | |
| 2.30 2.40 2.40 | ES3 B3 D3 | | | 47.02 | 2.40 | Complete at 2.40m | | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------|------|----|
| Plan | Remarks No groundwater encountered. Trial pit sidewalls spalling and collapsing below 2.10m BGL. Trial pit terminated due to obstruction at 2.40m BGL, possible bedrock or boulders. PID test carried out at 0.45m BGL. | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>AM</td> <td>13521-01-24.TP08</td> </tr> </table> | Scale (approx) | Logged By | Figure No. | 1:25 | AM |
| Scale (approx) | Logged By | Figure No. | | | | |
| 1:25 | AM | 13521-01-24.TP08 | | | | |



| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.40m x 1.20m x 3.40m | Ground Level (mOD) 49.93 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | | Location (dGPS) 533794.7 E 727882.1 N | Dates 23/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.25 | ES1 | | | 49.83 | (0.10) 0.10 | MADE GROUND: Grey to brown slightly sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse Gravel Fill. | | |
| | | | | | (0.70) | MADE GROUND: Light brownish grey slightly sandy gravelly Clay with fragments of plastic and medium angular to subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.00 1.00 | B1 D1 | | | 49.13 | 0.80 (0.40) | Possible MADE GROUND: Brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay with medium angular to subangular cobble content and pockets of soft orange to brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. (Soft to firm). | | |
| 1.50 | ES2 | | | 48.73 | 1.20 | Soft to firm brownish greyish slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with medium angular to subangular cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 2.25 2.25 | B2 D2 | | | | (2.20) | | | |
| 2.90 2.90 2.90 | B3 D3 ES3 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 46.53 | 3.40 | Complete at 3.40m | | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------|------|----|
| Plan | Remarks No groundwater encountered. Trial pit sidewalls spalling and collapsing below 3.00m BGL. Trial pit terminated due to obstruction at 3.40m BGL, possible bedrock or boulders. PID test carried out at 0.25m BGL. | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>AM</td> <td>13521-01-24.TP09</td> </tr> </table> | Scale (approx) | Logged By | Figure No. | 1:25 | AM |
| Scale (approx) | Logged By | Figure No. | | | | |
| 1:25 | AM | 13521-01-24.TP09 | | | | |



| | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.70m x 0.80m x 0.90m | Ground Level (mOD) 51.05 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location (dGPS) 533769.8 E 727906.8 N | Dates 26/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|-----------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.30 | ES1 | | | 50.85 | (0.20) 0.20 | MADE GROUND: Grey angular to subangular fine to coarse Gravel Fill. | | |
| | | | | 50.30 | (0.55) 0.75 | MADE GROUND: Brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay with fragments of timber, ceramic and glass fragments and low angular to subangular fine to coarse cobble content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| | | | | 50.15 | (0.15) 0.90 | MADE GROUND: Grey angular to subangular fine to coarse Gravel Fill. Underground service located at 0.90m BGL; see remarks. Complete at 0.90m | | |

| | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Plan | Remarks No groundwater encountered. Trial pit stable. Trial pit backfilled with gravel and arisings upon completion. PID test carried out at 0.30m BGL. Trial pit terminated due to location of underground service at 0.90m BGL; approximately 0.40m diameter black plastic pipe running approximately 10-20 degrees east-west, possible storm drain. | |
| Scale (approx) 1:25 | Logged By AM | Figure No. 13521-01-24.TP10 |



| | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : 8T Excavator Method : Trial Pit | Dimensions (L x W x D) 3.50m x 0.85m x 2.95m | Ground Level (mOD) 50.79 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location (dGPS) 533771.8 E 727899.3 N | Dates 26/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 0.45 | ES1 | | | 50.59 | (0.20) 0.20 | MADE GROUND: Grey angular to subangular fine to coarse Gravel Fill. | | |
| | | | | | (0.60) | MADE GROUND: Brown slightly silty slightly gravelly Clay. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.00 1.00 | B1 D1 | | | 49.99 | 0.80 (0.70) | Soft to firm brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with low subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 1.50 | ES2 | | | 49.29 | 1.50 | Firm to stiff brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with medium angular to subangular cobble and boulder content. Gravels are angular to subangular fine to coarse. | | |
| 2.10 2.10 | B2 D2 | | | | (1.45) | | | |
| 2.50 | ES3 | | | | | | | |
| 2.95 2.95 | B3 D3 | | | 47.84 | 2.95 | Complete at 2.95m | | |

| | |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Plan | Remarks |
| | No groundwater encountered. Trial pit sidewalls spalling. Obstruction at 2.95m BGL, possible rock or boulder. Trial pit backfilled upon completion. PID test carried out at 0.45m BGL. |
| | Scale (approx) 1:25 |
| | Logged By AM |
| | Figure No. 13521-01-24.TP10A |

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP01



TP01

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP01



TP02

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP02



TP02

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP03



TP03

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP03



TP04

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP04



TP04

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP05



TP05

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP05



TP06

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP06



TP06

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP07



TP07

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP07



TP08

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP08



TP08

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP09



TP09

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP09

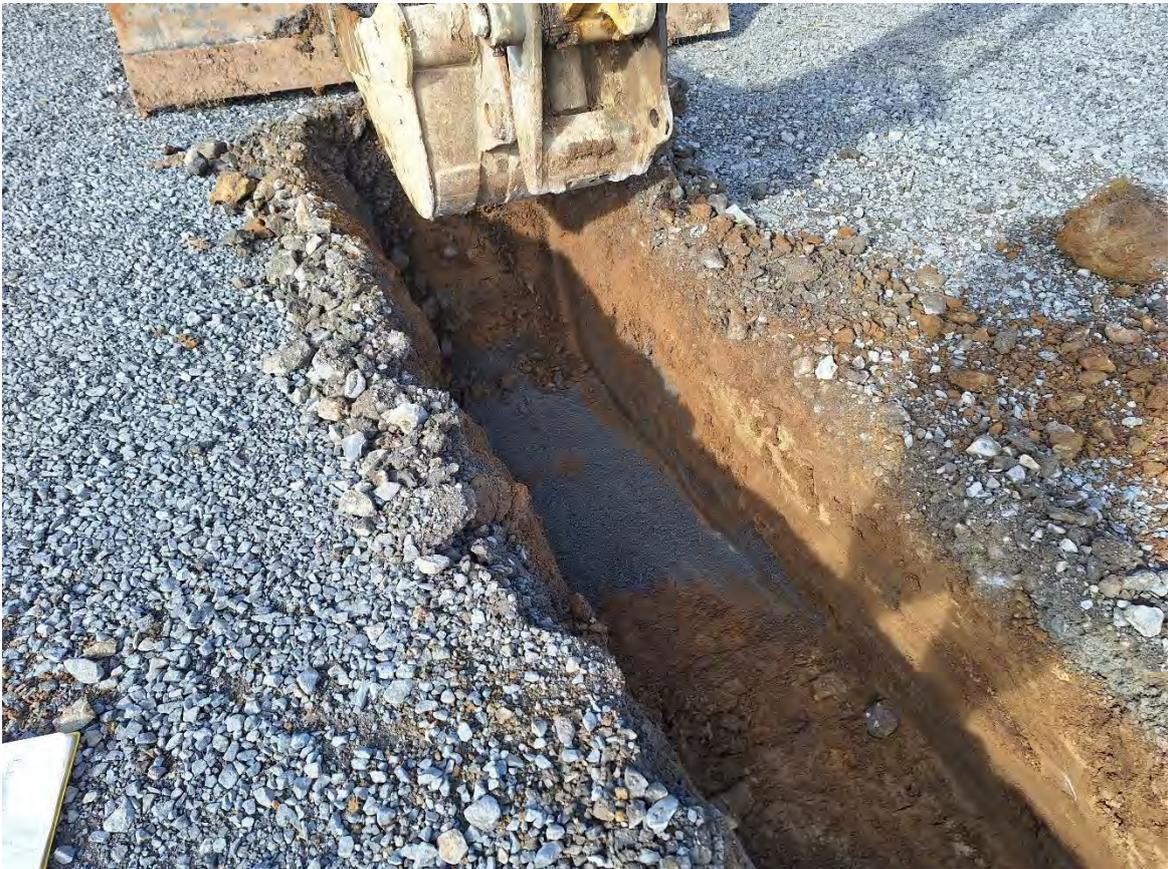


TP10

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP10



TP10

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP10A



TP10A

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP10A



TP11

Trial Pit Photographs - Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit



TP11



TP11

APPENDIX 3 – Dynamic Probe Records





| | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Method Dynamic probe DPSH Fall height: 750mm Hammer Weight: 63.5kg | Cone Dimensions Diameter 50mm, Angle 90° | Ground Level (mOD) 49.16 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location 533781 E 727851 N | Dates 27/02/2024 | Engineer Arup | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Blows for Depth Increment | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) | Blows for Depth Increment | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| | | | | | 0 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 | | |
| 0.00-0.10 | 3 | | 49.16 | 0.00 | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.10-0.20 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.20-0.30 | 4 | | | | [Bar chart showing 4 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.30-0.40 | 5 | | | | [Bar chart showing 5 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.40-0.50 | 11 | | | | [Bar chart showing 11 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.50-0.60 | 9 | | 48.66 | 0.50 | [Bar chart showing 9 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.60-0.70 | 4 | | | | [Bar chart showing 4 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.70-0.80 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.80-0.90 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.90-1.00 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.00-1.10 | 2 | | 48.16 | 1.00 | [Bar chart showing 2 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.10-1.20 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.20-1.30 | 2 | | | | [Bar chart showing 2 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.30-1.40 | 2 | | | | [Bar chart showing 2 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.40-1.50 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.50-1.60 | 3 | | 47.66 | 1.50 | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.60-1.70 | 4 | | | | [Bar chart showing 4 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.70-1.80 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.80-1.90 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.90-2.00 | 1 | | | | [Bar chart showing 1 blow] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.00-2.10 | 2 | | 47.16 | 2.00 | [Bar chart showing 2 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.10-2.20 | 2 | | | | [Bar chart showing 2 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.20-2.30 | 1 | | | | [Bar chart showing 1 blow] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.30-2.40 | 2 | | | | [Bar chart showing 2 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.40-2.50 | 2 | | | | [Bar chart showing 2 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.50-2.60 | 2 | | 46.66 | 2.50 | [Bar chart showing 2 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.60-2.70 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.70-2.80 | 3 | | | | [Bar chart showing 3 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.80-2.90 | 5 | | | | [Bar chart showing 5 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.90-3.00 | 5 | | | | [Bar chart showing 5 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.00-3.10 | 25 | | 46.16 | 3.00 | [Bar chart showing 25 blows] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 45.66 | 3.50 | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 45.16 | 4.00 | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 44.66 | 4.50 | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 44.16 | 5.00 | [Empty grid] | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Remarks Hand pit dug to 1.20m BGL Dynamic probe carried out adjacent to hand pit on the instruction of the engineer Refusal at 3.10m BGL - 25 blows for 100mm | Scale (approx) 1:25 | Logged By JC |
| | Figure No. 13521-01-24.DPH08 | |

APPENDIX 4 - Borehole Records





| | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Machine : Dando 2000 | Casing Diameter 200mm cased to 4.30m | Ground Level (mOD) 51.78 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| Method : Cable Percussion | Location 533635 E 727902 N | Dates 27/02/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water | Instr |
|-----------|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| 1.20-1.65 | SPT(C) N=5 B1 D1 | | | 1,1/1,1,2,1 | 51.48 | (0.30) | TOPSOIL: Brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay with rootlets. | | | |
| 1.20 | | | | | | 0.30 | Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded. | | | |
| 1.20 | | | | | 51.08 | 0.70 | Grey/light brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| | | | | | 50.78 | 1.00 | Soft grey/light brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| | | | | | | (1.00) | | | | |
| 2.00-2.45 | SPT(C) N=12 B2 D2 | | | 1,2/2,3,2,5 | 49.78 | 2.00 | Firm to stiff grey/light brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| 2.00 | | | | | | (0.40) | | | | |
| 2.00 | | | | | 49.38 | 2.40 | Firm to stiff grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| | | | | | | (0.60) | | | | |
| 3.00-3.42 | SPT(C) 50/265 | | | 5,8/13,14,14,9 | 48.78 | 3.00 | Very stiff grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| | | | | | | (0.40) | | | | |
| 3.40 | B3 | | | | 48.38 | 3.40 | Very stiff grey/light brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium angular to subangular cobble content. | | | |
| 3.40 | D3 | | | | | (0.80) | | | | |
| 4.00-4.30 | SPT(C) 50/150 | | | 6,18/20,30 | | | | | | |
| 4.10 | B4 | | | | 47.58 | 4.20 | Obstruction Possible Boulder or Bedrock | | | |
| 4.10 | D4 | | | | 47.48 | (0.10) 4.30 | Complete at 4.30m | | | |

| | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Remarks Hand pit dug to 1.20m BGL No Groundwater encountered Borehole terminated at 4.30m BGL due to obstruction possible bedrock or boulder Standpipe installed in borehole upon completion - Bentonite seal from 4.30m BGL to 4.0m BGL, slotted from 4.0m BGL to 1.50m BGL with geosock and gravel surround, plain from 1.50m BGL to ground level with bentonite surround and raised cover Chiselling from 4.30m to 4.30m for 1 hour. | Scale (approx) | Logged By |
| | 1:25 | SK |
| | Figure No. 13521-01-24.BH01 | |



| | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Machine : Dando 2000 Method : Cable Percussion | Casing Diameter 200mm cased to 2.00m | Ground Level (mOD) 50.06 | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location 533737 E 727890 N | Dates 22/03/2024 | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | Sheet 1/1 |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water | Instr |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| 1.20-1.65 1.20 1.20 | SPT(C) N=5 B1 D1 | | | 2,1/1,1,2,1 | 49.66 | (0.40) 0.40 | TOPSOIL: Brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay with rootlets. | | | |
| | | | | | 48.86 | (0.80) 1.20 | Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded. | | | |
| 1.80 1.80 2.00-2.15 | B2 D2 SPT(C) 50/0 | | | 25,25/50 | 48.26 48.16 48.06 | (0.60) 1.80 1.90 2.00 | Soft brown/grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| | | | | | | | Very stiff brown/grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| | | | | | | | Obstruction Possible Boulder or Bedrock | | | |
| | | | | | | | Complete at 2.00m | | | |

| | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Remarks Hand pit dug to 1.20m BGL No Groundwater encountered Borehole terminated at 2.0m BGL due to obstruction possible bedrock or boulder Standpipe installed in borehole upon completion - Slotted from 2.0m BGL to 1.0m BGL with geosock and gravel surround, plain form 1.0m BGL to ground level with bentonite surround and raised cover Chiselling from 2.00m to 2.00m for 0.5 hours. | Scale (approx) 1:50 | Logged By SK |
| | Figure No. 13521-01-24.BH02 | |



| | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|
| Machine : Dando 2000 | | Casing Diameter 200mm cased to 4.40m | | Ground Level (mOD) 47.71 | | Client Galway County Council | | Job Number 13521-01-24 | |
| Method : Cable Percussion | | Location 533700 E 727811 N | | Dates 21/03/2024 | | Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland | | Sheet 1/1 | |

| Depth (m) | Sample / Tests | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Field Records | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) (Thickness) | Description | Legend | Water | Instr |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| 1.20-1.65 1.20 1.20 | SPT(C) N=8 B1 D1 | | | 1,1/2,2,2,2 | 47.41 | (0.30) 0.30 | TOPSOIL: Brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay with rootlets. | | | |
| | | | | | | (0.60) | Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded. | | | |
| | | | | | 46.81 | 0.90 (0.30) | Grey/light brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| | | | | | 46.51 | 1.20 (1.50) | Firm grey/light brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| 2.00-2.45 2.00 2.00 | SPT(C) N=9 B2 D2 | | | 1,2/3,2,2,2 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 45.01 | 2.70 (0.30) | Firm grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| 3.00-3.38 3.00 3.00 | SPT(C) 50/225 B3 D3 | | | 6,8/14,16,14,6 | 44.71 | 3.00 (1.30) | Very stiff grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with medium subangular to subrounded cobble content. | | | |
| 4.00-4.30 4.00 4.00 | SPT(C) 50/150 B4 D4 | | | 7,13/14,36 | 43.41 43.31 | 4.30 (0.10) 4.40 | Obstruction Possible Boulder or Bedrock | | | |
| | | | | | | | Complete at 4.40m | | | |

| | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Remarks Hand pit dug to 1.20m BGL No Groundwater encountered Borehole terminated at 4.40m BGL due to obstruction possible bedrock or boulder Standpipe installed in borehole upon completion - Bentonite seal from 4.40m BGL to 4.0m BGL, slotted from 4.0m BGL to 1.50m BGL with geosock and gravel surround, plain form 1.50m BGL to ground level with bentonite surround and raised cover Chiselling from 4.30m to 4.40m for 1 hour. | Scale (approx) 1:25 | Logged By SK |
| | Figure No. 13521-01-24.BH03 | |

APPENDIX 5 – Laboratory Testing



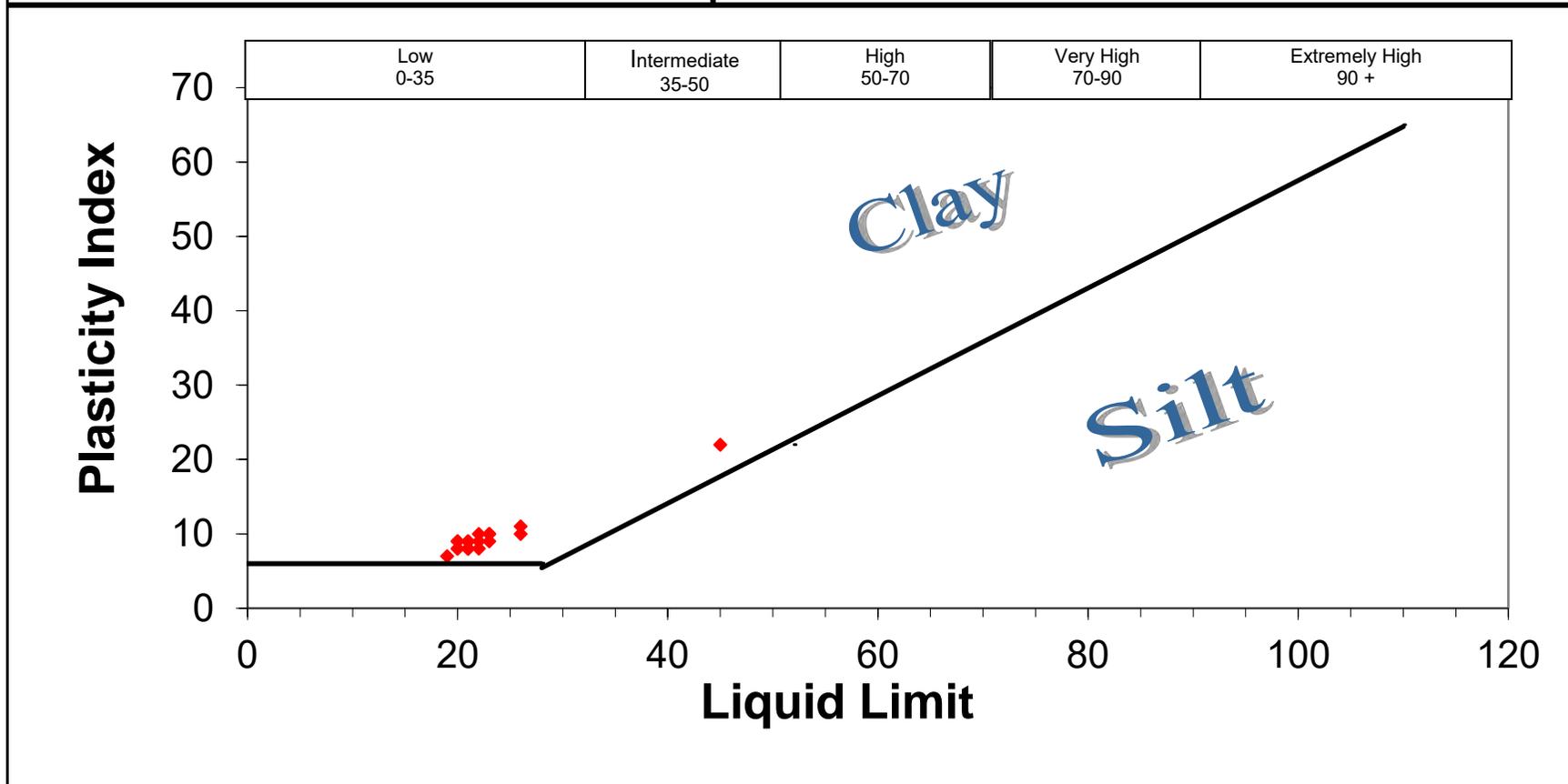
National Materials Testing Laboratory Ltd.

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

| BH/TP No | Depth m | sample No. | Moisture % | Particle | | Index Properties | | | Bulk | Cell | Undrained Triaxial Tests | | Lab | Remarks | |
|-------------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|---------|---------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| | | | | Density Mg/m3 | <425um % | LL % | PL % | PI % | Density Mg/m3 | Presssure kPa | Compressive Stress kPa | Strain at Failure % | Vane kPa | | |
| TP01 | 1.30 | D | 16.4 | | 53.0 | 23 | 14 | 9 | | | | | | | |
| TP02 | 1.00 | D | 13.6 | | 55.4 | 23 | 13 | 10 | | | | | | | |
| TP02 | 2.40 | D | 10.2 | | 66.8 | 20 | 12 | 8 | | | | | | | |
| TP02 | 3.50 | D | 11.1 | | 52.7 | 21 | 12 | 9 | | | | | | | |
| TP03 | 1.10 | D | 15.4 | | 67.0 | 45 | 23 | 22 | | | | | | | |
| TP03 | 3.10 | D | 12.8 | | 65.5 | 21 | 12 | 9 | | | | | | | |
| TP04 | 1.20 | D | 12.1 | | 46.3 | 21 | 13 | 8 | | | | | | | |
| TP04 | 3.20 | D | 12.2 | | 71.7 | 22 | 12 | 10 | | | | | | | |
| TP05 | 1.10 | D | 14.4 | | 54.4 | 26 | 16 | 10 | | | | | | | |
| TP05 | 2.60 | D | 13.5 | | 53.3 | 22 | 13 | 9 | | | | | | | |
| TP05 | 3.60 | D | 10.8 | | 71.5 | 22 | 14 | 8 | | | | | | | |
| TP06 | 1.00 | D | 12.8 | | 66.0 | 21 | 13 | 8 | | | | | | | |
| TP06 | 2.40 | D | 10.6 | | 47.8 | 21 | 13 | 8 | | | | | | | |
| TP07 | 1.00 | D | 14.1 | | 53.9 | 23 | 13 | 10 | | | | | | | |
| TP08 | 1.10 | D | 12.2 | | 52.6 | 21 | 12 | 9 | | | | | | | |
| TP08 | 2.10 | D | 9.9 | | 62.4 | 20 | 11 | 9 | | | | | | | |
| TP09 | 1.00 | D | 16.9 | | 59.2 | 26 | 15 | 11 | | | | | | | |
| TP09 | 2.25 | D | 11.7 | | 52.2 | 19 | 12 | 7 | | | | | | | |
| TP10A | 1.00 | D | 11.5 | | 60.3 | 20 | 12 | 8 | | | | | | | |
| TP10A | 2.10 | D | 10.2 | | 66.3 | 20 | 11 | 9 | | | | | | | |
| TP11 | 1.00 | D | 13.5 | | 66.7 | 22 | 13 | 9 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NMTL | | Notes : 1. All BS tests carried out using preferred (definitive) method unless otherwise stated. | | | | | | | | | Job ref No. | NMTL 3723 | GII Project ID: | 13352-01-24 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Location | Galway Racecourses Ballybrit | | | |

NMTL LTD
Unit 18c, Tullow Industrial Estate
Tullow
County Carlow
Tel: 00353 59 9180822
Mob: 00353 872575508
billa@nmtl.ie

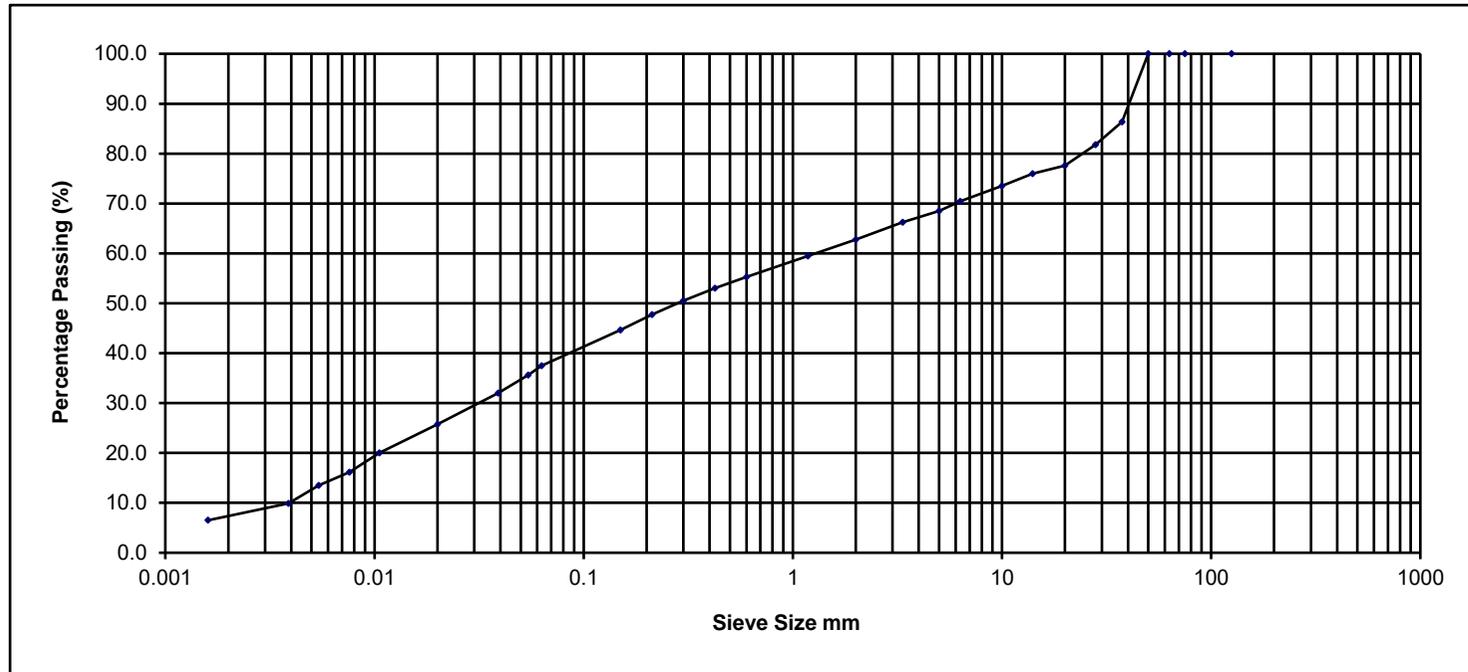
Contract: Galway Racecourses Ballybrit
Client: Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd
Engineer: Stephen Kealy
GII Project ID: 13352-01-24
Date: 27/03/2024
Tested By: Js **Checked:** Bc
Job ref No.: NMTL 3723



NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 100.0 |
| 37.500 | 86.3 |
| 28.000 | 81.8 |
| 20.000 | 77.6 |
| 14.000 | 76.0 |
| 10.000 | 73.5 |
| 6.300 | 70.4 |
| 5.000 | 68.5 |
| 3.350 | 66.2 |
| 2.000 | 62.8 |
| 1.180 | 59.5 |
| 0.600 | 55.3 |
| 0.425 | 53.0 |
| 0.300 | 50.5 |
| 0.212 | 47.8 |
| 0.150 | 44.7 |
| 0.063 | 37.5 |
| 0.054 | 35.6 |
| 0.039 | 32.0 |
| 0.020 | 25.8 |
| 0.011 | 20.0 |
| 0.008 | 16.1 |
| 0.005 | 13.5 |
| 0.004 | 9.9 |
| 0.002 | 6.5 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| | Silt | | | Gravel | |
| 6.5 | 31.0 | 25.3 | 37.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light brown slightly sandy gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP01

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

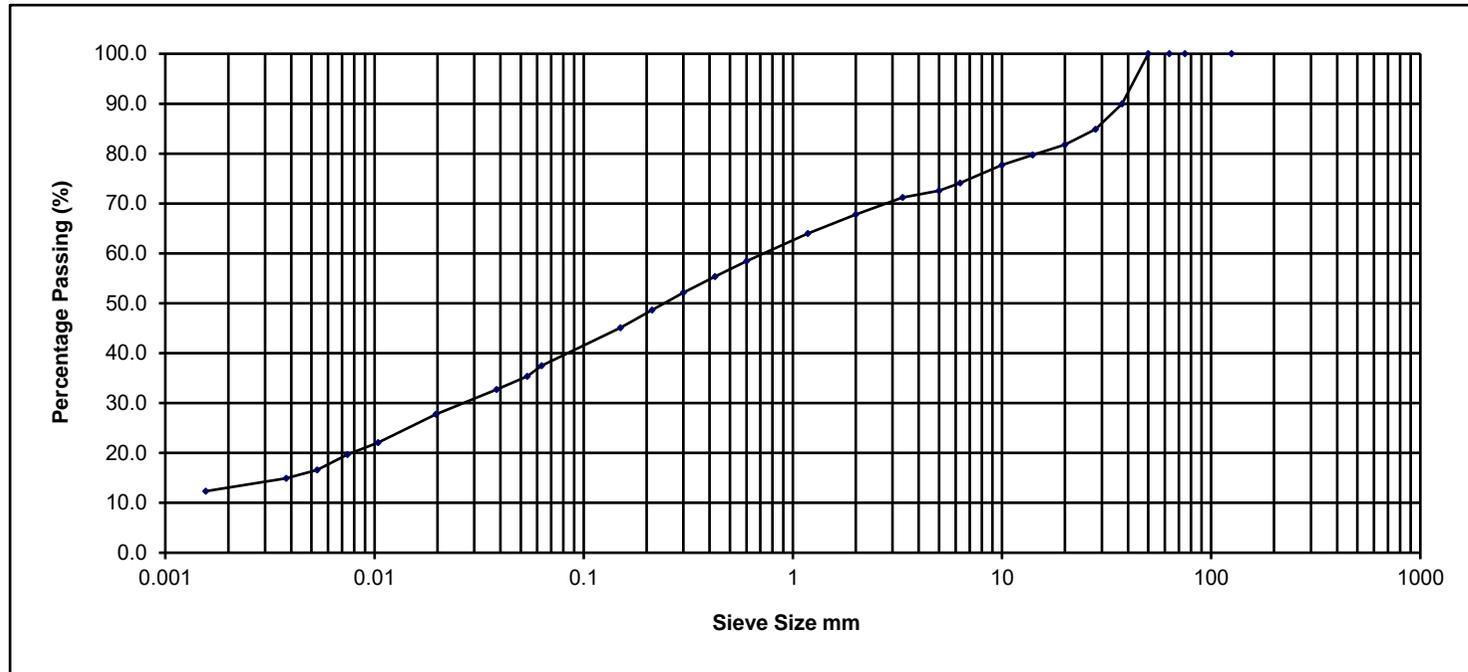
NM
TL
Ltd

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 1.00m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 100.0 |
| 37.500 | 90.0 |
| 28.000 | 84.9 |
| 20.000 | 81.8 |
| 14.000 | 79.7 |
| 10.000 | 77.7 |
| 6.300 | 74.1 |
| 5.000 | 72.6 |
| 3.350 | 71.2 |
| 2.000 | 67.8 |
| 1.180 | 64.0 |
| 0.600 | 58.4 |
| 0.425 | 55.4 |
| 0.300 | 52.1 |
| 0.212 | 48.7 |
| 0.150 | 45.1 |
| 0.063 | 37.5 |
| 0.054 | 35.3 |
| 0.038 | 32.7 |
| 0.020 | 27.7 |
| 0.010 | 22.1 |
| 0.007 | 19.7 |
| 0.005 | 16.6 |
| 0.004 | 14.9 |
| 0.002 | 12.3 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Fine | | | Medium | | | Coarse | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| 12.3 | Silt | | | Sand | | | Gravel | | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light brown/grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP01

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

NMTL
TL
Ltd

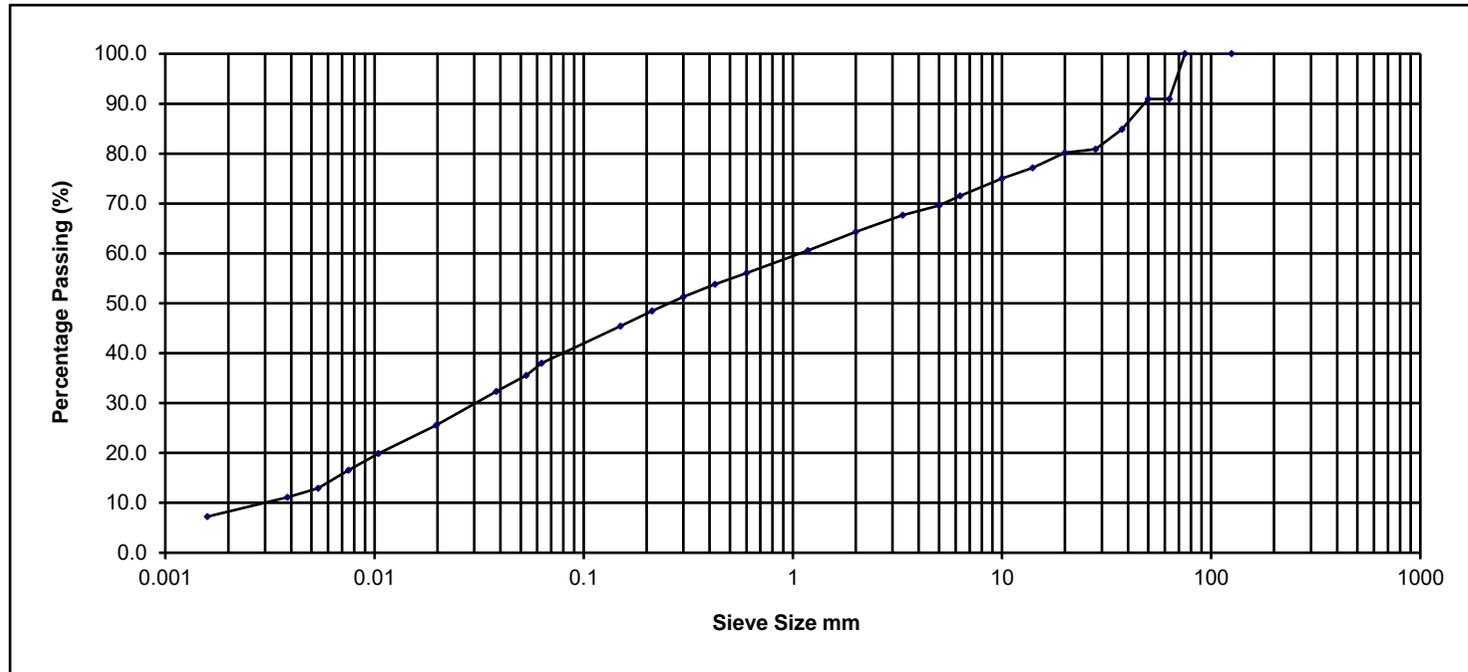
| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 2.00m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 91.0 |
| 50.000 | 91.0 |
| 37.500 | 84.9 |
| 28.000 | 80.9 |
| 20.000 | 80.2 |
| 14.000 | 77.2 |
| 10.000 | 75.0 |
| 6.300 | 71.5 |
| 5.000 | 69.6 |
| 3.350 | 67.6 |
| 2.000 | 64.3 |
| 1.180 | 60.5 |
| 0.600 | 56.1 |
| 0.425 | 53.8 |
| 0.300 | 51.3 |
| 0.212 | 48.5 |
| 0.150 | 45.4 |
| 0.063 | 38.0 |
| 0.053 | 35.5 |
| 0.038 | 32.4 |
| 0.020 | 25.6 |
| 0.010 | 19.9 |
| 0.007 | 16.5 |
| 0.005 | 12.9 |
| 0.004 | 11.1 |
| 0.002 | 7.2 |

NM
TL
Ltd

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Fine | | | Medium | | | Coarse | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| 7.2 | Silt | | | Sand | | | Gravel | | | 9.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP02

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

Operator Js

Checked Nc

Approved Bc

Date sample tested

20/03/2024

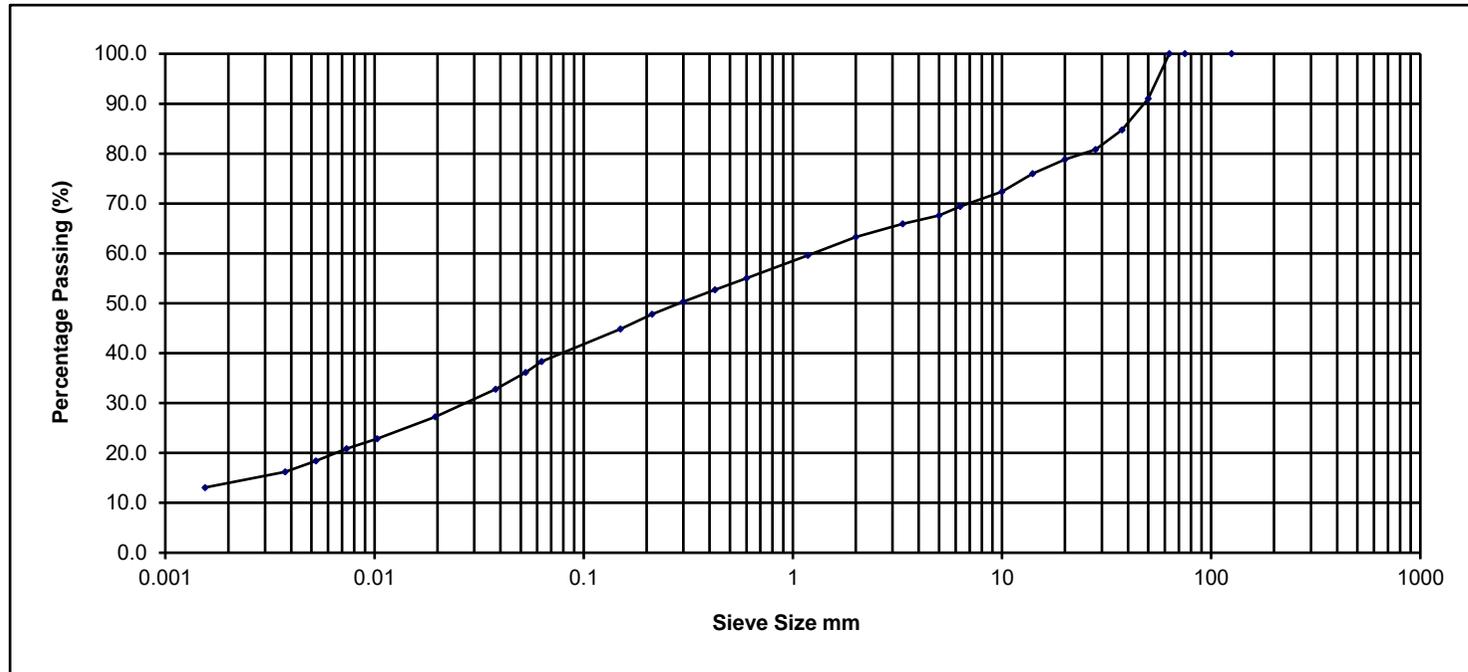
Depth

1.00m

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 91.0 |
| 37.500 | 84.7 |
| 28.000 | 80.8 |
| 20.000 | 78.8 |
| 14.000 | 76.0 |
| 10.000 | 72.3 |
| 6.300 | 69.4 |
| 5.000 | 67.6 |
| 3.350 | 65.9 |
| 2.000 | 63.2 |
| 1.180 | 59.6 |
| 0.600 | 55.0 |
| 0.425 | 52.7 |
| 0.300 | 50.3 |
| 0.212 | 47.8 |
| 0.150 | 44.8 |
| 0.063 | 38.3 |
| 0.053 | 36.1 |
| 0.038 | 32.8 |
| 0.020 | 27.3 |
| 0.010 | 22.8 |
| 0.007 | 20.8 |
| 0.005 | 18.4 |
| 0.004 | 16.2 |
| 0.002 | 13.1 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| | Silt | | Sand | | Gravel | | | |
| 13.1 | 25.3 | | 24.9 | | 36.8 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light brown slightly sandy gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP02

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

NM
TL
Ltd

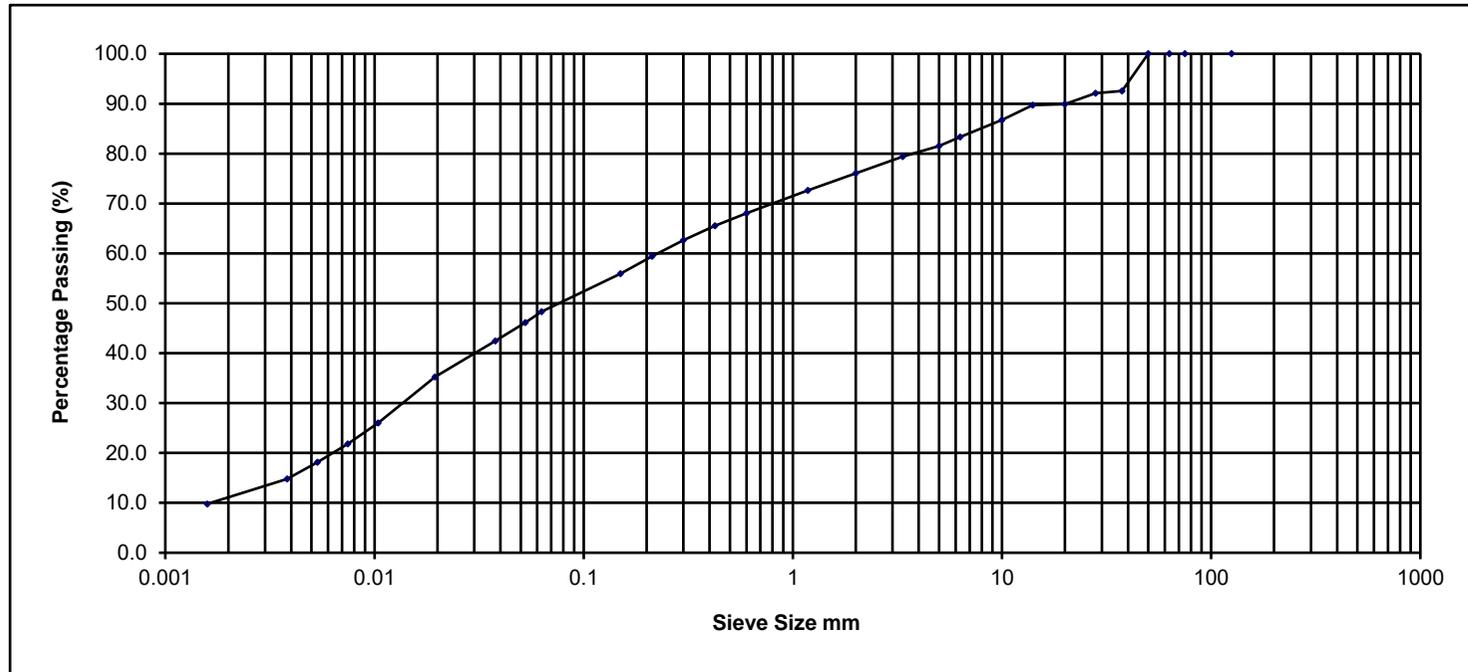
| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 3.50m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve | % |
|---------|---------|
| Size mm | Passing |
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 100.0 |
| 37.500 | 92.5 |
| 28.000 | 92.1 |
| 20.000 | 89.9 |
| 14.000 | 89.7 |
| 10.000 | 86.8 |
| 6.300 | 83.4 |
| 5.000 | 81.5 |
| 3.350 | 79.4 |
| 2.000 | 76.1 |
| 1.180 | 72.6 |
| 0.600 | 68.1 |
| 0.425 | 65.5 |
| 0.300 | 62.6 |
| 0.212 | 59.4 |
| 0.150 | 55.9 |
| 0.063 | 48.3 |
| 0.053 | 46.1 |
| 0.038 | 42.5 |
| 0.019 | 35.2 |
| 0.010 | 26.0 |
| 0.007 | 21.8 |
| 0.005 | 18.2 |
| 0.004 | 14.8 |
| 0.002 | 9.8 |

NM
TL
Ltd

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| | Silt | | Sand | | Gravel | | | |
| 9.8 | 38.6 | | 27.7 | | 23.9 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light grey brown slightly gravelly slightly sandy silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP03

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

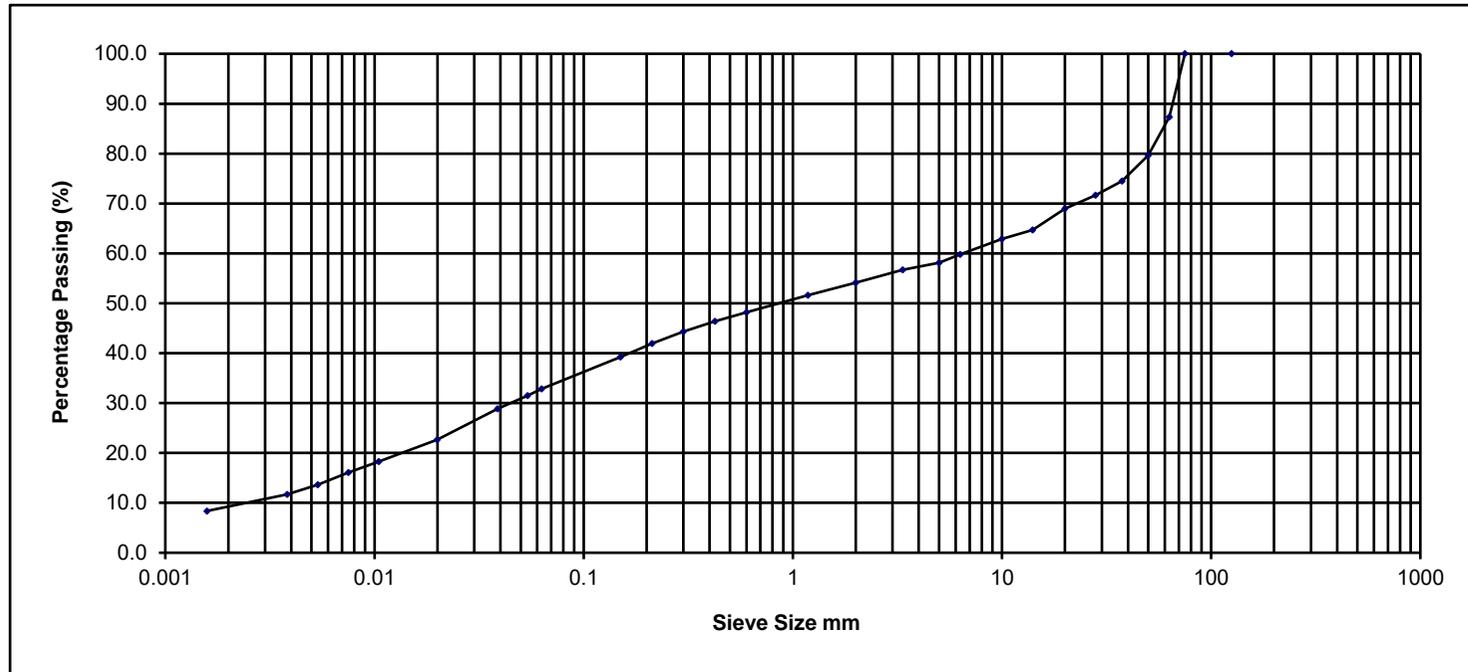
Sample No. B

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 3.10m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve | % |
|---------|---------|
| Size mm | Passing |
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 87.3 |
| 50.000 | 79.7 |
| 37.500 | 74.5 |
| 28.000 | 71.7 |
| 20.000 | 69.0 |
| 14.000 | 64.7 |
| 10.000 | 62.9 |
| 6.300 | 59.8 |
| 5.000 | 58.1 |
| 3.350 | 56.7 |
| 2.000 | 54.1 |
| 1.180 | 51.6 |
| 0.600 | 48.2 |
| 0.425 | 46.4 |
| 0.300 | 44.3 |
| 0.212 | 41.9 |
| 0.150 | 39.3 |
| 0.063 | 32.8 |
| 0.054 | 31.5 |
| 0.039 | 28.8 |
| 0.020 | 22.7 |
| 0.010 | 18.3 |
| 0.007 | 16.1 |
| 0.005 | 13.7 |
| 0.004 | 11.7 |
| 0.002 | 8.4 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



Percentage Particle Size

| Clay | Fine | | | Medium | | | Coarse | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| 8.4 | Silt | | | Sand | | | Gravel | | | 12.7 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light grey/ brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP04

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

NM
TL
Ltd

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 1.20m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

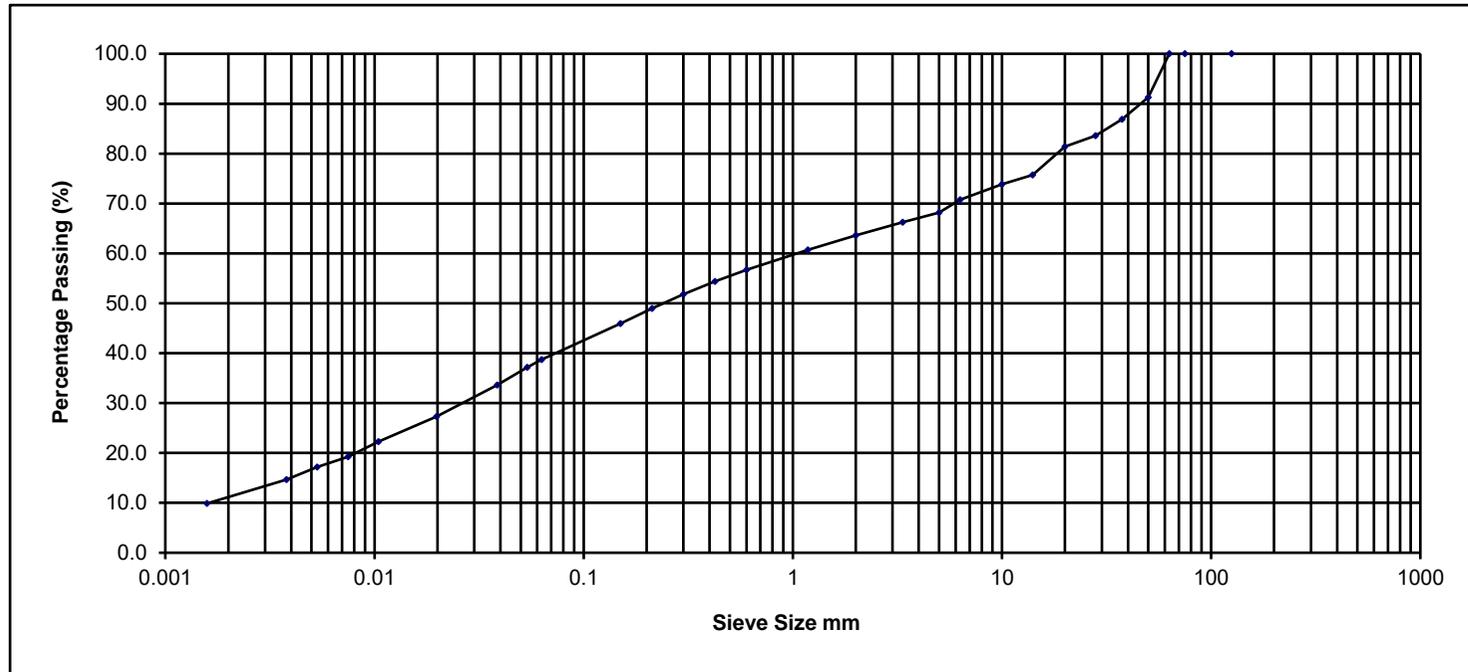
NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 91.3 |
| 37.500 | 86.9 |
| 28.000 | 83.6 |
| 20.000 | 81.4 |
| 14.000 | 75.7 |
| 10.000 | 73.9 |
| 6.300 | 70.7 |
| 5.000 | 68.2 |
| 3.350 | 66.3 |
| 2.000 | 63.6 |
| 1.180 | 60.7 |
| 0.600 | 56.7 |
| 0.425 | 54.4 |
| 0.300 | 51.8 |
| 0.212 | 49.0 |
| 0.150 | 45.9 |
| 0.063 | 38.7 |
| 0.054 | 37.2 |
| 0.039 | 33.6 |
| 0.020 | 27.3 |
| 0.010 | 22.3 |
| 0.007 | 19.2 |
| 0.005 | 17.2 |
| 0.004 | 14.7 |
| 0.002 | 9.9 |

NM
TL

Ltd

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| | Silt | | Sand | | Gravel | | | |
| 9.9 | 28.8 | | 24.9 | | 36.4 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP05

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

Operator Js

Checked Nc

Approved Bc

Date sample tested

20/03/2024

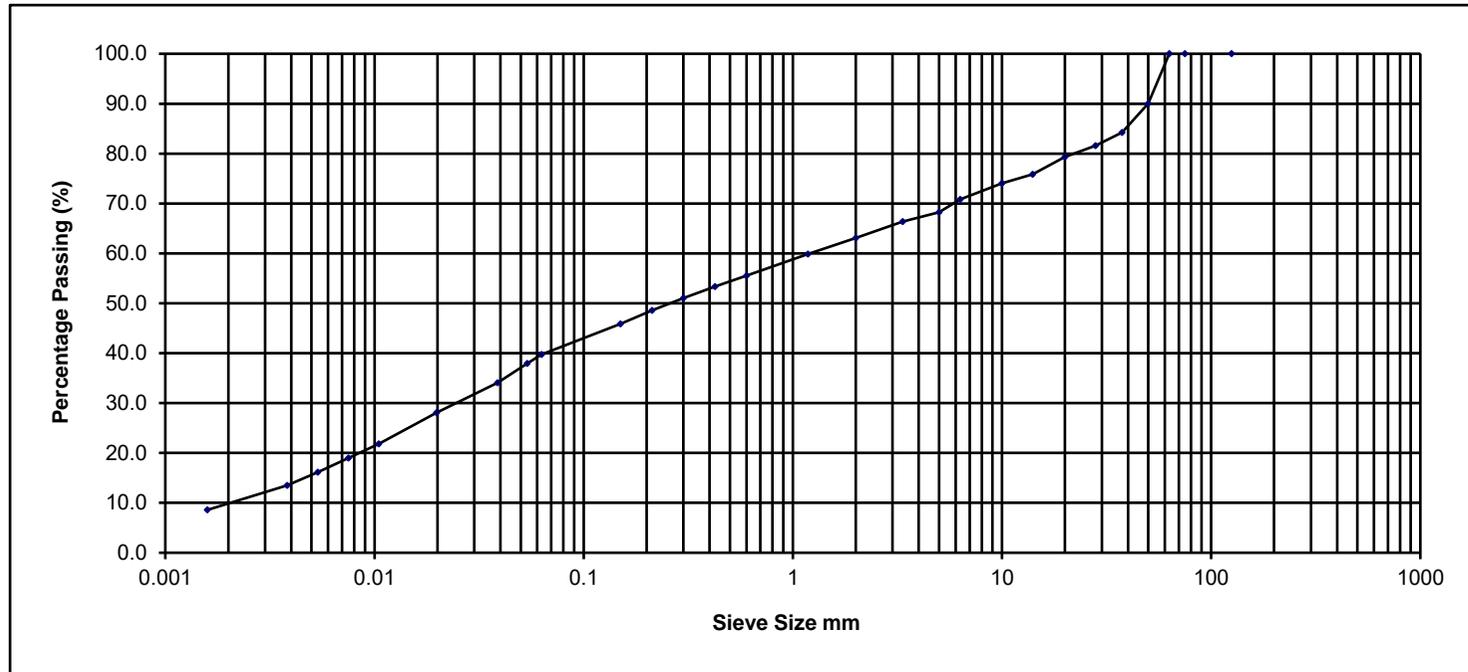
Depth

1.10m

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 90.0 |
| 37.500 | 84.2 |
| 28.000 | 81.6 |
| 20.000 | 79.3 |
| 14.000 | 75.9 |
| 10.000 | 74.0 |
| 6.300 | 70.8 |
| 5.000 | 68.3 |
| 3.350 | 66.3 |
| 2.000 | 63.1 |
| 1.180 | 59.8 |
| 0.600 | 55.5 |
| 0.425 | 53.3 |
| 0.300 | 51.0 |
| 0.212 | 48.6 |
| 0.150 | 45.9 |
| 0.063 | 39.8 |
| 0.054 | 37.9 |
| 0.039 | 34.0 |
| 0.020 | 28.1 |
| 0.010 | 21.8 |
| 0.007 | 19.0 |
| 0.005 | 16.1 |
| 0.004 | 13.5 |
| 0.002 | 8.6 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| | Silt | | Sand | | Gravel | | | |
| 8.6 | 31.2 | | 23.4 | | 36.9 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light grey brown slightly sandy gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP05

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

NMTL
TL

Ltd

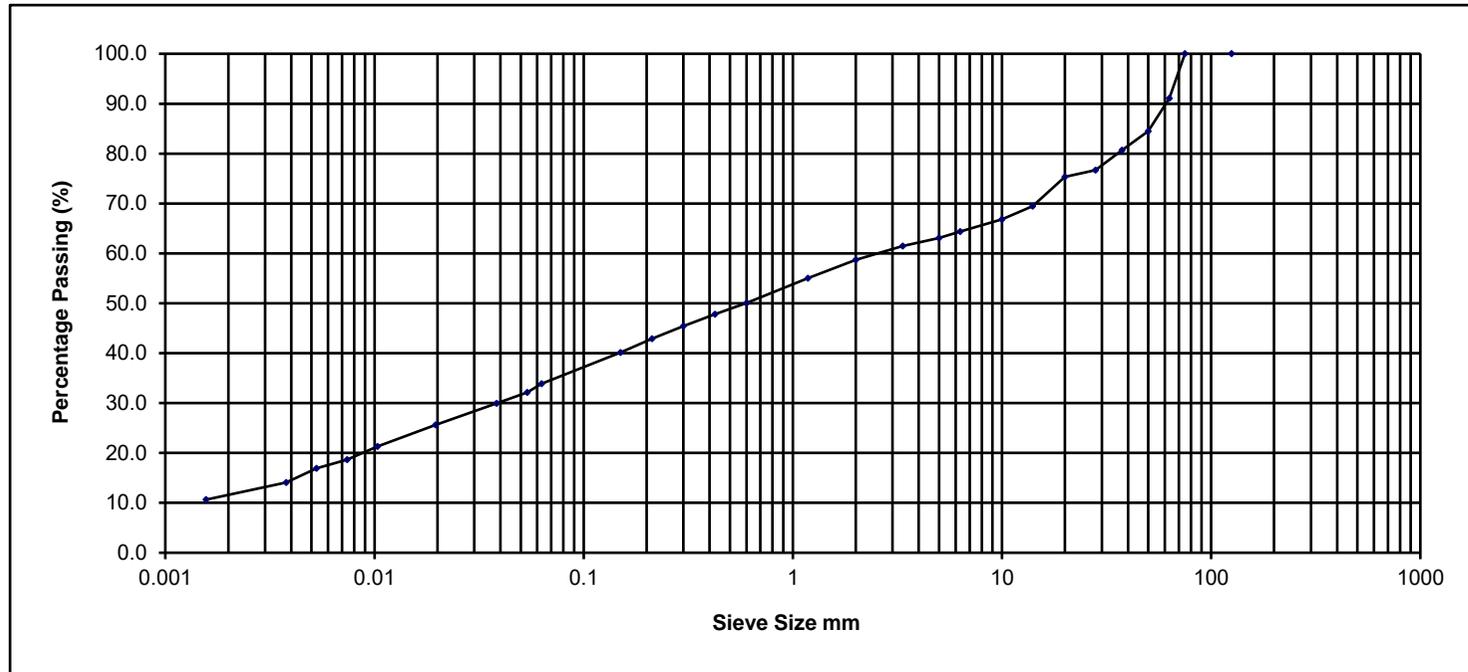
| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 2.60m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 91.1 |
| 50.000 | 84.5 |
| 37.500 | 80.7 |
| 28.000 | 76.7 |
| 20.000 | 75.3 |
| 14.000 | 69.5 |
| 10.000 | 66.8 |
| 6.300 | 64.4 |
| 5.000 | 63.1 |
| 3.350 | 61.5 |
| 2.000 | 58.7 |
| 1.180 | 55.0 |
| 0.600 | 50.1 |
| 0.425 | 47.8 |
| 0.300 | 45.4 |
| 0.212 | 42.9 |
| 0.150 | 40.1 |
| 0.063 | 33.9 |
| 0.054 | 32.1 |
| 0.038 | 30.0 |
| 0.020 | 25.6 |
| 0.010 | 21.3 |
| 0.007 | 18.7 |
| 0.005 | 16.9 |
| 0.004 | 14.1 |
| 0.002 | 10.6 |

NM
TL
Ltd

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Fine | | | Medium | | | Coarse | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| 10.6 | Silt | | | Sand | | | Gravel | | | 8.9 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP06

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

Operator Js

Checked Nc

Approved Bc

Date sample tested

20/03/2024

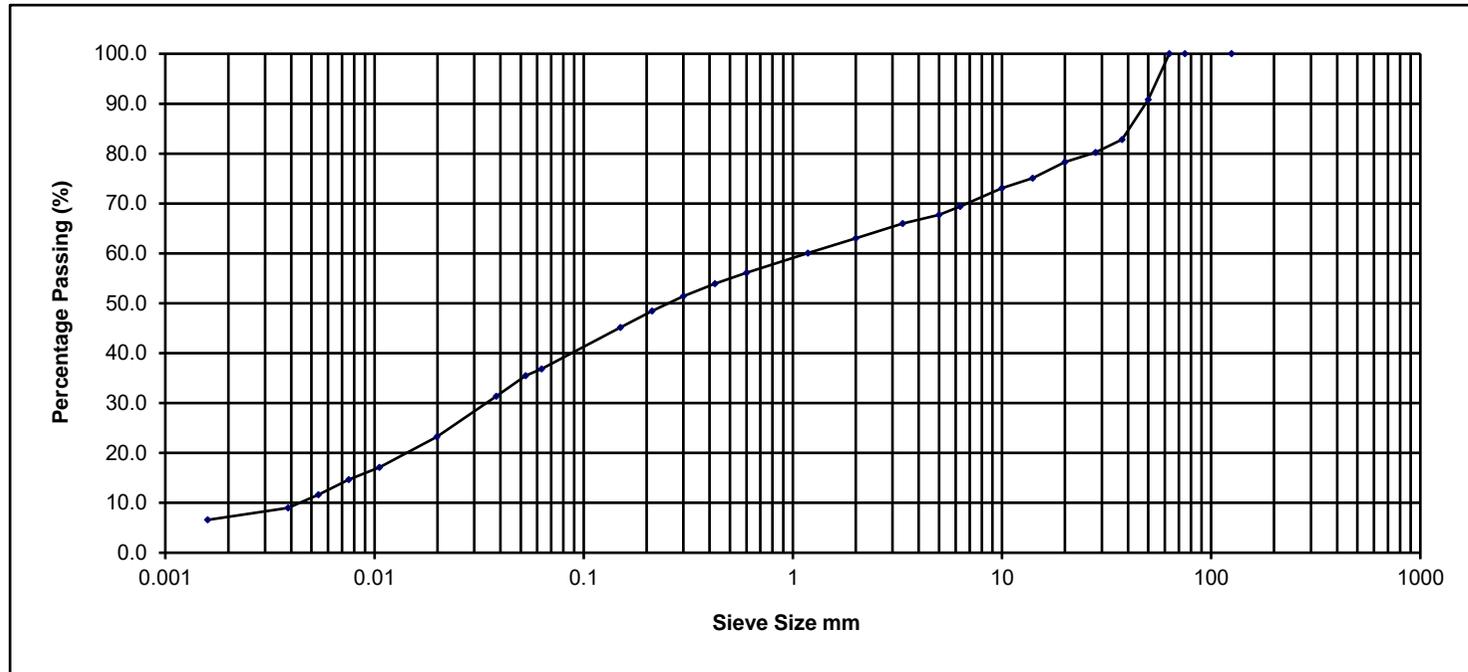
Depth

2.40m

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 90.8 |
| 37.500 | 82.8 |
| 28.000 | 80.2 |
| 20.000 | 78.3 |
| 14.000 | 75.1 |
| 10.000 | 73.1 |
| 6.300 | 69.4 |
| 5.000 | 67.7 |
| 3.350 | 66.0 |
| 2.000 | 63.0 |
| 1.180 | 60.1 |
| 0.600 | 56.1 |
| 0.425 | 53.9 |
| 0.300 | 51.4 |
| 0.212 | 48.5 |
| 0.150 | 45.1 |
| 0.063 | 36.8 |
| 0.053 | 35.5 |
| 0.038 | 31.3 |
| 0.020 | 23.2 |
| 0.011 | 17.1 |
| 0.008 | 14.7 |
| 0.005 | 11.6 |
| 0.004 | 9.0 |
| 0.002 | 6.6 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| | Silt | | Sand | | Gravel | | | |
| 6.6 | 30.2 | | 26.2 | | 37.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description: Brown slightly sandy gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP07

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

NMTL
TL
Ltd

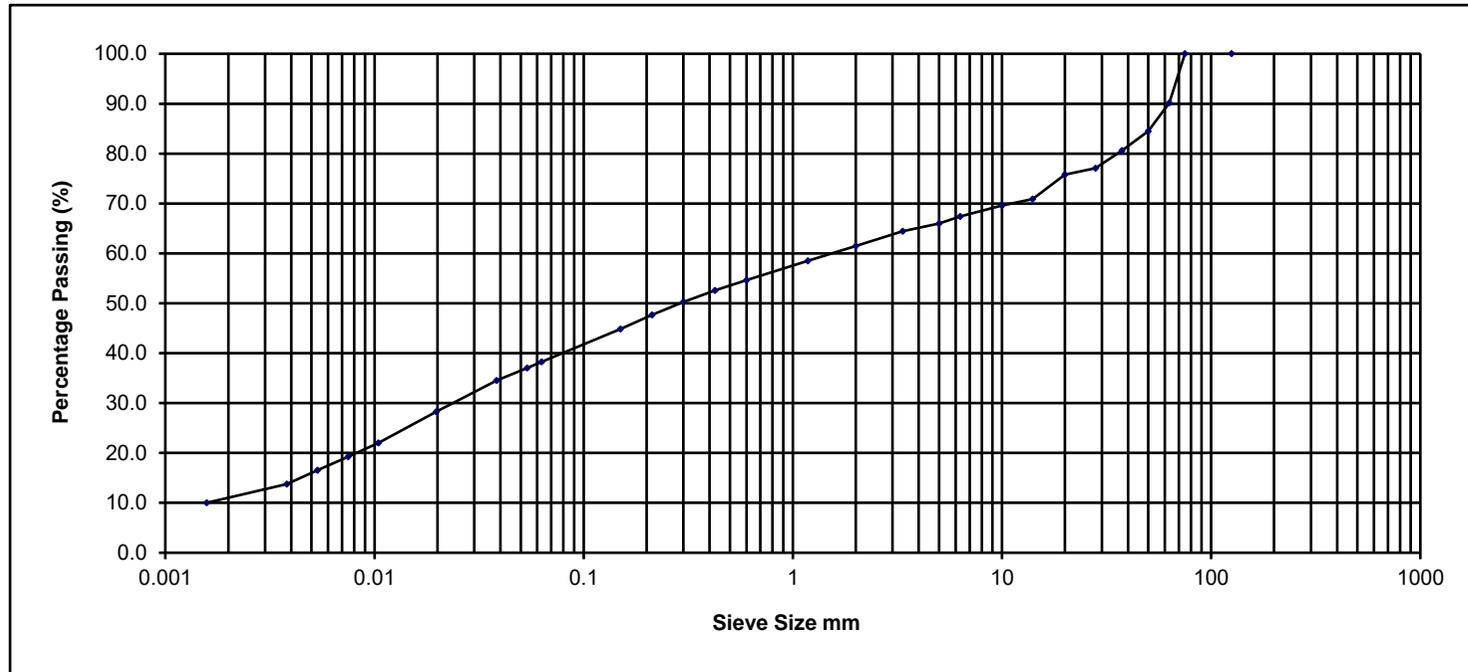
| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 1.00m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 90.2 |
| 50.000 | 84.5 |
| 37.500 | 80.6 |
| 28.000 | 77.1 |
| 20.000 | 75.8 |
| 14.000 | 70.9 |
| 10.000 | 69.6 |
| 6.300 | 67.4 |
| 5.000 | 66.0 |
| 3.350 | 64.5 |
| 2.000 | 61.5 |
| 1.180 | 58.5 |
| 0.600 | 54.6 |
| 0.425 | 52.6 |
| 0.300 | 50.3 |
| 0.212 | 47.7 |
| 0.150 | 44.9 |
| 0.063 | 38.3 |
| 0.054 | 37.0 |
| 0.038 | 34.5 |
| 0.020 | 28.3 |
| 0.010 | 22.0 |
| 0.007 | 19.3 |
| 0.005 | 16.5 |
| 0.004 | 13.8 |
| 0.002 | 10.0 |

NM
TL
Ltd

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| | Silt | | Sand | | Gravel | | | |
| 10.0 | 28.3 | | 23.2 | | 28.7 | | 9.8 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP08

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

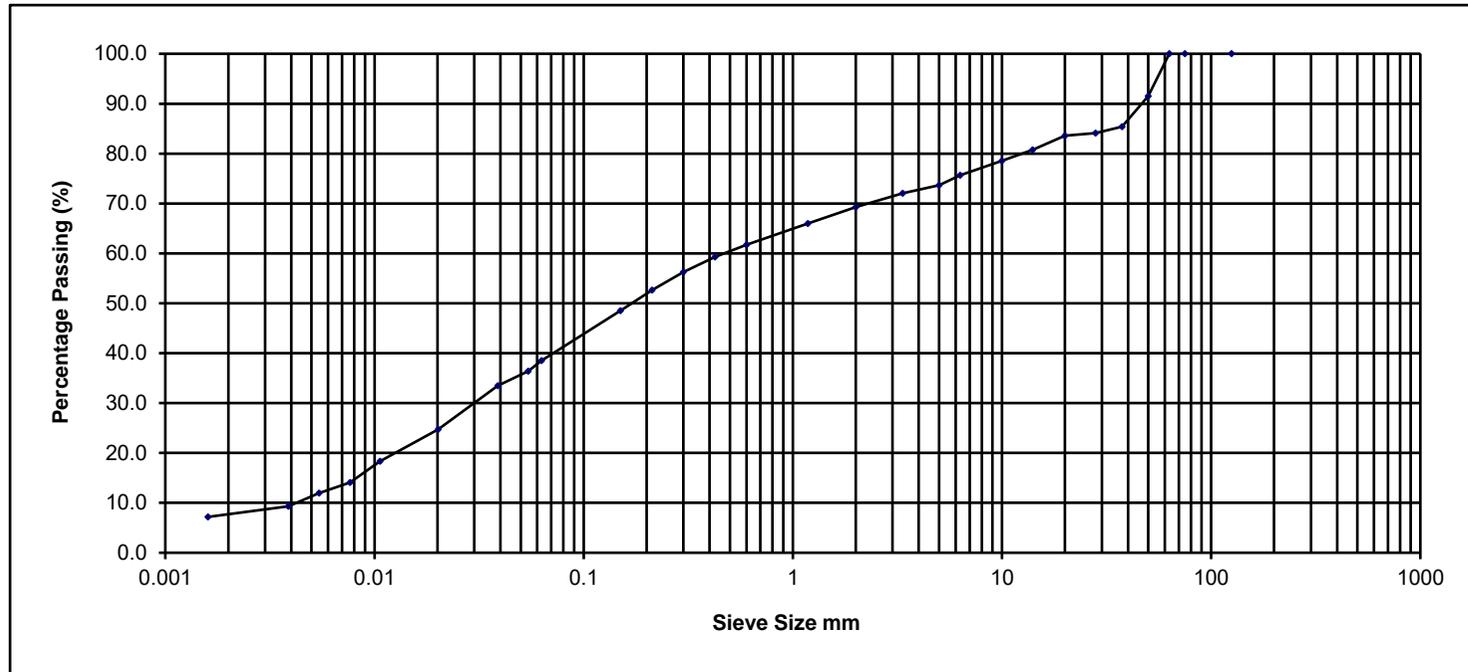
Sample No. B

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 1.10m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 91.5 |
| 37.500 | 85.4 |
| 28.000 | 84.1 |
| 20.000 | 83.6 |
| 14.000 | 80.7 |
| 10.000 | 78.6 |
| 6.300 | 75.6 |
| 5.000 | 73.6 |
| 3.350 | 72.0 |
| 2.000 | 69.3 |
| 1.180 | 66.0 |
| 0.600 | 61.7 |
| 0.425 | 59.2 |
| 0.300 | 56.3 |
| 0.212 | 52.6 |
| 0.150 | 48.5 |
| 0.063 | 38.5 |
| 0.054 | 36.4 |
| 0.039 | 33.5 |
| 0.020 | 24.7 |
| 0.011 | 18.3 |
| 0.008 | 14.1 |
| 0.005 | 12.0 |
| 0.004 | 9.3 |
| 0.002 | 7.2 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | Cobbles | Boulder | |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|-----|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | | |
| | Silt | | Sand | | | Gravel | | | |
| 7.2 | 31.4 | | 30.7 | | | 30.7 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description: Brown/grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP09

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

NMTL
TL

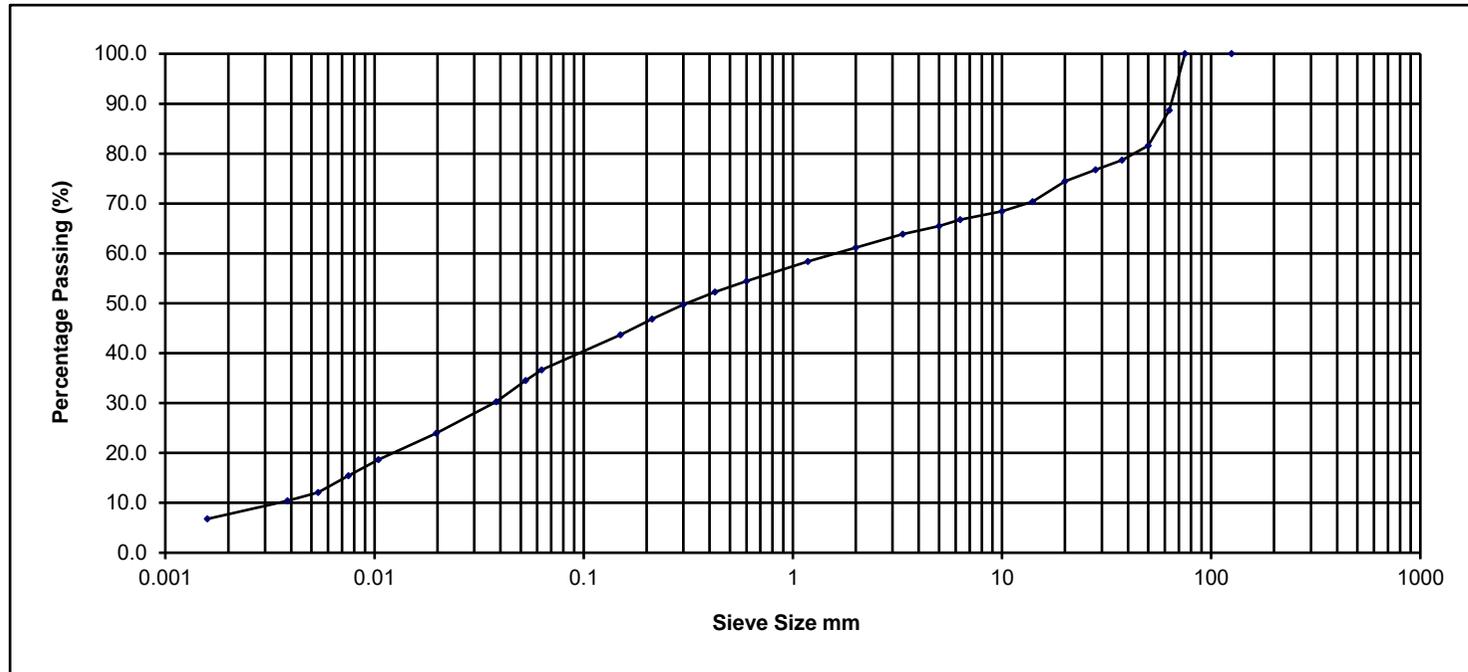
Ltd

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 1.00m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 88.7 |
| 50.000 | 81.6 |
| 37.500 | 78.7 |
| 28.000 | 76.8 |
| 20.000 | 74.4 |
| 14.000 | 70.4 |
| 10.000 | 68.5 |
| 6.300 | 66.8 |
| 5.000 | 65.5 |
| 3.350 | 63.8 |
| 2.000 | 61.2 |
| 1.180 | 58.4 |
| 0.600 | 54.5 |
| 0.425 | 52.2 |
| 0.300 | 49.7 |
| 0.212 | 46.9 |
| 0.150 | 43.7 |
| 0.063 | 36.6 |
| 0.053 | 34.5 |
| 0.038 | 30.3 |
| 0.020 | 23.9 |
| 0.010 | 18.6 |
| 0.007 | 15.5 |
| 0.005 | 12.1 |
| 0.004 | 10.4 |
| 0.002 | 6.8 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



Percentage Particle Size

| Clay | Fine | | | Medium | | | Coarse | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| 6.8 | 29.9 | | | 24.5 | | | 27.5 | | | 11.3 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP09

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

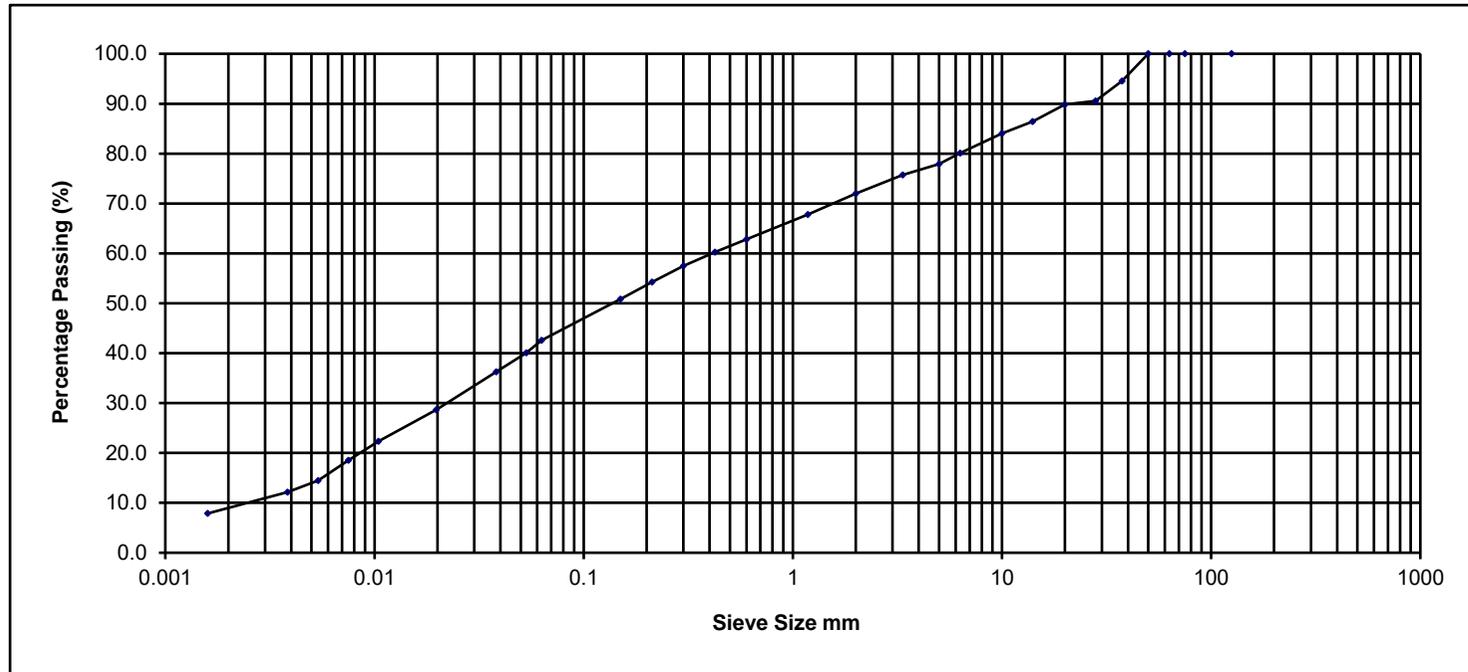
NM
TL
Ltd

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 2.25m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve | % |
|---------|---------|
| Size mm | Passing |
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 100.0 |
| 37.500 | 94.6 |
| 28.000 | 90.5 |
| 20.000 | 89.8 |
| 14.000 | 86.4 |
| 10.000 | 84.0 |
| 6.300 | 80.1 |
| 5.000 | 77.9 |
| 3.350 | 75.8 |
| 2.000 | 72.0 |
| 1.180 | 67.8 |
| 0.600 | 62.8 |
| 0.425 | 60.3 |
| 0.300 | 57.4 |
| 0.212 | 54.3 |
| 0.150 | 50.8 |
| 0.063 | 42.6 |
| 0.053 | 40.1 |
| 0.038 | 36.3 |
| 0.020 | 28.7 |
| 0.010 | 22.3 |
| 0.007 | 18.5 |
| 0.005 | 14.5 |
| 0.004 | 12.2 |
| 0.002 | 7.9 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Clay | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Cobbles | Boulder |
| | Silt | | | Sand | | | Gravel | | | | |
| 7.9 | 34.7 | | | 29.4 | | | 28.0 | | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Brown slightly gravelly slightly sandy silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP10A

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

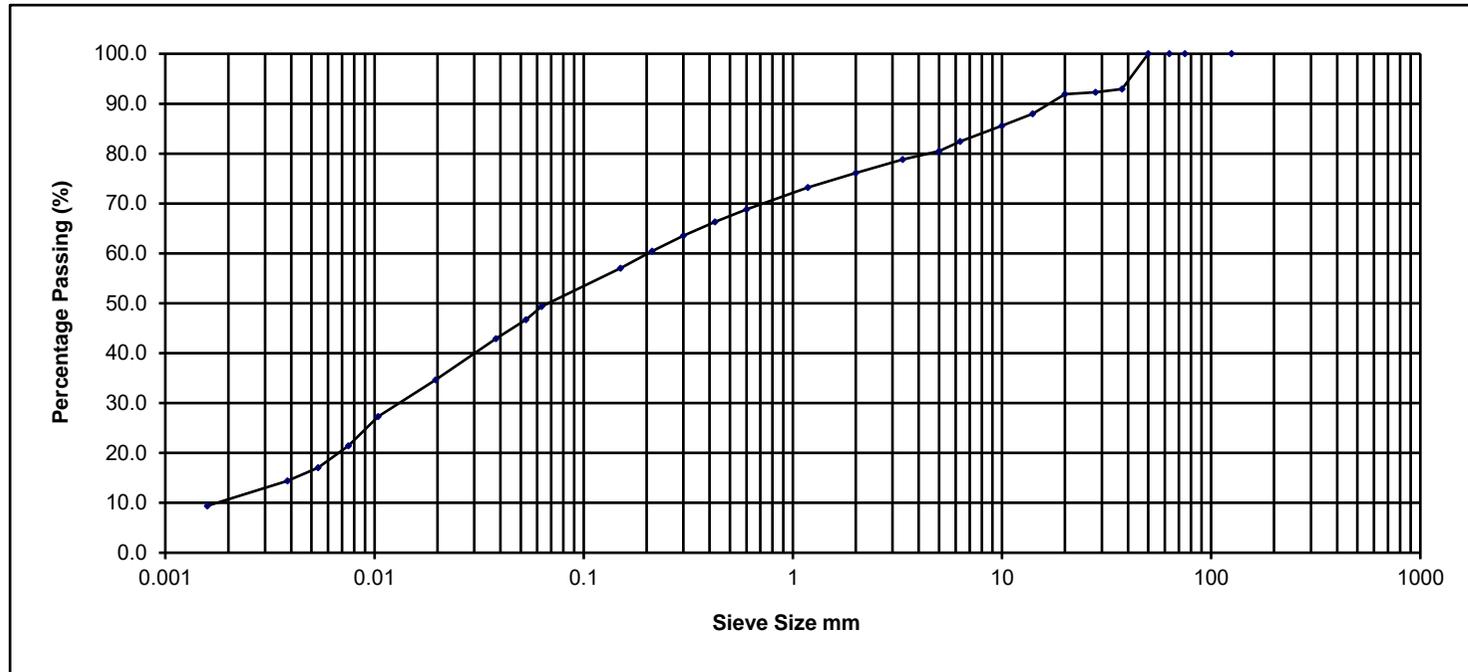
NM
TL
Ltd

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 1.00m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 100.0 |
| 37.500 | 93.0 |
| 28.000 | 92.3 |
| 20.000 | 91.9 |
| 14.000 | 88.0 |
| 10.000 | 85.6 |
| 6.300 | 82.5 |
| 5.000 | 80.5 |
| 3.350 | 78.8 |
| 2.000 | 76.1 |
| 1.180 | 73.2 |
| 0.600 | 68.8 |
| 0.425 | 66.3 |
| 0.300 | 63.5 |
| 0.212 | 60.4 |
| 0.150 | 57.0 |
| 0.063 | 49.4 |
| 0.053 | 46.7 |
| 0.038 | 42.9 |
| 0.020 | 34.7 |
| 0.010 | 27.3 |
| 0.007 | 21.4 |
| 0.005 | 17.0 |
| 0.004 | 14.4 |
| 0.002 | 9.4 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| | Silt | | Sand | | Gravel | | | |
| 9.4 | 40.0 | | 26.7 | | 23.9 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description Light brown slightly gravelly slightly sandy silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP10A

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

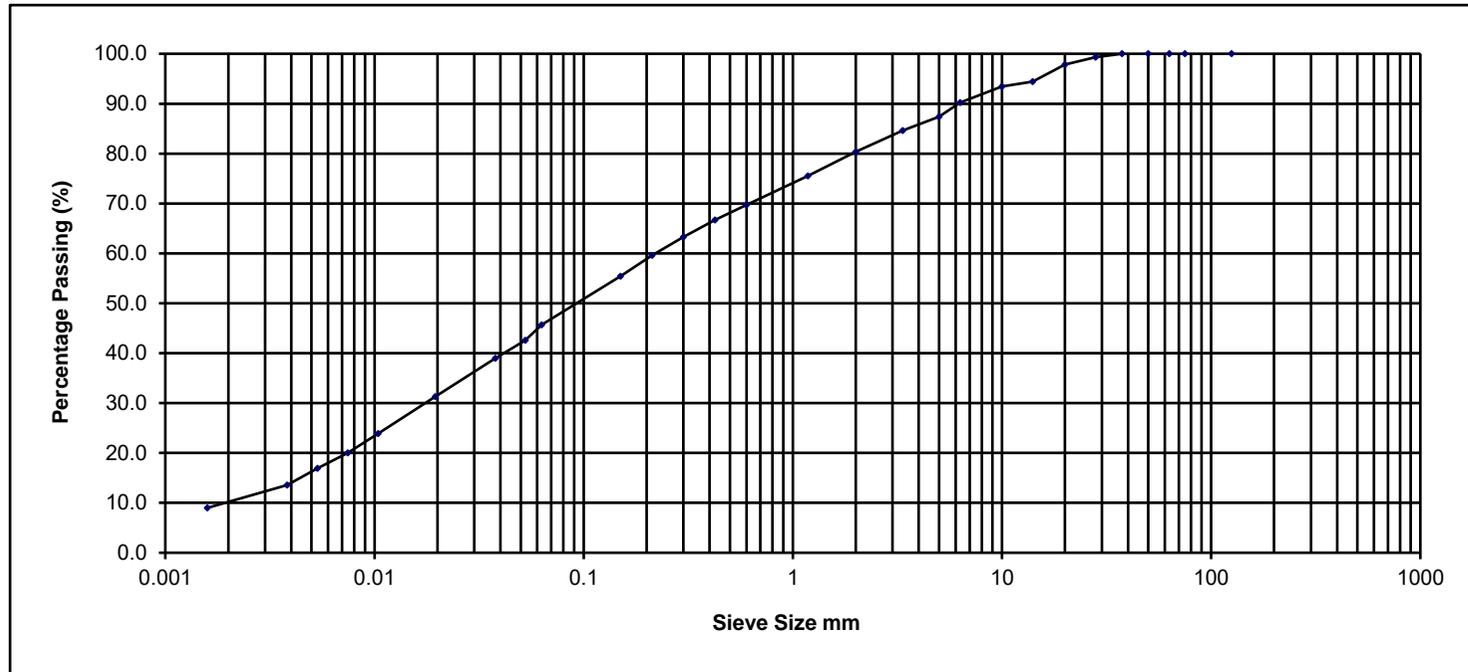
NMTL
TL
Ltd

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 2.00m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

NMTL Ltd

| Sieve Size mm | % Passing |
|---------------|-----------|
| 125.000 | 100.0 |
| 75.000 | 100.0 |
| 63.000 | 100.0 |
| 50.000 | 100.0 |
| 37.500 | 100.0 |
| 28.000 | 99.3 |
| 20.000 | 97.8 |
| 14.000 | 94.4 |
| 10.000 | 93.5 |
| 6.300 | 90.2 |
| 5.000 | 87.4 |
| 3.350 | 84.6 |
| 2.000 | 80.4 |
| 1.180 | 75.5 |
| 0.600 | 69.7 |
| 0.425 | 66.7 |
| 0.300 | 63.3 |
| 0.212 | 59.6 |
| 0.150 | 55.4 |
| 0.063 | 45.6 |
| 0.053 | 42.6 |
| 0.038 | 39.0 |
| 0.020 | 31.3 |
| 0.010 | 23.8 |
| 0.007 | 20.0 |
| 0.005 | 16.9 |
| 0.004 | 13.6 |
| 0.002 | 9.0 |

Determination of Particle Size Distribution BS 1377 : 1990 : Part 2 : Clauses 9.2 & 9.5



| Clay | Percentage Particle Size | | | | | | Cobbles | Boulder |
|------|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Fine | Medium | Coarse | Fine | Medium | Coarse | | |
| | Silt | | Sand | | Gravel | | | |
| 9.0 | 36.7 | | 34.7 | | 19.6 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Sample Description: Brown slightly gravelly slightly sandy silty CLAY.

Project No. NMTL 3723

BH/TP No. TP11

Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

GII Project ID:13352-01-24

Sample No. B

NMTL
TL

Ltd

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Operator | Js | Checked | Nc | Approved | Bc | Date sample tested | 20/03/2024 | Depth | 1.00m |
|----------|----|---------|----|----------|----|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|

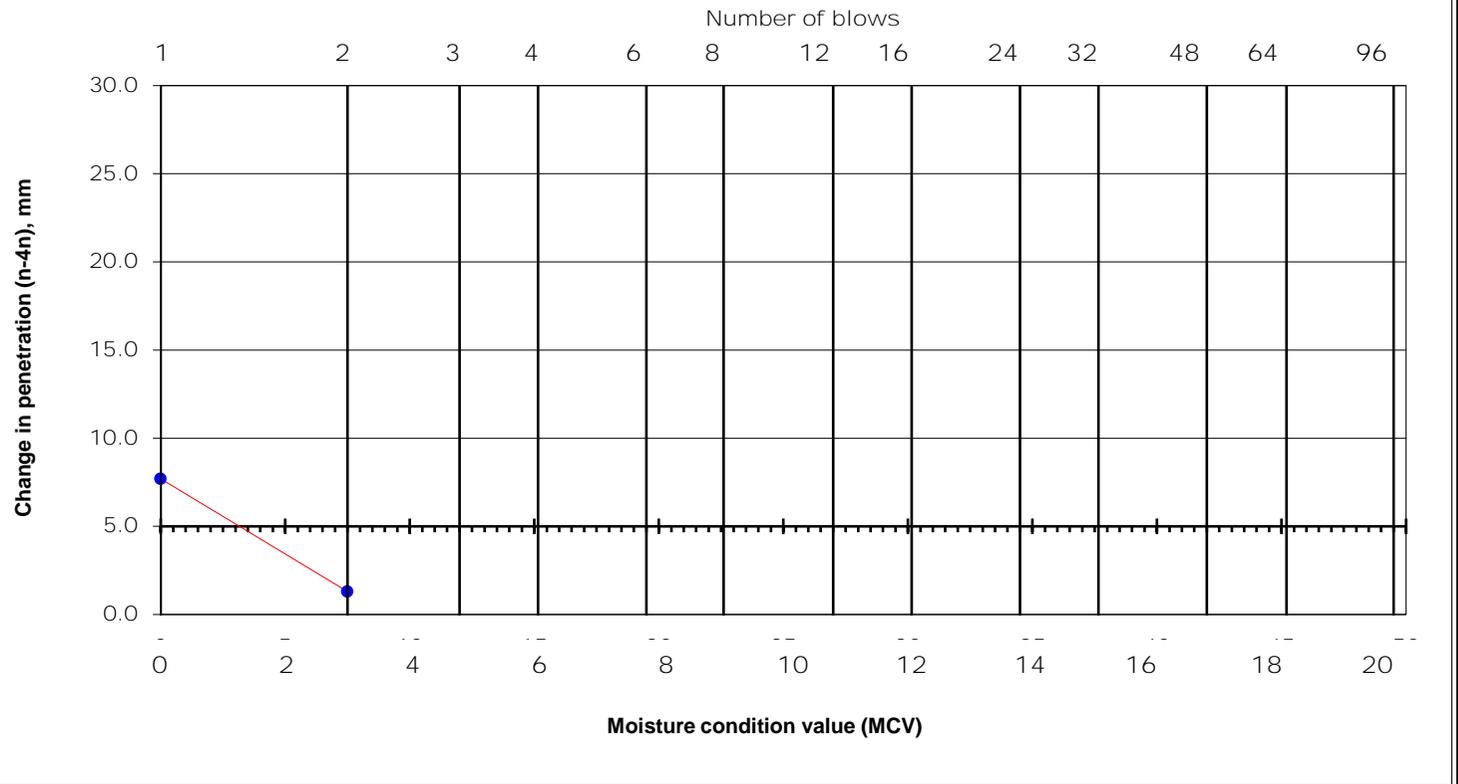
SINGLE POINT MOISTURE CONDITION VALUE TEST

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Single sample mass | |
| Initial sample mass | 1683 g |
| Moisture content | 13.1 % |
| Dry mass | 1487.9 g |
| Mass retained on 20mm sieve | g 19.8 % |

| | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Project Name: Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit | Job ref. | NMTL_7326 |
| | GII Project ID | 13521-01-24 |
| | BH/TP | TP02 |
| Soil description: Light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY. | Sample no. | B |
| | Depth | 1.00m |
| Test method BS 1377 : Part 4 : 1990 : 5 | Date Tested | 21/03/2024 |
| | Date Sampled | N/A |
| | Date Received | 16/03/2024 |

MCV 1.3 Natural

| Total number of blows n | Penetration or protrusion mm | Change in penetration n to 4n mm |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 56.6 | 7.7 |
| 2 | 49.5 | 1.3 |
| 3 | 49.1 | |
| 4 | 48.9 | |
| 6 | 48.6 | |
| 8 | 48.2 | |
| 12 | | |
| 16 | | |
| 24 | | |
| 32 | | |
| 48 | | |
| 64 | | |
| 96 | | |
| 128 | | |
| 192 | | |
| 256 | | |



NMTL Ltd

| | | |
|----------|---------|----------|
| Operator | Checked | Approved |
| Dk | Nc | Bc |

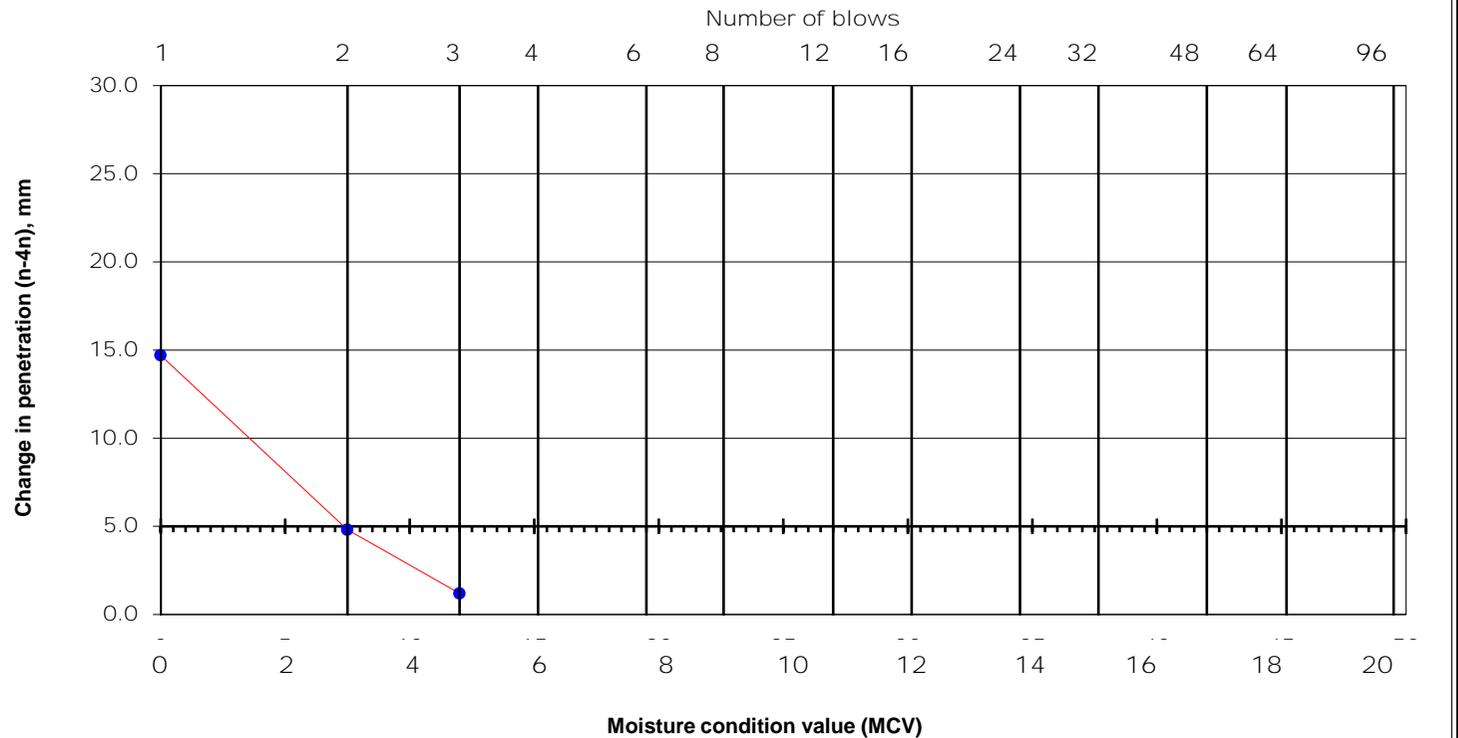
SINGLE POINT MOISTURE CONDITION VALUE TEST

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Single sample mass | |
| Initial sample mass | 1580 g |
| Moisture content | 12.0 % |
| Dry mass | 1410.8 g |
| Mass retained on 20mm sieve | g 31.0 % |

| | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Project Name: Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit | Job ref. | NMTL_7326 |
| | GII Project ID | 13521-01-24 |
| | BH/TP | TP04 |
| Soil description: Light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY. | Sample no. | B |
| | Depth | 1.20m |
| Test method BS 1377 : Part 4 : 1990 : 5 | Date Tested | 21/03/2024 |
| | Date Sampled | N/A |
| | Date Received | 16/03/2024 |

MCV 3.0 Natural

| Total number of blows n | Penetration or protrusion mm | Change in penetration n to 4n mm |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 55.6 | 14.7 |
| 2 | 45.2 | 4.8 |
| 3 | 41.5 | 1.2 |
| 4 | 40.9 | |
| 6 | 40.5 | |
| 8 | 40.4 | |
| 12 | 40.3 | |
| 16 | | |
| 24 | | |
| 32 | | |
| 48 | | |
| 64 | | |
| 96 | | |
| 128 | | |
| 192 | | |
| 256 | | |



NMTL Ltd

| | | |
|----------|---------|----------|
| Operator | Checked | Approved |
| Dk | Nc | Bc |

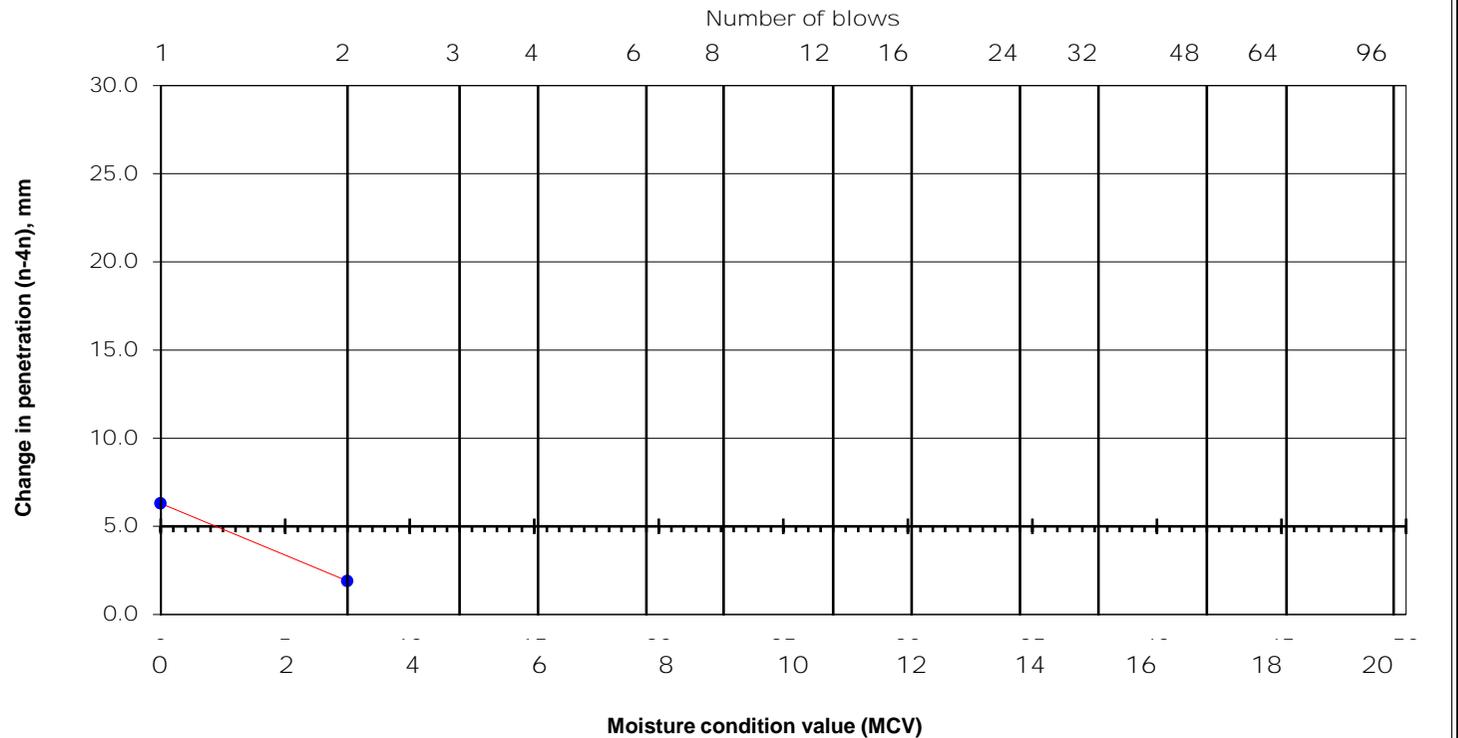
SINGLE POINT MOISTURE CONDITION VALUE TEST

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Single sample mass | |
| Initial sample mass | 1542 g |
| Moisture content | 12.4 % |
| Dry mass | 1372.2 g |
| Mass retained on 20mm sieve | g 18.4 % |

| | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Project Name: Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit | Job ref. | NMTL_7326 |
| | GII Project ID | 13521-01-24 |
| | BH/TP | TP05 |
| Soil description: Light grey brown slightly sandy gravelly silty CLAY. | Sample no. | B |
| | Depth | 2.60m |
| Test method BS 1377 : Part 4 : 1990 : 5 | Date Tested | 21/03/2024 |
| | Date Sampled | N/A |
| | Date Received | 16/03/2024 |

MCV 0.9 Natural

| Total number of blows n | Penetration or protrusion mm | Change in penetration n to 4n mm |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 46.2 | 6.3 |
| 2 | 41.7 | 1.9 |
| 3 | 40.0 | |
| 4 | 39.9 | |
| 6 | 39.8 | |
| 8 | 39.8 | |
| 12 | | |
| 16 | | |
| 24 | | |
| 32 | | |
| 48 | | |
| 64 | | |
| 96 | | |
| 128 | | |
| 192 | | |
| 256 | | |



NMTL Ltd

| | | |
|----------|---------|----------|
| Operator | Checked | Approved |
| Dk | Nc | Bc |

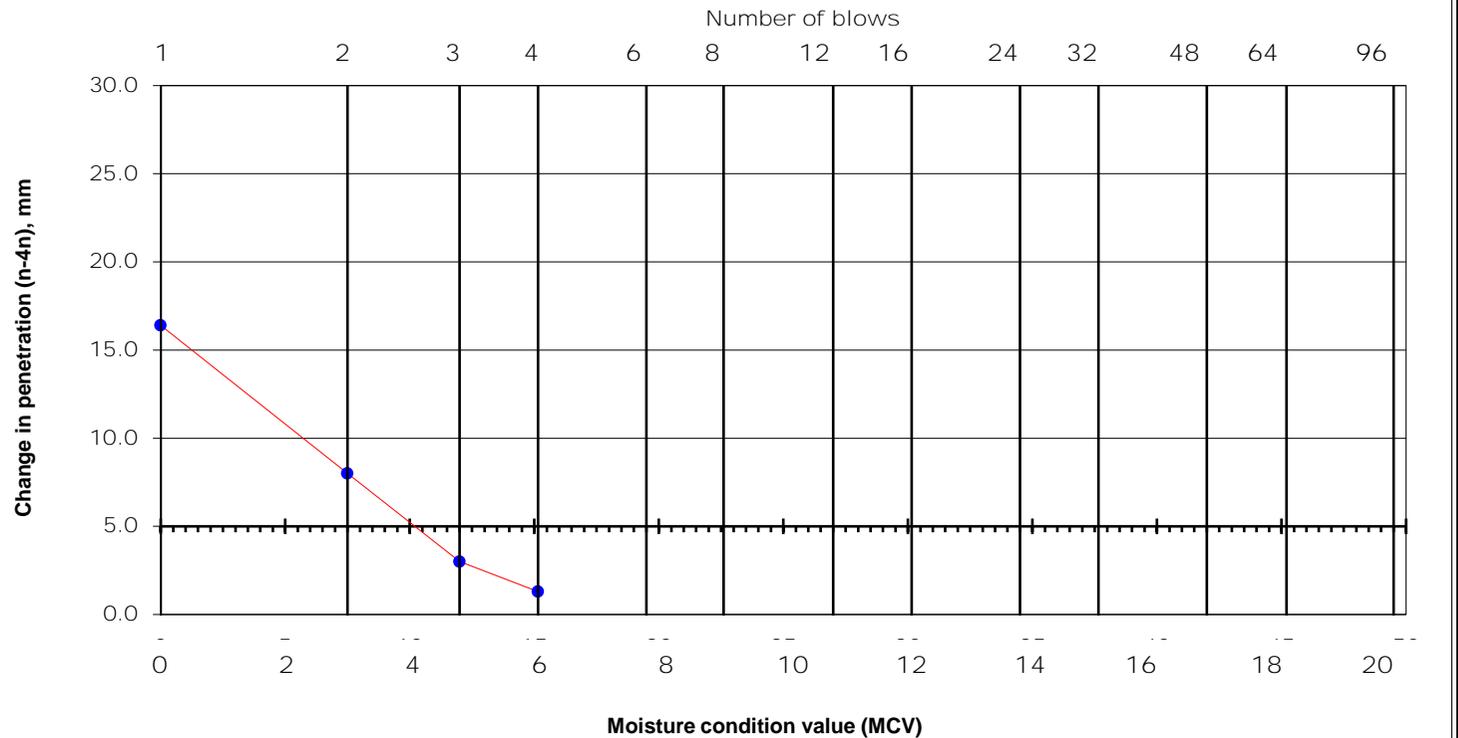
SINGLE POINT MOISTURE CONDITION VALUE TEST

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Single sample mass | |
| Initial sample mass | 1552 g |
| Moisture content | 11.0 % |
| Dry mass | 1398.0 g |
| Mass retained on 20mm sieve | g 24.7 % |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|------------|
| Project Name: Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit | Job ref. | NMTL_7326 | |
| | GII Project ID | 13521-01-24 | |
| | BH/TP | TP06 | |
| Soil description: Light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY. | Sample no. | B | |
| | Depth | 2.40m | |
| Test method | BS 1377 : Part 4 : 1990 : 5 | Date Tested | 21/03/2024 |
| | | Date Sampled | N/A |
| | | Date Received | 16/03/2024 |

MCV 4.1 Natural

| Total number of blows n | Penetration or protrusion mm | Change in penetration n to 4n mm |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 55.6 | 16.4 |
| 2 | 46.7 | 8.0 |
| 3 | 41.1 | 3.0 |
| 4 | 39.2 | 1.3 |
| 6 | 38.7 | |
| 8 | 38.7 | |
| 12 | 38.1 | |
| 16 | 37.9 | |
| 24 | | |
| 32 | | |
| 48 | | |
| 64 | | |
| 96 | | |
| 128 | | |
| 192 | | |
| 256 | | |



NMTL Ltd

| | | |
|----------|---------|----------|
| Operator | Checked | Approved |
| Dk | Nc | Bc |

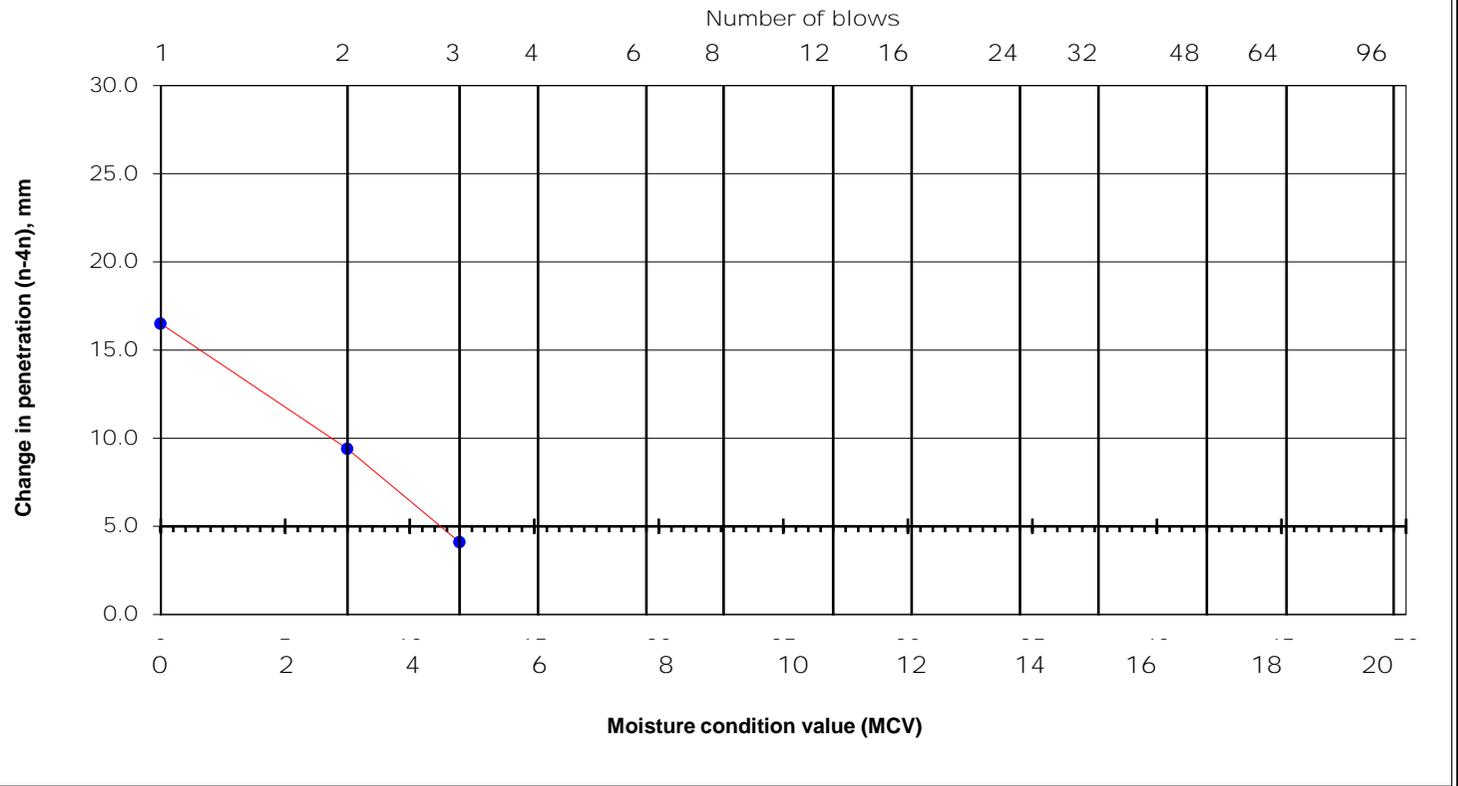
SINGLE POINT MOISTURE CONDITION VALUE TEST

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Single sample mass | |
| Initial sample mass | 1676 g |
| Moisture content | 10.8 % |
| Dry mass | 1512.6 g |
| Mass retained on 20mm sieve | g 16.4 % |

| | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Project Name: Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit | Job ref. | NMTL_7326 |
| | GII Project ID | 13521-01-24 |
| | BH/TP | TP05 |
| Soil description: light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY | Sample no. | B |
| | Depth | 3.60m |
| Test method BS 1377 : Part 4 : 1990 : 5 | Date Tested | 21/03/2024 |
| | Date Sampled | N/A |
| | Date Received | 16/03/2024 |

MCV 4.5 Natural

| Total number of blows n | Penetration or protrusion mm | Change in penetration n to 4n mm |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 75.4 | 16.5 |
| 2 | 67.2 | 9.4 |
| 3 | 61.9 | 4.1 |
| 4 | 58.9 | |
| 6 | 57.9 | |
| 8 | 57.8 | |
| 12 | 57.8 | |
| 16 | | |
| 24 | | |
| 32 | | |
| 48 | | |
| 64 | | |
| 96 | | |
| 128 | | |
| 192 | | |
| 256 | | |



NMTL Ltd

| | | |
|----------|---------|----------|
| Operator | Checked | Approved |
| Dk | Nc | Bc |

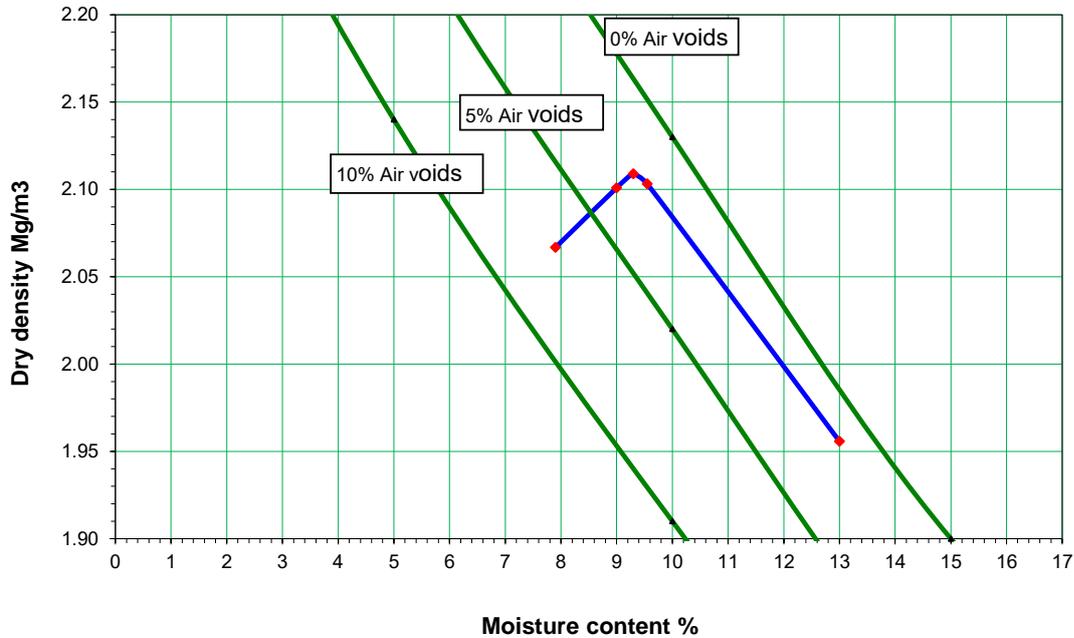
Determination of dry density / moisture content relationship

BS 1377: Part 4: 1990 : Clause 3.4

Location Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

Soil description. **Light brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY**

| Test No. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------------------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Bulk Density | Mg/m ³ | 2.23 | 2.29 | 2.31 | 2.30 | 2.21 |
| Moisture Content | % | 7.9 | 9.0 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 13.0 |
| Dry Density | Mg/m ³ | 2.07 | 2.10 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 1.96 |



| | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|
| Maximum Dry Density | 2.11 | Mg/m ³ | % passing 37.5 mm sieve | 95.9 |
| Optimum Moisture content | 9.3 | % | % passing 20 mm sieve | 90.9 |
| Particle Density | 2.70 | Assumed | | |
| Natural Moisture content | 13.00 | % | | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------|----|--------------------|
| NM TL Ltd | Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit | | | Job No. NMTL 3723 |
| | GII Project ID: 13521-01-24 | | | Trial pit No. TP03 |
| Operator-Dk | 21/03/2024 | Checked | Nc | Approved |
| | | | | Bc |
| | | | | 27/03/2024 |
| | | | | Depth m |
| | | | | 1.10m |

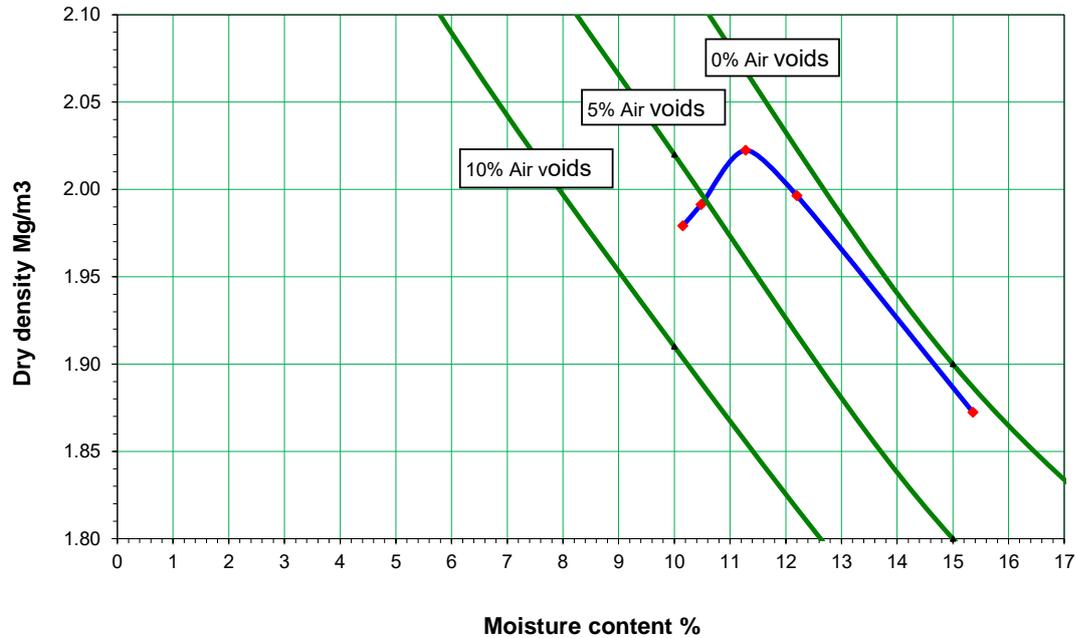
Determination of dry density / moisture content relationship

BS 1377: Part 4: 1990 : Clause 3.4

Location Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit

Soil description. **Light Grey brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY.**

| Test No. | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------------------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Bulk Density | Mg/m ³ | 2.18 | 2.20 | 2.25 | 2.24 | 2.16 |
| Moisture Content | % | 10.2 | 10.5 | 11.3 | 12.2 | 15.4 |
| Dry Density | Mg/m ³ | 1.98 | 1.99 | 2.02 | 2.00 | 1.87 |



| | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|
| Maximum Dry Density | 2.02 | Mg/m ³ | % passing 37.5 mm sieve | 89.3 |
| Optimum Moisture content | 11.3 | % | % passing 20 mm sieve | 80.4 |
| Particle Density | 2.70 | Assumed | | |
| Natural Moisture content | 15.36 | % | | |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|---------------------------------------------------------|
| NM TL Ltd | Project Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit GII Project ID: 13521-01-24 | | | Job No. NMTL 3723 Trial pit No. TP04 Sample No. B |
| | Operator-Dk 21/03/2024 Checked Nc Approved Bc 27/03/2024 | Depth m 3.20m | | |

Determination of dry density / moisture content relationship

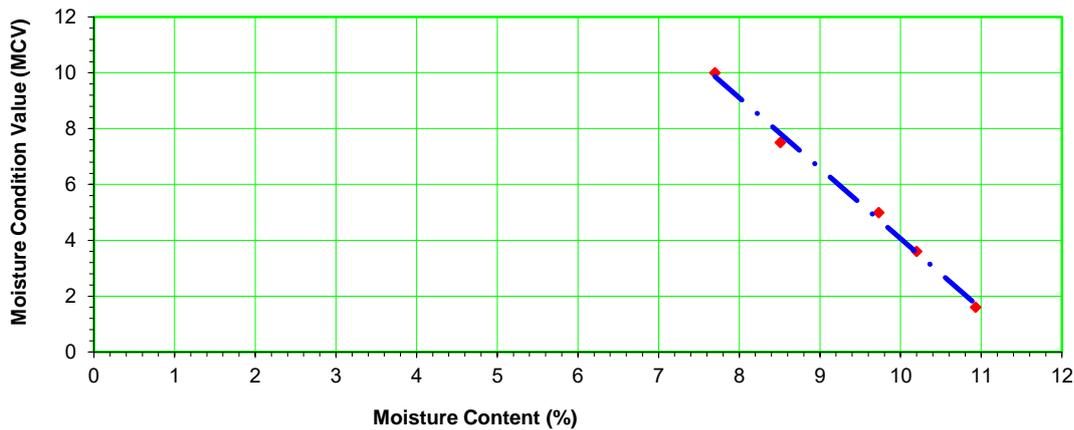
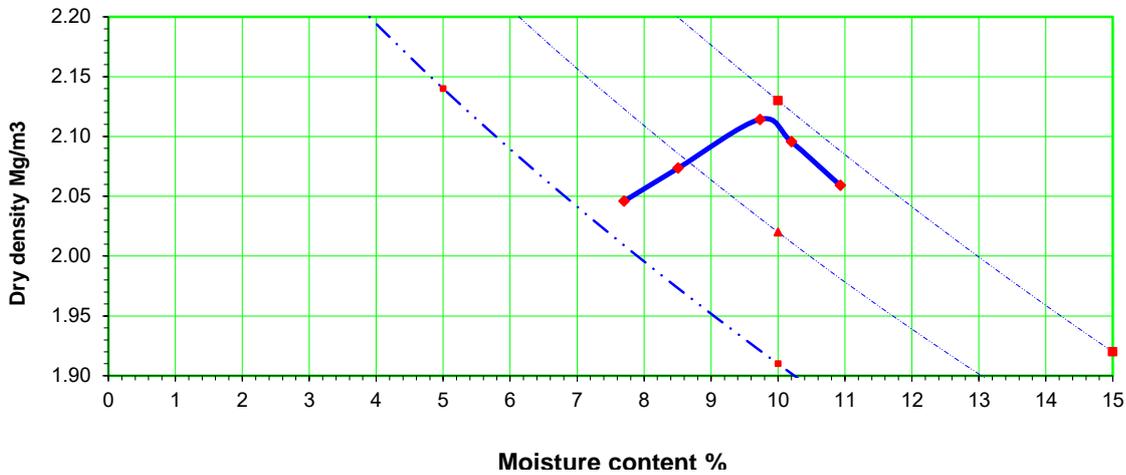
BS 1377: Part 4: 1990 : Clause 3.4

Tested in accordance with BS 1377: Part 4 : 1990.Clause 5.5-Moisture Condition Value

Soil description: **Light grey brown slightly sandy gravelly silty CLAY**

| | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|------------------------|------|
| Optimum Moisture Content | 9.73 % | % Passing 37.5mm Sieve | 84.8 |
| Maximum Dry density | 2.11 Mg/m3 | % Passing 37.5mm Sieve | 72.1 |
| Particle Density -Assumed | 2.70 | | |

| Moisture Content % | Bulk Density Mg/m3 | Dry Density Mg/m3 | MCV |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------|
| 7.70 | 2.22 | 2.05 | 10.00 |
| 8.51 | 2.25 | 2.07 | 7.50 |
| 9.73 | 2.32 | 2.11 | 5.00 |
| 10.20 | 2.32 | 2.10 | 3.60 |
| 10.93 | 2.28 | 2.06 | 1.60 |



| | | |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| NM TL Ltd | Project: Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit | Job No: NMTL3723 |
| | GII Project ID:13521-01-24 | Trial Pit No. TP02 |
| Operator: Dk | Checked: Nc | Sample No. B |
| Approved: Bc | 27/03/2024 | Depth: 2.40m |

Determination of dry density / moisture content relationship

BS 1377: Part 4: 1990 : Clause 3.4

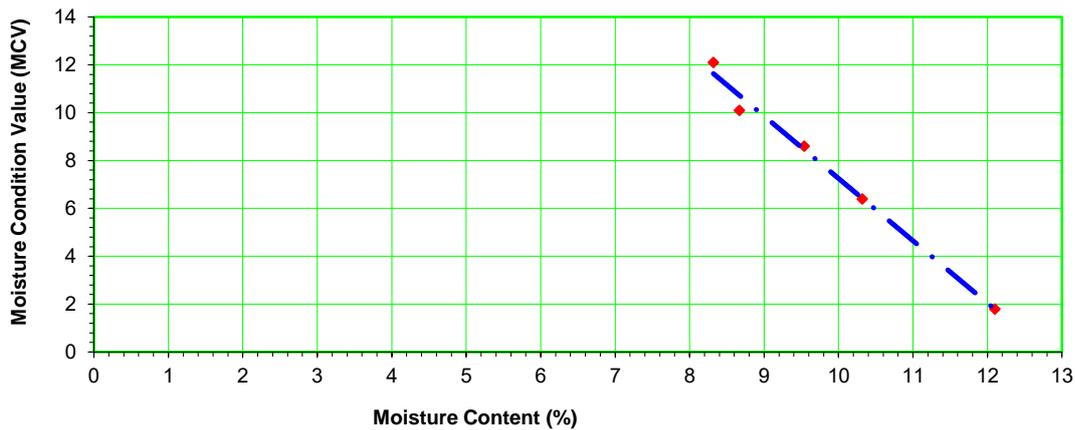
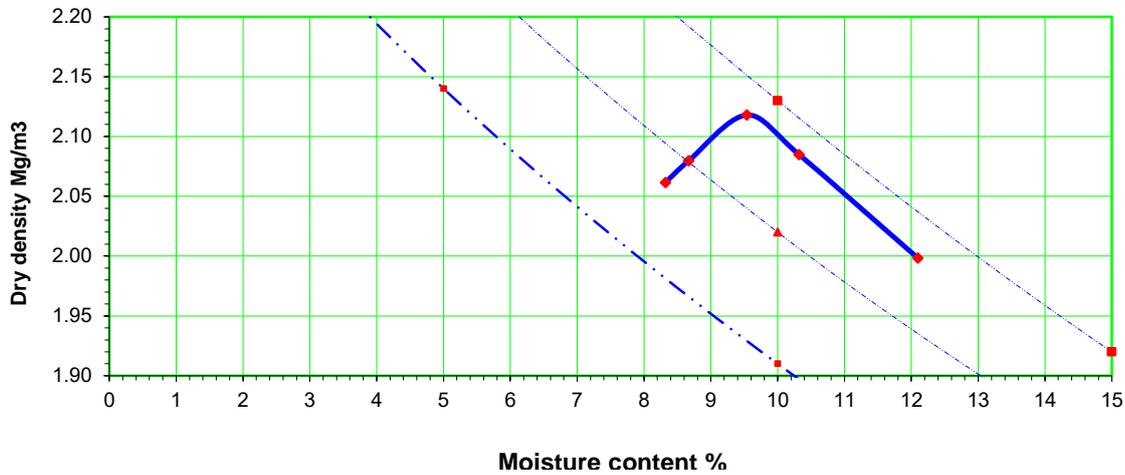
Tested in accordance with BS 1377: Part 4 : 1990.Clause 5.5-Moisture Condition Value

Soil description: **Light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY**

| | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------|
| Optimum Moisture Content | 9.54 % | % Passing 37.5mm Sieve | 89.7 |
| Maximum Dry density | 2.12 Mg/m ³ | % Passing 37.5mm Sieve | 77.8 |
| Particle Density -Assumed | 2.70 | | |

| Moisture Content % | Bulk Density Mg/m ³ | Dry Density Mg/m ³ | MCV |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| 8.32 | 2.23 | 2.06 | 12.10 |
| 8.67 | 2.26 | 2.08 | 10.10 |
| 9.54 | 2.32 | 2.12 | 8.60 |
| 10.32 | 2.30 | 2.08 | 6.40 |
| 12.10 | 2.24 | 2.00 | 1.80 |

At natural moisture.



| | | |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| NM TL Ltd | Project: Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit | Job No: NMTL3723 |
| | GII Project ID:13521-01-24 | Trial Pit No. TP04 |
| Operator: Dk | Checked: Nc | Sample No. B |
| Approved: Bc | 27/03/2024 | Depth: 2.20m |

Determination of dry density / moisture content relationship

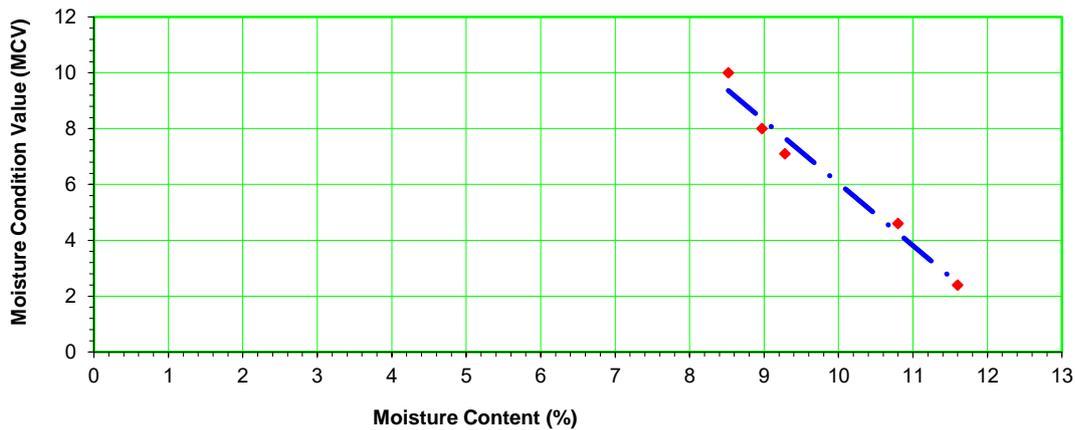
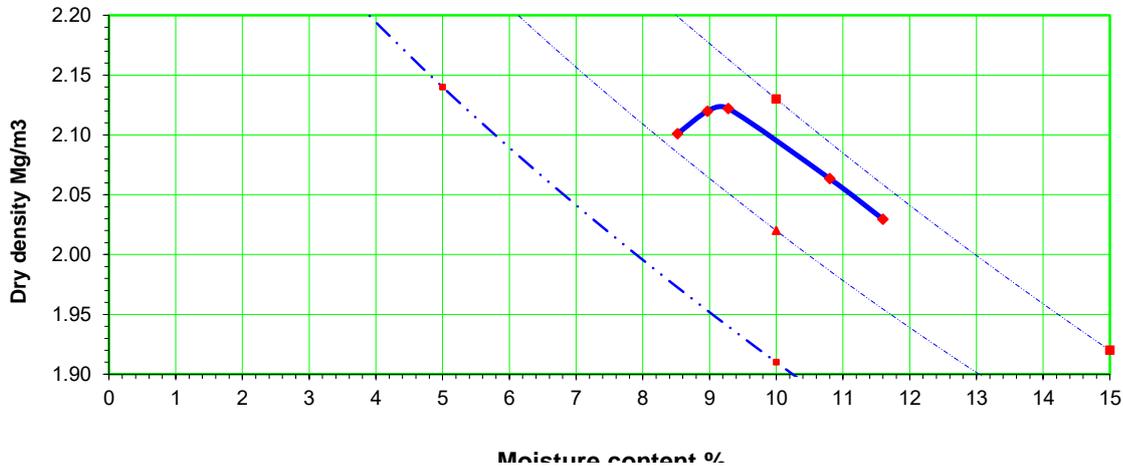
BS 1377: Part 4: 1990 : Clause 3.4

Tested in accordance with BS 1377: Part 4 : 1990.Clause 5.5-Moisture Condition Value

Soil description: **Light grey/brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY**

| | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|------------------------|------|
| Optimum Moisture Content | 9.28 % | % Passing 37.5mm Sieve | 90.8 |
| Maximum Dry density | 2.12 Mg/m3 | % Passing 37.5mm Sieve | 83.6 |
| Particle Density -Assumed | 2.70 | | |

| Moisture Content % | Bulk Density Mg/m3 | Dry Density Mg/m3 | MCV |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------|
| 8.52 | 2.28 | 2.10 | 10.00 |
| 8.97 | 2.31 | 2.12 | 8.00 |
| 9.28 | 2.32 | 2.12 | 7.10 |
| 10.80 | 2.29 | 2.06 | 4.60 |
| 11.60 | 2.27 | 2.03 | 2.40 |



| | | |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| NM TL Ltd | Project: Galway Racecourse, Ballybrit | Job No: NMTL3723 |
| | GII Project ID:13521-01-24 | Trial Pit No. TP05 |
| Operator: Dk | Checked: Nc | Sample No. B |
| Approved: Bc | 27/03/2024 | Depth: 3.60m |

Ground Investigations Ireland
Catherinstown House
Hazelhatch Road
Newcastle
Co. Dublin
Ireland
D22 K5P8



4225



Attention : Stephen Kealy
Date : 12th March, 2024
Your reference : 13521-01-24
Our reference : Test Report 24/3391 Batch 1
Location : Galway Racecourse Ballybrit
Date samples received : 27th February, 2024
Status : Final Report
Issue : 202403121508

Nine samples were received for analysis on 27th February, 2024 of which eight were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.

All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

The greenhouse gas emissions generated (in Carbon – Co2e) to obtain the results in this report are estimated as:

Scope 1&2 emissions - 23.313 kg of CO2

Scope 1&2&3 emissions - 55.094 kg of CO2

Authorised By:



Liza Klebe

Project Co-ordinator

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 24/3391

SOILS and ASH

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary. Asbestos samples are retained for 6 months.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C. Ash samples are dried at 37°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCl (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overestimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

STACK EMISSIONS

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation for Dioxins and Furans and Dioxin like PCBs has been performed on XAD-2 Resin, only samples which use this resin will be within our MCERTS scope.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a requirement of our Accreditation Body for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation.

Laboratory records are kept for a period of no less than 6 years.

REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

Customer Provided Information

Sample ID and depth is information provided by the customer.

Age of Diesel

The age of release estimation is based on the nC17/pristane ratio only as prescribed by Christensen and Larsen (1993) and Kaplan, Galperin, Alimi et al., (1996).

Age estimation should be treated with caution as it can be influenced by site specific factors of which the laboratory are not aware.

ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED

| | |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| # | ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK. |
| SA | ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa |
| B | Indicates analyte found in associated method blank. |
| DR | Dilution required. |
| M | MCERTS accredited. |
| NA | Not applicable |
| NAD | No Asbestos Detected. |
| ND | None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs). |
| NDP | No Determination Possible |
| SS | Calibrated against a single substance |
| SV | Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect. |
| W | Results expressed on as received basis. |
| + | AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page. |
| >> | Results above quantitative calibration range. The result should be considered the minimum value and is indicative only. The actual result could be significantly higher. |
| * | Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory. |
| AD | Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C |
| CO | Suspected carry over |
| LOD/LOR | Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS |
| ME | Matrix Effect |
| NFD | No Fibres Detected |
| BS | AQC Sample |
| LB | Blank Sample |
| N | Client Sample |
| TB | Trip Blank Sample |
| OC | Outside Calibration Range |

HWOL ACRONYMS AND OPERATORS USED

| | |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HS | Headspace Analysis. |
| EH | Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent. |
| CU | Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel. |
| 1D | GC - Single coil gas chromatography. |
| Total | Aliphatics & Aromatics. |
| AL | Aliphatics only. |
| AR | Aromatics only. |
| 2D | GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography. |
| #1 | EH_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted |
| #2 | EU_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted |
| _ | Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +). |
| + | Operator to indicate cumulative e.g. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total |
| MS | Mass Spectrometry. |

EMT Job No: 24/3391

| Test Method No. | Description | Prep Method No. (if appropriate) | Description | ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS) | MCERTS (UK soils only) | Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD) | Reported on dry weight basis |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| PM4 | Gravimetric measurement of Natural Moisture Content and % Moisture Content at either 35°C or 105°C. Calculation based on ISO 11465:1993(E) and BS1377-2:1990. | PM0 | No preparation is required. | | | AR | |
| TM4 | Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS. | PM8 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM4 | Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS. | PM8 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM5 | Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present. | PM8/PM16 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required/Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM5 | Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present. | PM8/PM16 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required/Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM5/TM36 | please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details | PM8/PM12/PM16 | please refer to PM8/PM16 and PM12 for method details | | | AR | Yes |
| TM5/TM36 | please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details | PM8/PM12/PM16 | please refer to PM8/PM16 and PM12 for method details | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM17 | Modified US EPA method 8270D v5:2014. Determination of specific Polychlorinated Biphenyl congeners by GC-MS. | PM8 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM20 | Modified BS 1377-3:1990/USEPA 160.1/3 (TDS/TS: 1971) Gravimetric determination of Total Dissolved Solids/Total Solids | PM0 | No preparation is required. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM21 | Modified BS 7755-3:1995, ISO10694:1995 Determination of Total Organic Carbon or Total Carbon by combustion in an Eltra TOC furnace/analyser in the presence of oxygen. The CO2 generated is quantified using infra-red detection. Organic Matter (SOM) calculated as per EA MCERTS Chemical Testing of Soil, March 2012 v4. | PM24 | Preparation of Soil and Marine Sediment Samples for Total Organic Carbon. | Yes | | AD | Yes |

EMT Job No: 24/3391

| Test Method No. | Description | Prep Method No. (if appropriate) | Description | ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS) | MCERTS (UK soils only) | Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD) | Reported on dry weight basis |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| TM22 | Modified BS1377-3:1990 Gravimetric determination of Loss on Ignition by temperature controlled Muffle Furnace (35C-440C). On request modified ASTM D2974-00 LOI (105C-440C) | PM0 | No preparation is required. | Yes | | AD | Yes |
| TM26 | Determination of phenols by Reversed Phased High Performance Liquid Chromatography and Electro-Chemical Detection. | PM0 | No preparation is required. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM30 | Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometry); WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996 | PM15 | Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground. | | | AD | Yes |
| TM30 | Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometry); WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996 | PM15 | Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground. | Yes | | AD | Yes |
| TM36 | Modified US EPA method 8015B v2:1996. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GCFID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results will be re-run using GC-MS to double check, when requested. | PM12 | Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM36 | Modified US EPA method 8015B v2:1996. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GCFID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results will be re-run using GC-MS to double check, when requested. | PM12 | Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM38 | Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) – All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013 | PM0 | No preparation is required. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM38 | Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) – All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013 | PM20 | Extraction of dried and ground or as received samples with deionised water in a 2:1 water to solid ratio using a reciprocal shaker for all analytes except hexavalent chromium. Extraction of as received sample using 10:1 ratio of 0.2M sodium hydroxide to soil for hexavalent chromium using a reciprocal shaker. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM60 | TC/TOC analysis of Waters by High Temperature Combustion followed by NDIR detection. Based on the following modified standard methods: USEPA 9060A (2002), APHA SMEWW 5310B:1999 22nd Edition, ASTM D 7573, and USEPA 415.1. | PM0 | No preparation is required. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM73 | Modified US EPA methods 150.1 (1982) and 9045D Rev. 4 - 2004) and BS1377-3:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser. | PM11 | Extraction of as received solid samples using one part solid to 2.5 parts deionised water. | Yes | | AR | No |

EMT Job No: 24/3391

| Test Method No. | Description | Prep Method No. (if appropriate) | Description | ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS) | MCERTS (UK soils only) | Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD) | Reported on dry weight basis |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| TM170 | Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-MS (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Mass Spectrometry): Modified USEPA Method 200.8, Rev. 5.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6020A, Rev.1, Feb 2007; Modified BS EN ISO 17294-2:2016 | PM14 | Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM173 | Analysis of fluoride by ISE (Ion Selective Electrode) using modified ISE method 9214 - 340.2 (EPA 1998) | PM0 | No preparation is required. | | | AR | Yes |
| NONE | No Method Code | NONE | No Method Code | | | AD | Yes |
| NONE | No Method Code | PM17 | Modified method BS EN12457-2:2002 As received solid samples are leached with water in a 10:1 water to soil ratio for 24 hours, the moisture content of the sample is included in the ratio. | | | | |
| NONE | No Method Code | PM4 | Gravimetric measurement of Natural Moisture Content and % Moisture Content at either 35°C or 105°C. Calculation based on ISO 11465:1993(E) and BS1377-2:1990. | | | AR | |
| Subcontracted | See attached subcontractor report for accreditation status and provider. | | | | | AR | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Ground Investigations Ireland
Catherinstown House
Hazelhatch Road
Newcastle
Co. Dublin
Ireland
D22 K5P8



4225



Attention : Stephen Kealy
Date : 12th March, 2024
Your reference : 13521-01-24
Our reference : Test Report 24/3391 Batch 2
Location : Galway Racecourse Ballybrit
Date samples received : 28th February, 2024
Status : Final Report
Issue : 202403121510

Thirty samples were received for analysis on 28th February, 2024 of which sixteen were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.

All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

The greenhouse gas emissions generated (in Carbon – Co2e) to obtain the results in this report are estimated as:

Scope 1&2 emissions - 72.979 kg of CO2

Scope 1&2&3 emissions - 172.469 kg of CO2

Authorised By:



Liza Klebe

Project Co-ordinator

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland
Reference: 13521-01-24
Location: Galway Racecourse Ballybrit
Contact: Stephen Kealy
EMT Job No: 24/3391

Report : Solid

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

| EMT Sample No. | 84-87 | 88-91 | 92-95 | 96-99 | 100-103 | 104-107 | 108-111 | 112-115 | 116-119 | 120-123 | Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------------|
| Sample ID | TP07 | TP07 | TP07 | TP08 | TP08 | TP08 | TP09 | TP09 | TP09 | TP10 | | | |
| Depth | 0.50 | 1.50 | 2.50 | 0.45 | 1.40 | 2.30 | 0.25 | 1.50 | 2.90 | 0.30 | | | |
| COC No / misc | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Containers | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | | | |
| Sample Date | 26/02/2024 | 26/02/2024 | 26/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 26/02/2024 | | | |
| Sample Type | Soil | | | |
| Batch Number | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | |
| Date of Receipt | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | LOD/LOR | Units | Method No. |
| Antimony | 1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Arsenic # | 5.7 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 4.9 | <0.5 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Barium # | 40 | 25 | 21 | 15 | 21 | 14 | 23 | 22 | 18 | 36 | <1 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Cadmium # | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.8 | <0.1 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Chromium # | 27.0 | 10.8 | 9.2 | 14.5 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 12.4 | 9.4 | 8.3 | 18.9 | <0.5 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Copper # | 13 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 11 | <1 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Lead # | 22 | 5 | <5 | 6 | <5 | <5 | 6 | <5 | <5 | 16 | <5 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Mercury # | 0.2 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | 0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Molybdenum # | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.7 | <0.1 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Nickel # | 22.2 | 10.8 | 8.1 | 9.0 | 7.3 | 5.5 | 10.9 | 9.6 | 6.7 | 18.7 | <0.7 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Selenium # | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | <1 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| Zinc # | 44 | 20 | 18 | 31 | 14 | 10 | 21 | 17 | 13 | 41 | <5 | mg/kg | TM30/PM15 |
| PAH MS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Naphthalene # | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Acenaphthylene | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Acenaphthene # | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Fluorene # | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Phenanthrene # | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Anthracene # | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Fluoranthene # | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Pyrene # | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Benzo(a)anthracene # | <0.06 | <0.06 | <0.06 | <0.06 | <0.06 | <0.06 | <0.06 | <0.06 | <0.06 | <0.06 | <0.06 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Chrysene # | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Benzo(bk)fluoranthene # | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene # | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Indeno(123cd)pyrene # | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Dibenzo(ah)anthracene # | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Benzo(ghi)perylene # | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Coronene | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | <0.04 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| PAH 17 Total | <0.64 | <0.64 | <0.64 | <0.64 | <0.64 | <0.64 | <0.64 | <0.64 | <0.64 | <0.64 | <0.64 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | mg/kg | TM4/PM8 |
| PAH Surrogate % Recovery | 101 | 83 | 86 | 99 | 92 | 93 | 95 | 99 | 94 | 101 | <0 | % | TM4/PM8 |
| Mineral Oil (C10-C40) (EH_CU_1D_AL) | <30 | <30 | <30 | <30 | <30 | <30 | <30 | <30 | <30 | <30 | <30 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16 |

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland
Reference: 13521-01-24
Location: Galway Racecourse Ballybrit
Contact: Stephen Kealy
EMT Job No: 24/3391

Report : Solid

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

| EMT Sample No. | 84-87 | 88-91 | 92-95 | 96-99 | 100-103 | 104-107 | 108-111 | 112-115 | 116-119 | 120-123 | Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | TP07 | TP07 | TP07 | TP08 | TP08 | TP08 | TP09 | TP09 | TP09 | TP10 | | | |
| Depth | 0.50 | 1.50 | 2.50 | 0.45 | 1.40 | 2.30 | 0.25 | 1.50 | 2.90 | 0.30 | | | |
| COC No / misc | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Containers | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | | | |
| Sample Date | 26/02/2024 | 26/02/2024 | 26/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 26/02/2024 | | | |
| Sample Type | Soil | | | |
| Batch Number | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | |
| Date of Receipt | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | LOD/LOR | Units | Method No. |
| TPH CWG | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aliphatics | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| >C5-C6 (HS_1D_AL) # | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | mg/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| >C6-C8 (HS_1D_AL) # | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | mg/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| >C8-C10 (HS_1D_AL) | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | mg/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| >C10-C12 (EH_CU_1D_AL) # | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16 |
| >C12-C16 (EH_CU_1D_AL) # | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16 |
| >C16-C21 (EH_CU_1D_AL) # | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16 |
| >C21-C35 (EH_CU_1D_AL) # | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16 |
| Total aliphatics C5-35 (EH_CU+HS_1D_AL) | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16/PM12/PM18 |
| Aromatics | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| >C5-EC7 (HS_1D_AR) # | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | mg/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| >EC7-EC8 (HS_1D_AR) # | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | mg/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| >EC8-EC10 (HS_1D_AR) # | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | <0.1 | mg/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| >EC10-EC12 (EH_CU_1D_AR) # | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16 |
| >EC12-EC16 (EH_CU_1D_AR) # | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | <4 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16 |
| >EC16-EC21 (EH_CU_1D_AR) # | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16 |
| >EC21-EC35 (EH_CU_1D_AR) # | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | <7 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16 |
| Total aromatics C5-35 (EH_CU+HS_1D_AR) # | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | <19 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16/PM12/PM18 |
| Total aliphatics and aromatics (C5-35) (EH_CU+HS_1D_Total) | <38 | <38 | <38 | <38 | <38 | <38 | <38 | <38 | <38 | <38 | <38 | mg/kg | TM5/PM8/PM16/PM12/PM18 |
| MTBE # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| Benzene # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| Toluene # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| Ethylbenzene # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| m/p-Xylene # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| o-Xylene # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM36/PM12 |
| PCB 28 # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM17/PM8 |
| PCB 52 # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM17/PM8 |
| PCB 101 # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM17/PM8 |
| PCB 118 # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM17/PM8 |
| PCB 138 # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM17/PM8 |
| PCB 153 # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM17/PM8 |
| PCB 180 # | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | <5 | ug/kg | TM17/PM8 |
| Total 7 PCBs # | <35 | <35 | <35 | <35 | <35 | <35 | <35 | <35 | <35 | <35 | <35 | ug/kg | TM17/PM8 |
| Natural Moisture Content | 24.9 | 10.3 | 9.0 | 12.9 | 9.3 | 6.4 | 9.7 | 11.5 | 9.1 | 19.1 | <0.1 | % | PM4/PM0 |
| Hexavalent Chromium # | <0.3 | <0.3 | <0.3 | <0.3 | <0.3 | <0.3 | <0.3 | <0.3 | <0.3 | <0.3 | <0.3 | mg/kg | TM38/PM20 |
| Chromium III | 27.0 | 10.8 | 9.2 | 14.5 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 12.4 | 9.4 | 8.3 | 18.9 | <0.5 | mg/kg | NONE/NONE |
| Total Cyanide # | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | mg/kg | TM89/PM45 |

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland
Reference: 13521-01-24
Location: Galway Racecourse Ballybrit
Contact: Stephen Kealy
EMT Job No: 24/3391

Report : CEN 10:1 1 Batch

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

| EMT Sample No. | 84-87 | 88-91 | 92-95 | 96-99 | 100-103 | 104-107 | 108-111 | 112-115 | 116-119 | 120-123 | Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms | | |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------|
| Sample ID | TP07 | TP07 | TP07 | TP08 | TP08 | TP08 | TP09 | TP09 | TP09 | TP10 | | | |
| Depth | 0.50 | 1.50 | 2.50 | 0.45 | 1.40 | 2.30 | 0.25 | 1.50 | 2.90 | 0.30 | | | |
| COC No / misc | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Containers | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | V J T | | | |
| Sample Date | 26/02/2024 | 26/02/2024 | 26/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 23/02/2024 | 26/02/2024 | | | |
| Sample Type | Soil | | | |
| Batch Number | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | |
| Date of Receipt | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | 28/02/2024 | LOD/LOR | Units | Method No. |
| Dissolved Antimony (A10) # | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Arsenic (A10) # | <0.025 | <0.025 | <0.025 | <0.025 | <0.025 | <0.025 | <0.025 | <0.025 | <0.025 | <0.025 | <0.025 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Barium (A10) # | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Cadmium (A10) # | <0.005 | <0.005 | <0.005 | <0.005 | <0.005 | <0.005 | <0.005 | <0.005 | <0.005 | <0.005 | <0.005 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Chromium (A10) # | <0.015 | <0.015 | <0.015 | <0.015 | <0.015 | <0.015 | <0.015 | <0.015 | <0.015 | <0.015 | <0.015 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Copper (A10) # | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | <0.07 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Lead (A10) # | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | <0.05 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Mercury (A10) # | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Molybdenum (A10) # | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Nickel (A10) # | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | <0.02 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Selenium (A10) # | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Dissolved Zinc (A10) # | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | <0.03 | mg/kg | TM170/PM14 |
| Total Phenols HPLC | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | <0.5 | mg/kg | TM26/PM0 |
| Fluoride | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | <3 | mg/kg | TM173/PM0 |
| Sulphate as SO4 # | <5 | <5 | <5 | 18 | 16 | <5 | <5 | 15 | 17 | 84 | <5 | mg/kg | TM38/PM0 |
| Mass of raw test portion | 0.1115 | 0.1013 | 0.1149 | 0.107 | 0.1006 | 0.0989 | 0.1024 | 0.1 | 0.0984 | 0.1082 | | kg | NONE/PM17 |
| Chloride # | 3 | <3 | <3 | 4 | 3 | <3 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 5 | <3 | mg/kg | TM38/PM0 |
| Mass of dried test portion | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | | kg | NONE/PM17 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | 2 | <2 | <2 | <2 | <2 | <2 | 3 | <2 | <2 | 3 | <2 | mg/l | TM60/PM0 |
| Dissolved Organic Carbon | 20 | <20 | <20 | <20 | <20 | <20 | 30 | <20 | <20 | 30 | <20 | mg/kg | TM60/PM0 |
| Total Dissolved Solids # | <350 | <350 | <350 | 450 | <350 | <350 | 610 | <350 | <350 | 890 | <350 | mg/kg | TM20/PM0 |

NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 24/3391

SOILS and ASH

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary. Asbestos samples are retained for 6 months.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C. Ash samples are dried at 37°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCl (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overestimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

STACK EMISSIONS

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation for Dioxins and Furans and Dioxin like PCBs has been performed on XAD-2 Resin, only samples which use this resin will be within our MCERTS scope.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a requirement of our Accreditation Body for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation.

Laboratory records are kept for a period of no less than 6 years.

REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

Customer Provided Information

Sample ID and depth is information provided by the customer.

Age of Diesel

The age of release estimation is based on the nC17/pristane ratio only as prescribed by Christensen and Larsen (1993) and Kaplan, Galperin, Alimi et al., (1996).

Age estimation should be treated with caution as it can be influenced by site specific factors of which the laboratory are not aware.

ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED

| | |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| # | ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK. |
| SA | ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa |
| B | Indicates analyte found in associated method blank. |
| DR | Dilution required. |
| M | MCERTS accredited. |
| NA | Not applicable |
| NAD | No Asbestos Detected. |
| ND | None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs). |
| NDP | No Determination Possible |
| SS | Calibrated against a single substance |
| SV | Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect. |
| W | Results expressed on as received basis. |
| + | AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page. |
| >> | Results above quantitative calibration range. The result should be considered the minimum value and is indicative only. The actual result could be significantly higher. |
| * | Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory. |
| AD | Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C |
| CO | Suspected carry over |
| LOD/LOR | Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS |
| ME | Matrix Effect |
| NFD | No Fibres Detected |
| BS | AQC Sample |
| LB | Blank Sample |
| N | Client Sample |
| TB | Trip Blank Sample |
| OC | Outside Calibration Range |

HWOL ACRONYMS AND OPERATORS USED

| | |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HS | Headspace Analysis. |
| EH | Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent. |
| CU | Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel. |
| 1D | GC - Single coil gas chromatography. |
| Total | Aliphatics & Aromatics. |
| AL | Aliphatics only. |
| AR | Aromatics only. |
| 2D | GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography. |
| #1 | EH_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted |
| #2 | EU_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted |
| _ | Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +). |
| + | Operator to indicate cumulative e.g. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total |
| MS | Mass Spectrometry. |

EMT Job No: 24/3391

| Test Method No. | Description | Prep Method No. (if appropriate) | Description | ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS) | MCERTS (UK soils only) | Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD) | Reported on dry weight basis |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| PM4 | Gravimetric measurement of Natural Moisture Content and % Moisture Content at either 35°C or 105°C. Calculation based on ISO 11465:1993(E) and BS1377-2:1990. | PM0 | No preparation is required. | | | AR | |
| TM4 | Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS. | PM8 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM4 | Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS. | PM8 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM5 | Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present. | PM8/PM16 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required/Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM5 | Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present. | PM8/PM16 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required/Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM5/TM36 | please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details | PM8/PM12/PM16 | please refer to PM8/PM16 and PM12 for method details | | | AR | Yes |
| TM5/TM36 | please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details | PM8/PM12/PM16 | please refer to PM8/PM16 and PM12 for method details | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM17 | Modified US EPA method 8270D v5:2014. Determination of specific Polychlorinated Biphenyl congeners by GC-MS. | PM8 | End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM20 | Modified BS 1377-3:1990/USEPA 160.1/3 (TDS/TS: 1971) Gravimetric determination of Total Dissolved Solids/Total Solids | PM0 | No preparation is required. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM21 | Modified BS 7755-3:1995, ISO10694:1995 Determination of Total Organic Carbon or Total Carbon by combustion in an Eltra TOC furnace/analyser in the presence of oxygen. The CO2 generated is quantified using infra-red detection. Organic Matter (SOM) calculated as per EA MCERTS Chemical Testing of Soil, March 2012 v4. | PM24 | Preparation of Soil and Marine Sediment Samples for Total Organic Carbon. | Yes | | AD | Yes |

EMT Job No: 24/3391

| Test Method No. | Description | Prep Method No. (if appropriate) | Description | ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS) | MCERTS (UK soils only) | Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD) | Reported on dry weight basis |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| TM22 | Modified BS1377-3:1990 Gravimetric determination of Loss on Ignition by temperature controlled Muffle Furnace (35C-440C). On request modified ASTM D2974-00 LOI (105C-440C) | PM0 | No preparation is required. | Yes | | AD | Yes |
| TM26 | Determination of phenols by Reversed Phased High Performance Liquid Chromatography and Electro-Chemical Detection. | PM0 | No preparation is required. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM30 | Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometry); WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996 | PM15 | Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground. | | | AD | Yes |
| TM30 | Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometry); WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996 | PM15 | Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground. | Yes | | AD | Yes |
| TM36 | Modified US EPA method 8015B v2:1996. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GCFID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results will be re-run using GC-MS to double check, when requested. | PM12 | Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM36 | Modified US EPA method 8015B v2:1996. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GCFID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results will be re-run using GC-MS to double check, when requested. | PM12 | Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM38 | Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) – All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013 | PM0 | No preparation is required. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM38 | Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) – All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013 | PM20 | Extraction of dried and ground or as received samples with deionised water in a 2:1 water to solid ratio using a reciprocal shaker for all analytes except hexavalent chromium. Extraction of as received sample using 10:1 ratio of 0.2M sodium hydroxide to soil for hexavalent chromium using a reciprocal shaker. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM60 | TC/TOC analysis of Waters by High Temperature Combustion followed by NDIR detection. Based on the following modified standard methods: USEPA 9060A (2002), APHA SMEWW 5310B:1999 22nd Edition, ASTM D 7573, and USEPA 415.1. | PM0 | No preparation is required. | | | AR | Yes |
| TM73 | Modified US EPA methods 150.1 (1982) and 9045D Rev. 4 - 2004) and BS1377-3:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser. | PM11 | Extraction of as received solid samples using one part solid to 2.5 parts deionised water. | Yes | | AR | No |

EMT Job No: 24/3391

| Test Method No. | Description | Prep Method No. (if appropriate) | Description | ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS) | MCERTS (UK soils only) | Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD) | Reported on dry weight basis |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| TM89 | Modified USEPA method OIA-1667 (1999). Determination of cyanide by Flow Injection Analyser. Where WAD cyanides are required a Ligand displacement step is carried out before analysis. | PM45 | As received solid samples are extracted with 1M NaOH by orbital shaker for Cyanide, Sulphide and Thiocyanate analysis. | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM170 | Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-MS (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Mass Spectrometry): Modified USEPA Method 200.8, Rev. 5.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6020A, Rev.1, Feb 2007; Modified BS EN ISO 17294-2:2016 | PM14 | Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified | Yes | | AR | Yes |
| TM173 | Analysis of fluoride by ISE (Ion Selective Electrode) using modified ISE method 9214 - 340.2 (EPA 1998) | PM0 | No preparation is required. | | | AR | Yes |
| NONE | No Method Code | NONE | No Method Code | | | AD | Yes |
| NONE | No Method Code | PM17 | Modified method BS EN12457-2:2002 As received solid samples are leached with water in a 10:1 water to soil ratio for 24 hours, the moisture content of the sample is included in the ratio. | | | | |
| NONE | No Method Code | PM4 | Gravimetric measurement of Natural Moisture Content and % Moisture Content at either 35°C or 105°C. Calculation based on ISO 11465:1993(E) and BS1377-2:1990. | | | AR | |
| Subcontracted | See attached subcontractor report for accreditation status and provider. | | | | | AR | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

APPENDIX 6 – Groundwater Monitoring





| | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Installation Type | Dimensions | | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location 533635 E 727902 N | Ground Level (mOD) 51.78 | | |

| Legend | Water | Instr (A) | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) | Description | Groundwater Strikes During Drilling | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | Date | Time | Depth Struck (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Inflow Rate | Readings | | | | Depth Sealed (m) | |
| | | | | | | Groundwater Observations During Drilling | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Date | Start of Shift | | | | | End of Shift | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Time | Depth Hole (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Water Level (mOD) | Time | Depth Hole (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Water Level (mOD) |
| Cement/Bentonite Grout | | | | | | Groundwater Observations During Drilling | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Start of Shift | | | | |
| | | | | | | Date | Time | Depth Hole (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Water Level (mOD) | Time | Depth Hole (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Water Level (mOD) |
| | | | 50.28 | 1.50 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Instrument Groundwater Observations | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Inst. [A] Type : | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Date | Instrument [A] | | | Remarks | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Time | Depth (m) | Level (mOD) | | | | | | | |
| Slotted Standpipe | | | | | | 18/04/24 | 09:00 | 2.84 | 48.94 | | | | | | | |
| Cement/Bentonite Grout | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 47.78 | 4.00 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 47.48 | 4.30 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Remarks



| | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Installation Type | Dimensions | | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location 533737 E 727890 N | Ground Level (mOD) 50.06 | | |

| Legend | Water | Instr (A) | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) | Description | Groundwater Strikes During Drilling | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | Date | Time | Depth Struck (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Inflow Rate | Readings | | | | Depth Sealed (m) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cement/Bentonite Grout | | | | | | Groundwater Observations During Drilling | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Date | Start of Shift | | | | | End of Shift | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Time | Depth Hole (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Water Level (mOD) | Time | Depth Hole (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Water Level (mOD) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 49.06 | 1.00 | | Instrument Groundwater Observations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Inst. [A] Type : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Date | Instrument [A] | | | Remarks | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Time | Depth (m) | Level (mOD) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 18/04/24 | 09:52 | 1.13 | 48.93 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 48.06 | 2.00 | | Slotted Standpipe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Remarks



| | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Installation Type | Dimensions | | Client Galway County Council | Job Number 13521-01-24 |
| | Location 533700 E 727811 N | Ground Level (mOD) 47.71 | | |

| Legend | Water | Instr (A) | Level (mOD) | Depth (m) | Description | Groundwater Strikes During Drilling | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | Date | Time | Depth Struck (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Inflow Rate | Readings | | | | Depth Sealed (m) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Groundwater Observations During Drilling | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Date | Start of Shift | | | | | End of Shift | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Time | Depth Hole (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Water Level (mOD) | Time | Depth Hole (m) | Casing Depth (m) | Water Depth (m) | Water Level (mOD) | | | | | | | | |
| Cement/Bentonite Grout | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Slotted Standpipe | | | | | | 18/04/24 | 10:56 | 2.51 | 45.20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cement/Bentonite Grout | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Remarks